CARSON CITY CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPALITY NOTICE OF MEETING OF THE CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE

Day: Tuesday

Date: February 11, 2014 **Time:** Beginning at 3:00 p.m.

Location: Community Center, Sierra Room

851 East William Street Carson City, Nevada

Agenda

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Roll Call
- 3. Public Comments and Discussion:

The public is invited at this time to comment on and discuss any topic that is relevant to, or within the authority of, the Carson City Audit Committee. In order for members of the public to participate in the Committee's consideration of an agenda item, the Committee strongly encourages members of the public to comment on an agenda item during the item itself. No action may be taken on a matter raised under public comment unless the item has been specifically included on the agenda as an item upon which action may be taken.

- 4. For Possible Action: Approval of Minutes October 8, 2013 and December 3, 2013
- 5. For Possible Action: Adoption of Agenda
- 6. Presentation, discussion of audit results prepared by Kafoury Armstrong and Co. for the year ending June 30, 2013.

Summary: Kafoury Armstrong has been appointed by the Board of Supervisors to provide external audit services to Carson City as required by NRS 354.624. Representatives from Kafoury Armstrong will be presenting their findings to the audit committee. The Board of Supervisors accepted the report on December 19, 2013 and DRAFT findings were presented to the Audit Committee on December 3, 2013.

- 7. Discussion and Presentation of status updates by Moss Adams of the Fraud Waste and Abuse (FWA) Program (including the Hotline Program), and Performance Metrics Development Study.
 - Summary: Members of Moss Adams will be discussing and providing updates on the status of internal audits, including an update on the Hotline Program, that they are currently working on.
- 8. For Possible Action: Discussion and possible action regarding monitoring of the Audit Findings Response Tracking Report and possible direction to the internal auditor to report and discuss the monitoring with the Board of Supervisors.

Summary: Representatives from Moss Adams and city staff will discuss Audit Findings Monitoring.

9. For Possible Action: Discussion and possible action regarding the presentation, discussion and possible recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on the Fleet Management Utilization Study as provided by Moss Adams.

Summary: The Board of Supervisors approved the Fleet Management Utilization Study at their July 18, 2013 Board meeting. Moss Adams will present a draft of the study to the Audit Committee for discussion and possible recommendations to the Board of Supervisors.

- 10. For Possible Action: To schedule the next meeting of the Carson City Audit Committee.
- 11. **Public Comment** - The public is invited at this time to comment on any matter that is not specifically included on the agenda as an action item. No action may be taken on a matter raised under this item of the agenda.
- 12. For Possible Action: To Adjourn

Agenda Management Notice - Items on the agenda may be taken out of order; the public body may combine two or more agenda items for consideration; and the public body may remove an item from the agenda or delay

discussion relating to an item on the agenda at any time.

Titles of agenda items are intended to identify specific matters. If you desire detailed information concerning any subject matter itemized within this agenda, you are encouraged to call the responsible agency or the City Manager's Office. You are encouraged to attend this meeting and participate by commenting on any agendized

Notice to persons with disabilities: Members of the public who are disabled and require special assistance or accommodations at the meeting are requested to notify the City Manager's Office in writing at 201 North Carson Street, Carson City, NV, 89701, or by calling (775) 887-2100 at least 24 hours in advance.

This meeting can be viewed on Channel 226. For specific dates and times - www.bactv.org.

To request a copy of the supporting materials for this meeting contact

Rachael Porcari at <u>rporcari@carson.org</u> or call (775) 887-2100.

This agenda and backup information are available on the City's website at www.carson.org, and at the City Manager's Office - City Hall, 201 N. Carson Street, Ste 2, (775) 887-2100.

This notice has been posted at the following locations: Community Center 851 East William Street Public Safety Complex 885 East Musser Street City Hall 201 North Carson Street Carson City Library 900 North Roop Street Business Resource & Innovation Center (BRIC) 108 East Proctor Street

Date: February 5, 2014

CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE Minutes of the October 8, 2013 Meeting Page 1

DRAFT

A regular meeting of the Carson City Audit Committee was scheduled for 9:30 a.m. on Tuesday, October 8, 2013 in the Community Center Sierra Room, 851 East William Street, Carson City, Nevada.

PRESENT: Chairperson Michael Bertrand

Vice Chairperson William Prowse

Member Kenneth Brown Member John Bullis Member John McKenna

STAFF:

Larry Werner, City Manager

Nickolas Providenti, Finance Department Director Randal Munn, Chief Deputy District Attorney Kathleen King, Deputy Clerk / Recording Secretary

NOTE: A recording of these proceedings, the committee's agenda materials, and any written comments or documentation provided to the recording secretary during the meeting are part of the public record. These materials are available for review, in the Clerk's Office, during regular business hours.

- 1 2. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL (9:30:37) Chairperson Bertrand called the meeting to order at 9:30 a.m. Roll was called; a quorum was present.
- 3. **PUBLIC COMMENTS AND DISCUSSION** (9:30:54) Chairperson Bertrand entertained public comment; however, none was forthcoming.
- 4. POSSIBLE ACTION ON APPROVAL OF MINUTES June 18, 2013 and July 2, 2013 (9:31:28) Chairperson Bertrand entertained a motion to approve both sets of minutes.

RESULT: Approved [5 - 0]

MOVER: Bill Prowse, Vice Chair SECOND: John Bullis, Member

SECOND: John Bullis, Member

AYES: Prowse, Bullis, Brown, McKenna, Bertrand

NAYS: Prowse, Bullis, Brown, McKenna, Bertran

ABSENT: None ABSTAIN: None

5. **POSSIBLE ACTION TO ADOPT THE AGENDA** (9:31:55) - Chairperson Bertrand entertained modifications to the agenda and, when none were forthcoming, a motion to accept it.

RESULT: Approved [5 - 0]

MOVER: Ken Brown, Member SECOND: Bill Prowse, Vice Chair

AYES: Brown, Prowse, Bullis, McKenna, Bertrand

NAYS: None ABSENT: None ABSTAIN: None

CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE Minutes of the October 8, 2013 Meeting Page 2

DRAFT

6. DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION OF STATUS UPDATES BY MOSS-ADAMS, LLP OF THE FRAUD, WASTE, AND ABUSE ("FWA") PROGRAM, FLEET UTILIZATION STUDY, AND PERFORMANCE METRICS DEVELOPMENT STUDY (9:32:14) - Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item. Moss-Adams, LLP Planning and Policy Director Mark Steranka provided an overview of the agenda materials. At his request, Vice Chairperson Prowse discussed his participation in the Fraud, Waste, and Abuse training program provided by Moss-Adams, LLP Fraud Investigator and Forensic Accountant Nancy Young. Mr. Providenti advised that the City entered into a contract with Lighthouse Services, Inc. for the hotline, and of the anticipated November 1, 2013 launch date. Ms. Young will be working with the City's Information Services Department to establish and coordinate the internet link. Ms. Young will also be developing policies and procedures. Mr. Steranka responded to questions of clarification, and discussion ensued.

Mr. Steranka reviewed those portions of the Internal Audit Status Report, included in the agenda materials, relative to the Fleet Utilization Study and the Performance Metrics Development. He responded to questions of clarification. In response to a question, Mr. Providenti advised of no issues with funding the internal audit contract. He responded to additional questions of clarification with regard to the same.

7. DISCUSSION AND POSSIBLE ACTION TO DISCUSS STAFF PROGRESS ON ACTION BEING TAKEN ON PAST RECOMMENDATIONS AND POSSIBLE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS REGARDING SUCH PROGRESS AND POSSIBLE ACCEPTANCE OF THE INTERNAL AUDIT FINDINGS RESPONSE TRACKING REPORT THAT WILL BE USED TO TRACK ALL INTERNAL AUDITS (9:48:12) - Chairperson Bertrand introduced and provided background information on this item. Moss-Adams, LLP Planning and Policy Director Mark Steranka reviewed the agenda materials and responded to questions of clarification. Extensive discussion ensued, and Chairperson Bertrand entertained a motion. Vice Chairperson Prowse moved to recommend to the Board of Supervisors adoption of the internal audit findings response tracking report, as modified, to be used to track all internal audits. Member Brown seconded the motion.

RESULT: Approved [4 - 1]

MOVER: Bill Prowse, Vice Chair SECOND: Ken Brown, Member

AYES: Prowse, Brown, Bullis, Bertrand

NAYS: McKenna

ABSENT: None ABSTAIN: None

In response to a question, Member McKenna advised that he would further discuss the golf course with the Board of Supervisors. Extensive discussion followed.

8. PRESENTATION AND DISCUSSION REGARDING REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS UNDER AU-C SECTION 260 REGARDING THE ANNUAL AUDIT OF CARSON CITY, NEVADA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (10:19:52) - Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item. Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. Engagement Shareholder Dan Carter presented the required communications, and responded to corresponding questions of clarification. Mr. Carter agreed to provide email copies of

CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE Minutes of the October 8, 2013 Meeting Page 3

DRAFT

the subject communication to the committee members and staff. Chairperson Bertrand thanked Mr. Carter for his presentation.

- 9. POSSIBLE ACTION TO APPOINT ONE MEMBER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE TO ACT AS LIAISON TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR (10:33:28) Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item, and entertained volunteers. In response to a question, Mr. Munn advised that the liaison could report back to the committee but that said person would not constitute a subcommittee. Discussion took place regarding the purpose and responsibilities of the liaison, and Chairperson Bertrand called again for volunteers. None were forthcoming and no formal action was taken on this item.
- 10. POSSIBLE ACTION TO SCHEDULE THE NEXT MEETING OF THE CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE (10:39:29) Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item, and suggested scheduling the next meeting in early December. Following a brief discussion, consensus of the committee was to schedule the next meeting for Tuesday, December 10th at 3:00 p.m.
- 11. PUBLIC COMMENT (10:41:02) Chairperson Bertrand noted no other citizens present in the meeting room.
- 12. ACTION TO ADJOURN (10:41:08) Chairperson Bertrand entertained a motion to adjourn. Member Brown moved to adjourn the meeting at 10:41 a.m. Member McKenna seconded the motion. Motion carried 5-0.

The Minutes of the October 8, 2013 C February, 2014.	Carson City Audit Committee are so approved this day of
reducity, 2014.	
	MICHAEL BERTRAND, Chair

CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE Minutes of the December 3, 2013 Meeting Page 1

DRAFT

A regular meeting of the Carson City Audit Committee was scheduled for 3:00 p.m. on Tuesday, December 3, 2013 in the Community Center Sierra Room, 851 East William Street, Carson City, Nevada.

PRESENT: Chairperson Michael Bertrand

Vice Chairperson William Prowse

Member Ken Brown Member John Bullis Member John McKenna

STAFF:

Nick Providenti, Finance Department Director

Darren Schulz, Deputy Public Works Director / City Engineer

Randal Munn, Chief Deputy District Attorney

Tamar Warren, Deputy Clerk / Recording Secretary

NOTE: A recording of these proceedings, the committee's agenda materials, and any written comments or documentation provided to the recording secretary, during the meeting, are part of the public record. These materials are available for review, in the Clerk's Office, during regular business hours.

- 1 2. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL Chairperson Bertrand called the meeting to order at approximately 3:00 p.m. Roll was called; a quorum was present.
- 3. **PUBLIC COMMENTS AND DISCUSSION** Chairperson Bertrand entertained public comment; however, none was forthcoming.
- 4. **POSSIBLE ACTION TO ADOPT THE AGENDA** Chairperson Bertrand entertained a motion to adopt the agenda.

RESULT: Approved [5 - 0]

MOVER: Bill Prowse, Vice Chair

SECOND: Ken Brown, Member

AYES: Prowse, Brown, Bullis, McKenna, Bertrand

NAYS: None ABSENT: None ABSTAIN: None

5. POSSIBLE ACTION ON PRESENTATION, DISCUSSION, AND ACCEPTANCE OF DRAFT AUDIT RESULTS, PREPARED BY KAFOURY, ARMSTRONG & CO. FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2013 - Chairperson Bertrand introduced and provided background information on this item. Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. Engagement Shareholder Dan Carter reviewed the draft audit results and responded to corresponding questions of clarification. Discussion followed. Chairperson Bertrand entertained additional questions or comments and, when none were forthcoming, thanked Mr. Carter for his presentation and congratulated Mr. Providenti on "a good audit report."

Chairperson Bertrand entertained a motion to accept the draft audit results. Member McKenna moved to accept the draft audit results, prepared by Kafoury, Armstrong and Company for the year ending June 30, 2013. Member Brown seconded the motion. Chairperson Bertrand entertained discussion of

CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE Minutes of the December 3, 2013 Meeting Page 2

DRAFT

the committee members and public comment. Vice Chairperson Prowse advised that he would abstain from voting "until we can come up with some way to provide the Audit Committee something to review and not rely on otherwise perfectly legitimate comments." Chairperson Bertrand entertained additional committee member comments and, when none were forthcoming, called for a vote on the pending motion.

RESULT: A

Approved [4-0-1]

MOVER:

John McKenna, Member

SECOND:

Ken Brown, Member

AYES:

McKenna, Brown, Bullis, Bertrand

NAYS:

None

ABSENT:

None

ABSTAIN:

Prowse

- 6. **DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION OF UPDATES BY MOSS-ADAMS, LLP** (3:19.41) Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item. Moss-Adams, LLP Planning and Policy Director Mark Steranka reviewed the Internal Audit Status Report, included in the agenda materials, and responded to corresponding questions of clarification. Mr. Steranka reviewed that portion of the status report relative to Performance Metrics Development in conjunction with displayed slides. He responded to questions of clarification and discussion took place throughout the presentation.
- 7. DISCUSSION AND POSSIBLE ACTION ON PROGRESS OF STAFF ACTION ON PAST RECOMMENDATIONS AND POSSIBLE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS REGARDING SUCH PROGRESS (3:44:34) Moss-Adams, LLP Planning and Policy Director Mark Steranka introduced this item, and reviewed the agenda materials. He responded to various questions of clarification and discussion took place throughout the presentation. In response to a question, Mr. Providenti estimated the cost of the Fleet Management software between \$50,000 and \$100,000. Mr. Schulz provided additional clarification, and discussion followed.

Chairperson Bertrand requested to review the status of the findings at the next committee meeting. He entertained questions or comments of the committee members and, when none were forthcoming, reviewed various suggestions relative to specific findings as reflected in the agenda materials. Extensive discussion took place regarding the status of the Eagle Valley Golf Course.

Chairperson Bertrand entertained public comment; however, none was forthcoming. In response to a question, Mr. Providenti advised that the term of the City's current contract with the State Public Defender is through June 2014. Renegotiation of the contract would have to be completed by March 2014. In response to a question, Mr. Steranka discussed cost saving methods relative to travel and meeting time. In response to a comment, he offered the services of Moss-Adams, LLP, at no additional charge, to participate in the interview process for hiring the new City Manager. Chairperson Bertrand and Vice Chairperson Prowse commended Mr. Steranka and Moss-Adams, LLP on their work. No formal action was taken.

8. DISCUSSION REGARDING THE RESOLUTION RECOMMENDED TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS BY THE CARSON CITY ETHICS ORDINANCE REVIEW COMMITTEE (4:21:13) - Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item. Vice Chairperson Prowse provided background information, and advised of having invited Nevada Commission on Ethics Executive Director Caren

CARSON CITY AUDIT COMMITTEE Minutes of the December 3, 2013 Meeting Page 3

DRAFT

Cafferata-Jenkins to attend the meeting. (4:24:08) Ms. Cafferata-Jenkins introduced herself for the record and requested that "if the internal or external auditors uncover any sort of conduct by public employees or public officers in the course of their investigations and audits and analysis that, in any way, butts up against NRS 281A, the Ethics in Government laws, that the City ... consider bringing it to the attention of the Ethics Commission." Ms. Cafferata-Jenkins discussed the jurisdiction of the Nevada Commission on Ethics. She suggested that "it's not surprising that untoward conduct that results in an audit finding may be intertwined with ... unethical conduct or conduct that's prescribed by the statutes." She welcomed "any interaction between the audits and the committee in the early stages of findings," and advised that the Nevada Commission on Ethics "wants to be a resource to [the committee] and to the Board of Supervisors ..."

Member McKenna provided background information on the Carson City Ethics Ordinance Review Committee, and on the subject resolution. Ms. Cafferata-Jenkins responded to questions regarding the provisions of the ethics statutes, and discussion followed. Chairperson Bertrand entertained additional questions or comments and, when none were forthcoming, public comment. No public comment was forthcoming.

- 9. POSSIBLE ACTION TO SCHEDULE THE NEXT COMMITTEE MEETING (4:32:15) Chairperson Bertrand introduced this item. Following a brief discussion, Mr. Steranka agreed that a February meeting date would be preferable. Consensus of the committee was to schedule the next meeting for Tuesday, February 11th at 3:00 p.m.
- **10. PUBLIC COMMENT** (4:35:20) Chairperson Bertrand entertained public comment; however, none was forthcoming.
- 11. **ACTION TO ADJOURN** (4:35:27) Vice Chairperson Prowse moved to adjourn the meeting at 4:35 p.m. Member Brown seconded the motion. Motion carried 5-0.

The Minutes of the December 3, 2013 Carson City Audit Committee meeting are so approved this	
day of February, 2014.	

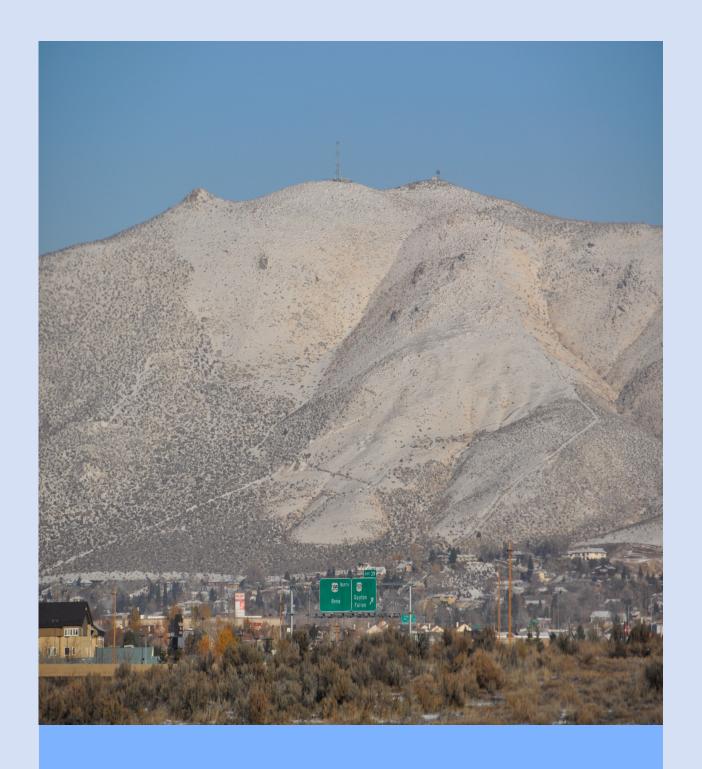
	ND, Chair	-

Carson City Audit Committee Agenda Report

Date Submitted: 01/31/2014	Agenda Date Requested: 02/11/2014
To: Chair and Members	
From: Michael Bertrand, Chairman	
Subject Title: Presentation, discussion of audit re	esults prepared by Kafoury Armstrong and
Co. for the year ending June 30, 2013.	
Summary: Kafoury Armstrong has been appointed	d by the Board of Supervisors to provide
external audit services to Carson City as required	by NRS 354.624. Representatives from
Kafoury Armstrong will be presenting their findings	to the audit committee. The Board of
Supervisors accepted the report on December 19, 2	2013 and DRAFT findings were presented
to the Audit Committee on December 3, 2013.	
Type of Action Requested: (check one)	
() Resolution () Ordinance
() Formal Action/Motion (X) Other (Discussion Only)
Does This Action Require A Business Impact Sta	tement: () Yes (X) No
Recommended Committee Action: No action nee	eded - discussion only.
Explanation for Recommended Committee Action	: See Staff Summary
Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule or Regulat	ion: NRS 354, CCMC Chapter 2.14

Fiscal Impact: N/A

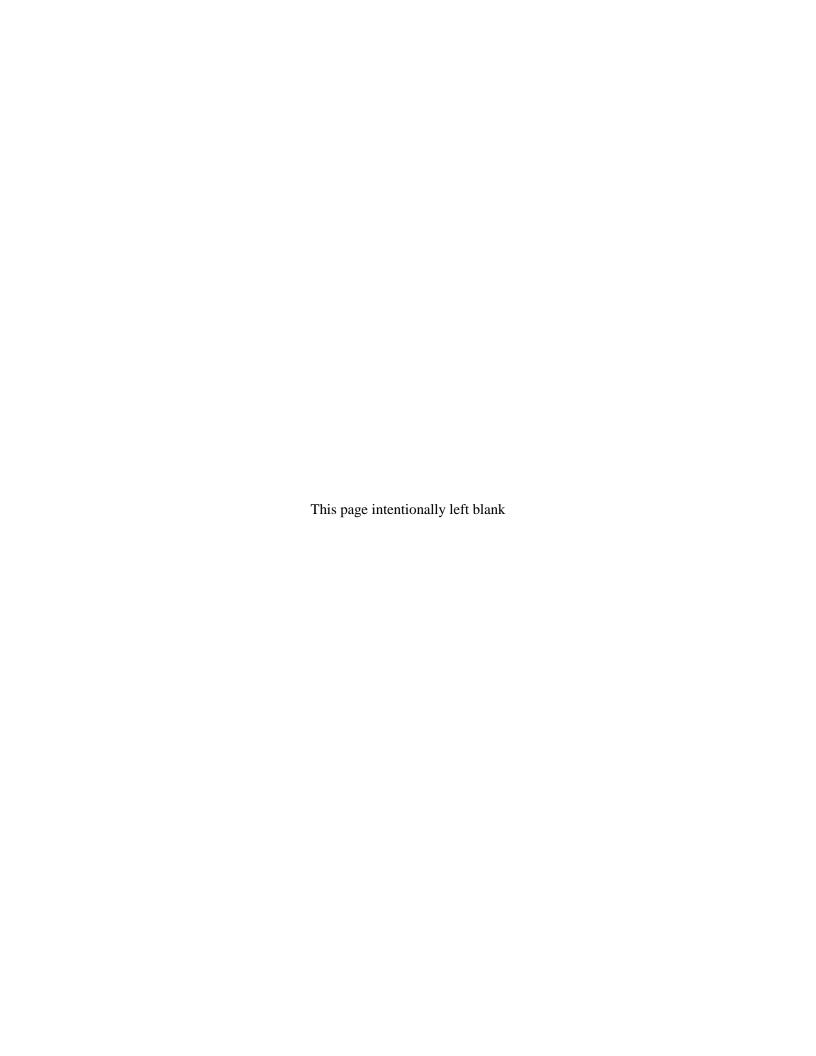
Explanation of Impact: N/A		
Funding Source: N/A		
Alternatives: None		
Supporting Material: Comprehensive Annua ending June 30, 2013.	al Finance Report for Carson	City for the year
Prepared By: Nick Providenti, Finance Direction Reviewed By: March March March (Finance Direction)	Date: 214	/14
Board Action Taken:		
Motion:		
	Member	Aye/Nay
	1)	
	2)	
	3)	
	4)	
	5)	
(Vote Recorded By)		



Carson City Nevada
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

CARSON CITY, NEVADA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Prepared by: Finance Department Nick Providenti, Finance Director



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	1-V
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	V1
Organization Chart	vii
Listing of Principal Officials	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)	4A-4J
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	5-6
Statement of Activities	7-8
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Funds	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
to the Statement of Activities – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	12
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	13 14-15
Statement of Net I osition – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	17-18
Statement of Edsh Flows Froprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21-49
Dequined Supplementary Informations	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits	50
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Governmental Funds:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -	
General Fund	51-62
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet	63
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances	64
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet	65-69
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	70.74
Changes in Fund Balances	70-74

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Page
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget	
and Actual:	
Senior Citizens Center Fund	75
Cooperative Extension Fund	76
Traffic Transportation Fund	77
Supplemental Indigent Fund	78
Library Gift Fund	79
Administrative Assessments Fund	80
911 Surcharge Fund	81
Capital Projects Fund	82-83
Street Maintenance Fund	84
Redevelopment Administration Fund	85
Carson City Transit Fund	86
Commissary Fund	87
V & T Special Infrastructure Fund	88
Campo Fund	89
Airport Fund	90
Regional Transportation Fund	91
Quality of Life Fund	92-93
Grant Fund	94-95
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Carson City Debt Service Fund – Major Fund	96-97
Redevelopment Debt Service Fund – Nonmajor Fund	98
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet	99
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances	100
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Capital Facilities Fund	101
Residential Construction Fund	102
Redevelopment Revolving Fund	103
Proprietary Funds:	
Major Enterprise Funds:	
Sewer Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	104
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	105-106
Water Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	107
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	108-109
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	110
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	111
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	112-113

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Page
Ambulance Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual	114
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	115
Stormwater Drainage Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	116
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	117-118
Cemetery Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	119
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	120
Building Permits Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	121
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	122
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	123
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	124
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	125-126
Group Medical Insurance Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	127
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	128
Workers' Compensation Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	129
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	130
Insurance Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	131
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	132
Fleet Management Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	133
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	134-135
Fiduciary Funds:	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds	136-138
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Schedule 1.1 – Net Position by Component	139
Schedule 1.2 – Changes in Net Position	140-142
Schedule 1.3 – Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	143
Schedule 1.4 – Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	144-145
Schedule 2.1 – Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	146
Schedule 2.2 – Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	147
Schedule 2.3 – Ten Largest Assessed Valuations	148
Schedule 2.4 – Property Tax Levies and Collections	149
Schedule 3.1 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	150
Schedule 3.2 – General Obligation Direct and Overlapping Debt	151
Schedule 3.3 – Legal Debt Margin Information	152
Schedule 3.4 – Pledged Revenue Coverage	153
Schedule 4.1 – Demographic and Economic Statistics Schedule 4.2 – Principal Employers	154 155
Schedule 5.1 – Frincipal Employers Schedule 5.1 – Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	155 156
Schedule 5.2 – Pun-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Schedule 5.2 – Operating Indicators by Function/Program	157-158
Schedule 5.3 – Operating indicators by Punction/Program Schedule 5.3 – Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program	157-136
Seneral 5.5 Cupitui risson Suutsuos oy runouonyi rogram	13)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Page
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	160-161
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report	
on Internal Control over Compliance Required by <i>OMB Circular A-133</i>	162-164
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	165-171
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	172
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	173-176
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	177
Auditor's Comments:	
Statute Compliance	178
Progress on Prior Year Statute Compliance	178
Prior Year Recommendations	178
Current Year Recommendations	178
Schedule of Fees Imposed Subject to the Provisions of NRS 354.5989 – Limitation	
of Fees for Business Licenses	179

INTRODUCTORY SECTION
INTRODUCTORI DECITOR



CARSON CITY, NEVADA CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPALITY AND STATE CAPITAL

November 25, 2013

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Carson City:

The comprehensive annual financial report of Carson City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that Carson City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Kafoury, Armstrong & Co., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on Carson City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Carson City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Government Auditing Standards and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance, the schedule of findings and questioned costs and the summary schedule of prior audit findings are included in the compliance section.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Carson City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity, Carson City, includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Consolidated Municipality of Carson City as legally defined), as well as, all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate

entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Redevelopment Authority is reported as special revenue, debt service and capital project funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau and Airport Authority are reported as discretely presented component units.

THE CITY AND ITS GOVERNING BODY

Carson City is the capital city of the State of Nevada. Carson City was founded as a trading post in 1858 and incorporated February 25, 1875. Carson City is a combined City and County governmental entity formed by the consolidation of the City of Carson City and Ormsby County on July 19, 1969.

Carson City has a land area of 147 square miles and an estimated population of 56,869 as of June 30, 2013. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. Real and personal taxable property located within the City has an estimated market value of \$3,948,042,937 and an assessed value of \$1,381,815,028.

The City operates under what is commonly known as a "council-manager" form of government which was established by charter and adopted by the State Legislature. Under this form of government, Carson City is governed by a mayor and four supervisors who are elected at large, on a non-partisan basis, for overlapping four year terms. The Board of Supervisors is a policy-making board, appointing a city manager to oversee daily operations.

Carson City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sewer and water services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; and culture and recreational activities.

The City maintains several budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 354, the Local Government Budget and Finance Act. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level of which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within an individual fund for governmental funds and the sum of operating and non-operating expenses in the proprietary funds.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Carson City is located in the Northwestern part of the State. Nevada's rate of growth in population had been one of the highest in the nation, but with the current economic downturn,

this number is expected to remain flat at best for the next several years. Carson City's population increased 1.4% when comparing July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2013. During the past year, Carson City experienced growth in the real estate market, not unlike the region, the state, and the nation. According to the Assessor's office, the average sales price of a home this year has risen to around \$183,000, up from \$150,000 (22% increase) the prior year. The average price in Carson City hit its peak this decade in 2006 with the average sales price around \$346,000.

Carson City's economy has been slow to recover from "the great recession", although we are starting to see signs of economic recovery. Housing prices are now increasing and our tax revenues have increased 8.1% or \$4.5 million from the prior year. We expect the recovery to continue gradually into the foreseeable future as our region still has one of the largest unemployment rates in the country at 10.1%. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund exceeded the final budget by \$3,428,963. Of this amount, \$1,162,875 has been included as a budgetary resource in the subsequent year's budget to eliminate a projected excess of expected expenditures over expected revenues.

The assessed valuation of Carson City decreased 8.3 percent in FY 2012-13. Assessed valuation is performed almost two years in advance, and at that time real estate prices were still declining, therefore assessed values will decrease another 10.4 percent in FY 2013-14. Due to a cap on the growth in property tax for existing property and improvements approved by the 2005 Nevada State Legislature, the real growth in tax revenues is limited. The growth in the tax bill for residential property is limited to 3% annual growth and commercial property can grow by a maximum of 8% per year. Only new construction is outside of this cap for the first year it is on the tax rolls. The difference between the actual tax calculation (assessed valuation (x) tax rate) and the capped tax calculation is termed the "abatement". In the general fund, this abatement amount will be approximately \$2.2 million in FY 2013-14. Because of this large abatement amount, Carson City's property tax revenues should continue to grow by the 3% and 8% caps in the future.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Fees charged at the Carson City Landfill were set based upon regional market rates rather than actual costs. The resultant change in rates has produced revenues in excess of expenditures at the Landfill. These excess revenues will be used to help offset overall General Fund ongoing expenditures.

Carson City remains very active in recruiting and retaining retail development in order to enhance the sales tax base. Within the past five years, two major automotive retailers have built dealerships in more desirable locations within the City, the GMC/Chevrolet dealer recently finished a major remodel. New retailers including Olive Garden, Kohl's, Big Lots and Cal Ranch have also opened within this time period. During fiscal year 2013, Tractor Supply Company and Jimmy John's opened new locations in the City. The City is continuing to negotiate with various retailers and as a result a new Sportsman's Warehouse and Buffalo Wild Wings restaurant are scheduled to open in former vacant buildings in fiscal 2014.

RELEVENT FINANCIAL POLICIES

A minimum unrestricted ending fund balance of not less than 5% (with a goal of 8.3%) of total budgeted expenditures shall be included in the General Fund budget each fiscal year. An inability to meet this requirement must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Improvements to the Wastewater Treatment Plant are being implemented and new federal standards for drinking water have necessitated an agreement with Douglas County establishing a Water Line Intertie Project. The establishment of this Interlocal Agreement will allow Carson City access to water from Douglas County that will forego the need to build a Uranium Treatment Plant. We anticipate using water from Douglas County in the spring of 2014. The Board authorized a comprehensive review of water and sewer rates in fiscal year 2013 and as a result authorized water and sewer rate increases for the next five years.

The Carson Freeway, Phase 2 A was completed in September 2009. This extended the Carson Freeway from Highway 50 to Fairview Drive and required the relocation of Carson City utilities. These improvements were funded through their respective enterprise funds. Construction has begun on a portion of Carson Freeway, Phase 2 B (Fairview Drive to Highway 50 at Spooner Summit), although the entire project has not been funded by the State of Nevada. By agreement with the state, Carson City will defer payment of local fuel taxes until the project is completed.

OTHER INFORMATION

SINGLE AUDIT. As a recipient of federal and state awards, Carson City is also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. As a part of Carson City's single audit, testing of internal control and compliance is performed as it relates to federal programs. The results of the single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 provided no instances of non-compliance with the requirements applicable to each of the City's major federal programs or matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that were considered to be material weaknesses.

AWARDS. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Carson City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Carson City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-three consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contribution made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Carson City Board of Supervisors, the continued strengthening of the City's finances and the continued dedication to financial excellence would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Nickolas Providenti Director of Finance

Will Afrilt

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada

presents this

AWARD OF FINANCIAL REPORTING ACHIEVEMENT

to

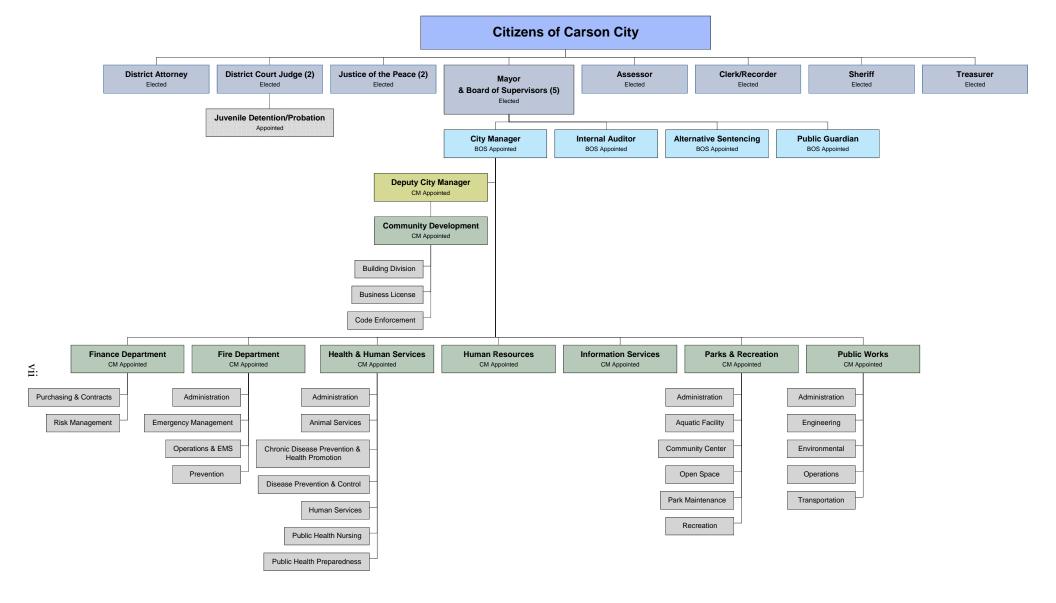
City of Carson City, Nevada



The award of Financial Reporting Achievement is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association to the individual(s) designated as instrumental in their government unit achieving a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. A Certificate of Achievement is presented to those government units whose annual financial reports are judged to adhere to program standards and represents the highest award in government financial reporting.

Executive Director

Date July 2, 2013



CARSON CITY LISTING OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FY 2013

TITLE NAME

Mayor Robert L. Crowell
Supervisor, Ward 1 Karen Abowd
Supervisor, Ward 2 Brad Bonkowski
Supervisor, Ward 3 John McKenna
Supervisor, Ward 4 Jim Shirk
Assessor Dave Dawley
Treasurer Al Kramer

District Attorney

District Court I

District Court II

Judge James T. Russell

Judge James E. Wilson, Jr.

Justice of the Peace

Judge Thomas Armstrong

Justice of the PeaceJudge John TatroClerk-RecorderAlan Glover

Sheriff Ken Furlong
City Manager Larry Werner
Deputy City Manager Marena Works

Deputy City Manager Marena Works
Finance Director/Risk Manager Nick Providenti
Information Services Director John Wilkinson

Planning Director Lee Plemel
Cooperative Extension Director JoAnne Skelly

Library Director Sara Jones

Health & Human Services Director Vacant
Juvenile Special Master Kristin Luis

Chief Juvenile Probation Officer

John Simms

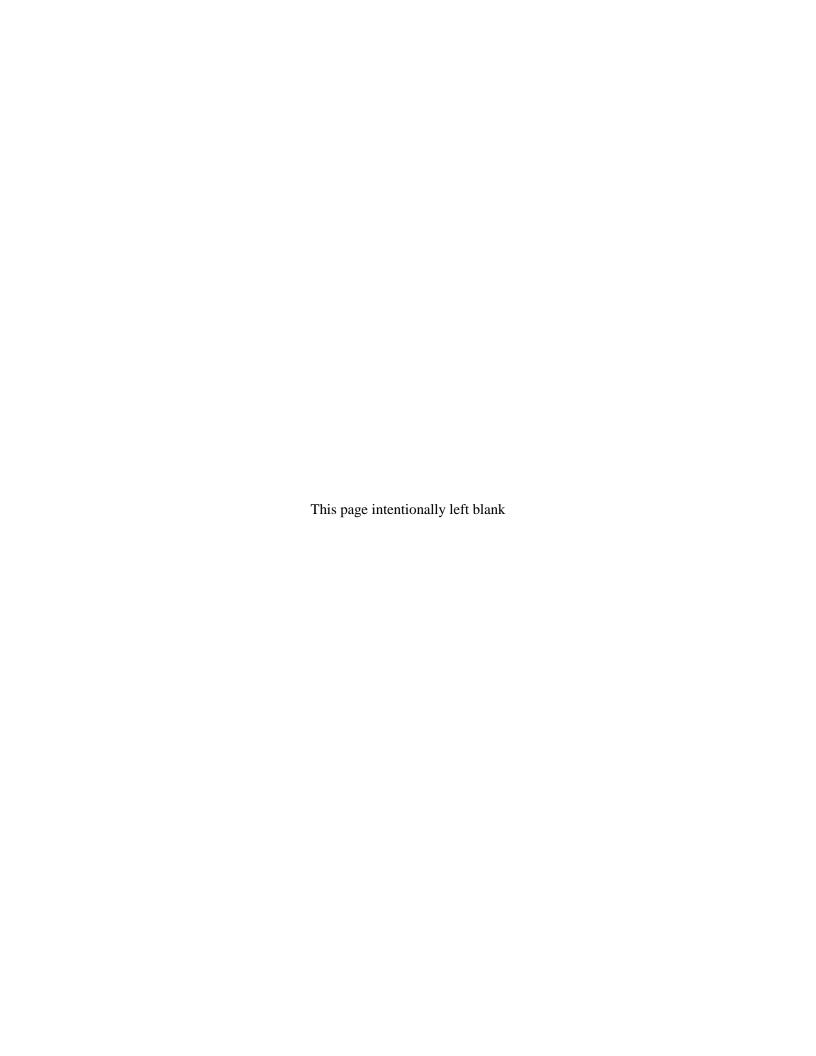
John Simms

Parks and Recreation Director Roger Moellendorf

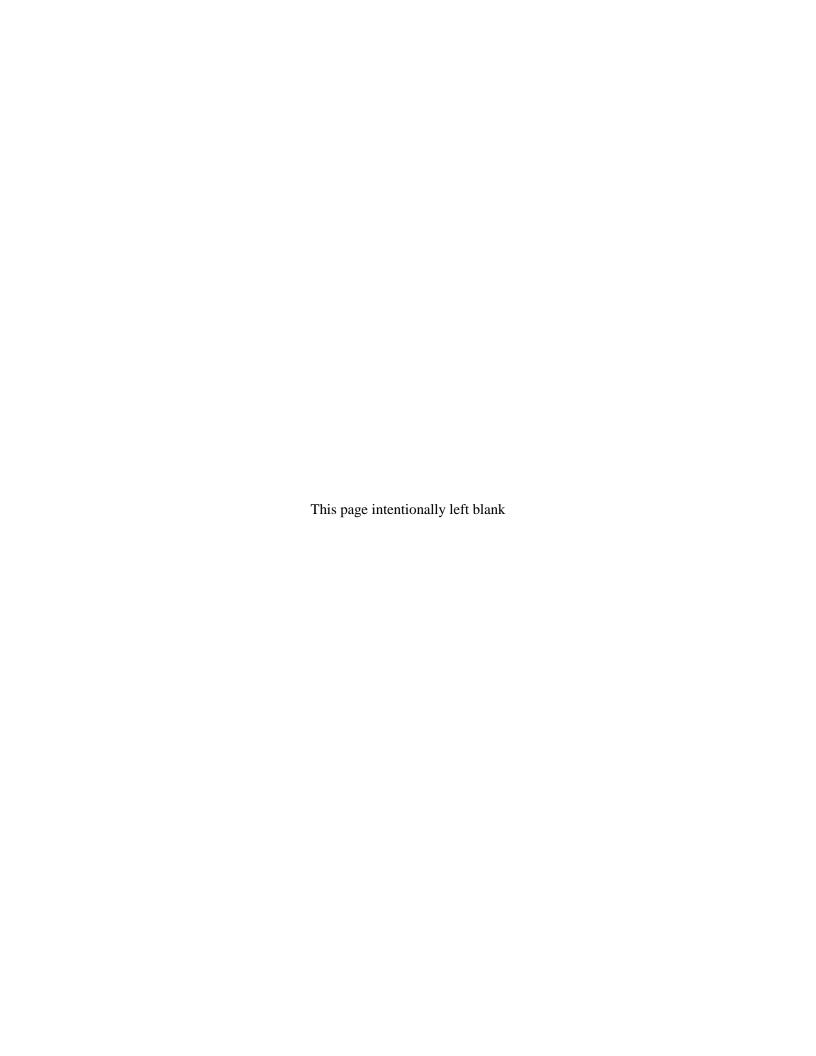
Fire Chief Stacey Giomi
Senior Center Director Janice McIntosh
Human Resources Manager Melanie Bruketta
Public Works Director Andrew Burnham

City Engineer Jeff Sharp

Transportation Program Manager Patrick Pittenger Chief Building Official Kevin Gattis



J	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	FINANCIAL SECTION
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
Į	
Į	
Į	
Į	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
Į	
١	





Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Supervisors, Carson City, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carson City, Nevada (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada, or the Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau, which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada and the Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2013,

and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4A through 4J, and the schedule of funding progress on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules including budgetary comparisons, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules including budgetary comparisons and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules including budgetary comparisons and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Prior Year Partial Comparative Information

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2012, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The nonmajor combining and individual fund statements and schedules including budgetary comparisons related to the 2012 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The nonmajor combining and individual fund statements and schedules including budgetary comparisons are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2012 financial statements. The information has been subjected to

the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2012 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor combining and individual fund statements and schedules including budgetary comparisons are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

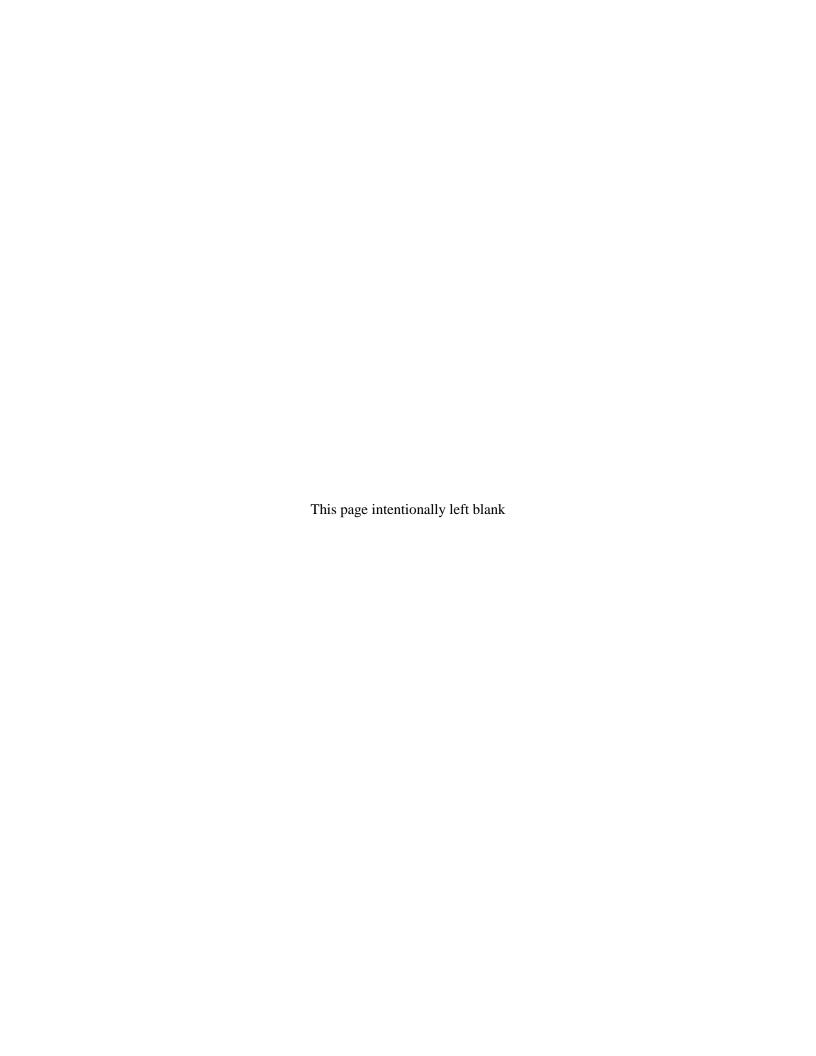
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reno, Nevada

November 25, 2013

Kaprury, Armotring : Co.



Carson City, Nevada Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Carson City, Nevada (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iv of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$352,785,703 (*net position*).
- The City's total net position increased by \$815,941. A portion of this increase is attributable to an increase in property tax revenue and a decrease in community support expenditures related to incentives for business retention in the governmental activities. Other factors include a decrease in capital grants in the business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,574,698, an increase of \$1,499,922 in comparison to the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,894,269, or 8.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt and notes payable increased by \$236,802 (.15 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components:1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, judicial, public works, sanitation, health, welfare, community support, airport, economic opportunity, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, ambulance, cemetery, building permits and stormwater drainage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate airport authority and a legally separate convention and visitors' bureau for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Redevelopment Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 5-8 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty-four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Carson City Debt Service Fund which are considered to be a major funds. Data from the other twenty-two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and for each of its special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the City's governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison for the General Fund, a major governmental fund, is located in the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules for the Carson City Debt Service Fund and the City's nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the individual fund statements and schedules.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9-13 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, ambulance, cemetery, building permit, and stormwater drainage operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its group medical insurance, workers' compensation, insurance and fleet management. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations, each of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Data from the other four enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* elsewhere in this report. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-18 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those

funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-49 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and enterprise funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 51-138 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$352,785,703 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (99.9 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Carson City's Net Position

	Govern	mental	Business-type			
	Activ	vities	Activities		To	otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current and other assets	\$ 33,149,193	\$ 33,079,207	\$ 12,028,573	\$ 11,662,021	\$ 45,177,766	\$ 44,741,228
			, ,			
Capital assets	325,409,347	326,255,657	174,386,807	174,318,673	499,796,154	500,574,330
Total assets	358,558,540	359,334,864	186,415,380	185,980,694	544,973,920	545,315,558
Long-term liabilities outstanding	98,067,613	97,720,130	83,577,431	82,741,018	181,645,044	180,461,148
Other liabilities	7,578,487	9,967,583	2,964,686	2,917,065	10,543,173	12,884,648
Total liabilities	105,646,100	107,687,713	86,542,117	85,658,083	192,188,217	193,345,796
Net position: Net investment in capital						
assets	260,370,604	259,709,061	92,023,344	92,490,506	352,393,948	352,199,567
Restricted	15,013,156	15,165,751	-	-	15,013,156	15,165,751
Unrestricted	(22,471,320)	(23,227,661)	7,849,919	7,832,105	(14,621,401)	(15,395,556)
Total net position	\$252,912,440	\$251,647,151	99,873,263	\$100,322,611	\$352,785,703	\$ 351,969,762

An additional portion of the City's net position (4.3 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This leaves a negative balance of \$14,621,401 for *unrestricted net position*.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net position for the government as a whole, as well as, for its separate governmental activities. Unrestricted net position is reported as a negative balance. The business-type activities reported positive balances in all categories of net position. In the prior fiscal year, the City reported positive balances in all categories of net position for business-type activities and governmental activities reported a negative balance for unrestricted net position.

The City's net position increased \$815,941 during the current fiscal year. A portion of this increase is attributable to an increase in property tax revenue and a decrease in community support expenditures related to incentives for business retention in the governmental activities. Other factors include a decrease in capital grants in the business-type activities.

Carson City's Changes in Net Position

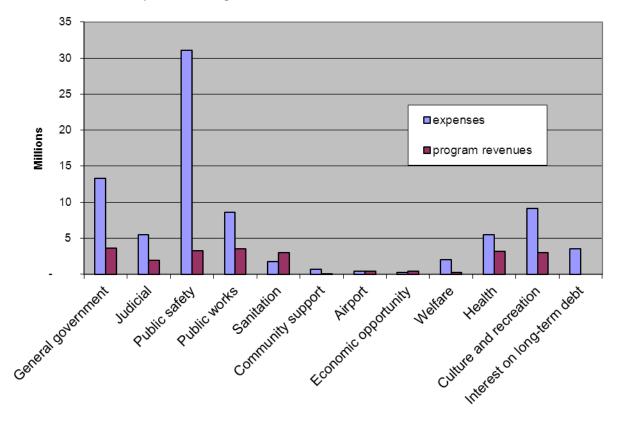
	Government	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		T	otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 12,182,918	\$ 10,962,362	\$24,475,604	\$27,503,748	\$36,658,522	\$ 38,466,110
Operating grants and						
contributions	6,924,384	7,895,664	-	-	6,924,384	7,895,664
Capital grants and						
contributions	3,414,668	30,733,429	419,206	2,505,810	3,833,874	33,239,239
General revenues:						
Property taxes	26,381,752	22,773,809	-	-	26,381,752	22,773,809
Other taxes	34,214,772	33,279,999	-	=	34,214,772	33,279,999
Other	244,579	489,087	22,756	49,489	267,335	538,576
Total Revenues	83,363,073	106,134,350	24,917,566	30,059,047	108,280,639	136,193,397
Expenses:						
General government	13,270,490	12,839,523	-	-	13,270,490	12,839,523
Judicial	5,438,232	5,213,231	-	-	5,438,232	5,213,231
Public safety	31,081,304	30,273,949	-	-	31,081,304	30,273,949
Public works	8,616,739	9,249,322	-	-	8,616,739	9,249,322
Sanitation	1,730,139	1,680,283	-	-	1,730,139	1,680,283
Community support	704,500	3,386,724	-	-	704,500	3,386,724
Airport	388,786	285,645	-	-	388,786	285,645
Economic opportunity	186,695	304,571	-	-	186,695	304,571
Welfare	2,028,677	2,369,073	-	-	2,028,677	2,369,073
Health	5,451,016	4,984,823	-	-	5,451,016	4,984,823
Culture and recreation	9,084,415	8,981,258	-	-	9,084,415	8,981,258
Interest and fiscal charges	3,513,966	3,931,487	-	-	3,513,966	3,931,487
Ambulance	-	-	3,203,882	4,150,587	3,203,882	4,150,587
Sewer	-	-	8,965,346	8,389,001	8,965,346	8,389,001
Water	-	-	11,847,582	12,190,492	11,847,582	12,190,492
Cemetery	-	-	191,888	193,726	191,888	193,726
Building Permits	-	-	574,273	464,022	574,273	464,022
Stormwater Drainage			1,186,768	1,199,990	1,186,768	1,199,990
Total Expenses	81,494,959	83,499,889	25,969,739	26,587,818	107,464,698	110,087,707
Increase (decrease) in net						
position before transfers	1,868,114	22,634,461	(1,052,173)	3,471,229	815,941	26,105,690
Transfers	(602,825)	(718,993)	602,825	718,993		
Increase (decrease) in Net						
Position	1,265,289	21,915,468	(449,348)	4,190,222	815,941	26,105,690
Net position – July 1	251,647,151	229,731,683	100,322,611	96,132,389	351,969,762	325,864,072
Net position - June 30	\$252,912,440	\$251,647,151	\$ 99,873,263	\$100,322,611	\$352,785,703	\$ 351,969,762

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,265,289. This results in a net change (decrease) of \$20,650,179 when compared to the increase of \$21,915,468 in the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

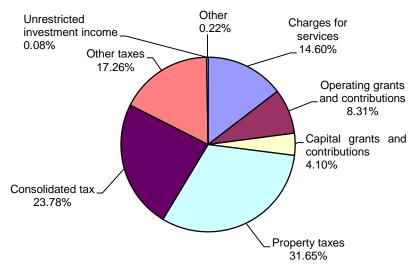
- \$27.3 million decrease in capital grants and contributions mostly due to a decrease in donated capital assets such as land and infrastructure.
- \$2.4 million decrease in community support expenses related to incentives for business retention paid in the prior year.
- \$1.1 million increase in public safety charges for services due to an increase in fire reimbursements from other entities and the transfer of funds due to the dissolution of the Sierra Forest Fire Protection District.
- \$3.6 million increase in property tax revenue due to an increase in the tax rate.

Program revenues for governmental activities provided 27.6 percent of the resources necessary to pay the cost of providing program services. The remaining program costs were financed with general revenues. The largest general revenues are consolidated tax of \$19,825,135 and property taxes of \$26,381,752.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities





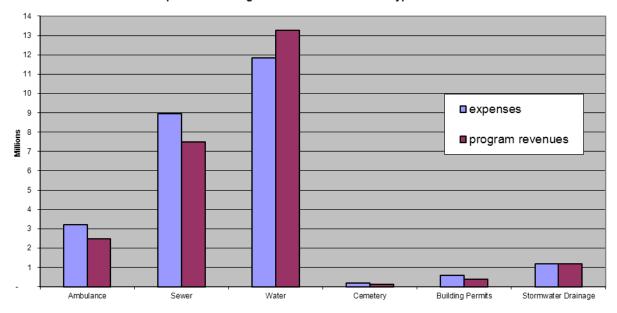


Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$449,348. This results in a net change (decrease) of \$4,639,570 when compared to the increase of \$4,190,222 in the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

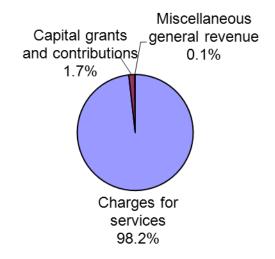
- \$1.4 million (or 16.0 percent) decrease in sewer charges as we did not receive the same solar rebate from NV Energy that we did in the prior year.
- \$2.1 million (or 83.2 percent) decrease in capital grants for sewer and water projects.
- \$670,000 decrease in miscellaneous revenue for water fund as we did not receive the same reimbursement from the state for overcharging the City for pump maintenance fees.
- \$300,000 decrease in transfers from general fund as the ambulance fund hired a new billing company to increase the collection rate.

Sewer and water expenses represent 80.2 percent of total expenses for business-type activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business - type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business - type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,574,698, an increase of \$1,499,922 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$5,977,443 constitutes *committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance*, which is considered "unrestricted". The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable or restricted, which is considered "restricted" to indicate that it is not available for new spending or restricted by an entity outside of the City. Nonspendable fund balance includes inventory, deposits or prepaid items of \$768,262 and restricted fund balance includes external restrictions by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) or grant documents of \$11,828,993.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,894,269, while total fund balance reached \$6,296,544. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents 8.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 11 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1,404,602 during the current fiscal year. This results in a net change (increase) of \$3,407,562 when compared to the decrease of \$2,002,960 in the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

- Property taxes increased by \$3.87 million (22 percent) over the prior year. Total assessed value decreased by 8.3 percent; however, this was offset by an increase in the tax rate from 1.4794 to 1.9522 (32 percent).
- Consolidated tax revenues increased by \$809,000 from the prior year. This is revenue passed through from the State, which is the result of an increase in taxable sales as our economy slowly recovers.
- Decrease of \$724,000 in administration fees calculated through the cost allocation plan.
- Decrease of \$238,000 in landfill fees.
- Public safety expenditures increased \$1.38 million. This increase was partially offset by an increase of \$746,000 in other local government grants which is the result of the dissolution of the Sierra Forest Fire Protection District; and an increase of \$376,000 in fire reimbursements from other entities.

The Carson City Debt Service Fund had a decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year of \$231,523 to bring the year end fund balance to \$280,081. During the current fiscal year, \$30,551,600 in refunding bonds was issued to take advantage of lower interest rates.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to \$3,079,915 in the Sewer Fund and \$4,343,463, in the Water Fund. The Sewer Fund's total net position decreased by \$1,484,149 and the Water Fund's net position increased by \$1,401,081. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

Budgeted appropriations increased \$1,824,303 between the original budget and the final amended budget. The increase can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Carryover of program costs from the prior year budget amounting to \$1,335,061 allocated to various departments.
- \$489,242 increase in various department appropriations offset by increases in charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Of this increase, \$64,318 was funded from charges for services, \$424,924 was funded from refunds, reimbursements, grants and donations, and the remaining \$1,335,061 was to be budgeted from available fund balance.

The significant differences between the final amended budget and actual amounts are as follows:

- Actual intergovernmental revenues were \$169,000 more than the final budget mostly due to an increase of \$402,000 in consolidated tax revenue and an increase of \$320,000 in revenues due to the dissolution of the Sierra Forest Fire Protection District. This increase is offset by a decrease of \$480,000 which was budgeted as an intergovernmental revenue but for financial reporting purposes was reclassified as a transfer in from the Redevelopment Revolving Fund.
- Actual licenses and permits were \$305,000 less than the final budget mostly due to a decline in franchise fee and business license revenue.
- Actual charges for services were \$390,000 less than the final budget due to landfill fee revenues not increasing as was originally estimated.
- Actual ad valorem taxes were \$479,000 more than the final budget due to an increase in centrally assessed property taxes.
- Actual expenditures by function were less than the final budget as a result of expenditure reductions, employee vacancies and unspent restricted funds that will be carried over to the next fiscal year's budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$499,796,154 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and water rights. The total decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.2 percent (a 0.3 percent decrease for governmental activities and a 0.1 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of the North/South Transmission Main resulted in a transfer out of construction in progress of \$7.9 million.
- Completion of the 5th Street Transmission Main resulted in a transfer out of construction in progress of \$2.5 million
- \$4 million towards the regional pipeline project expected to be completed in 2014.

Carson City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		tal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Land	\$105,381,238	\$ 104,343,666	\$ 5,311,227	\$ 5,239,385	\$110,692,465	\$109,583,051
CIP - Infrastructure	3,822,493	3,334,186	-	-	3,822,493	3,334,186
Construction in progress	1,770,212	1,486,999	15,436,916	20,899,786	17,207,128	22,386,785
Buildings	54,011,129	54,037,906	15,812,900	16,229,590	69,824,029	70,267,496
Improvements other than						
Buildings	25,914,976	26,933,593	115,872,669	109,881,906	141,787,645	136,815,499
Machinery and equipment	9,981,934	10,403,191	3,240,979	3,675,890	13,222,913	14,079,081
Infrastructure	124,527,365	125,716,116	-	-	124,527,365	125,716,116
Water rights	-		18,712,116	18,392,116	18,712,116	18,392,116
Total	\$325,409,347	\$326,255,657	\$174,386,807	\$174,318,673	\$499,796,154	\$500,574,330

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3-B on pages 31-32 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$158,530,606. Of this amount, \$139,633,606 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's bonded debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Carson City's Outstanding Debt General Obligation, Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2013 2012		2012	
General obligation							
Bonds	\$61,345,000	\$62,336,401	\$78,288,606	\$77,493,636	\$139,633,606	\$139,830,037	
Revenue bonds	18,897,000	19,480,700	-	-	18,897,000	19,480,700	
Notes Payable	2,554,800	1,360,367	1,970,500	2,148,000	4,525,300	3,508,367	
Total	\$82,796,800	\$83,177,468	80,259,106	\$79,641,636	\$163,055,906	\$162,819,104	

The City's total bonded debt and notes payable increased by \$236,802 (0.2 percent) from the prior year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of general obligation state revolving fund sewer and water bonds in the amount of \$4.6 million for the regional pipeline project, the installment purchase of the Business Resources Innovation Center building, and a new \$1.1 million dollar medium term capital acquisition note.

The City maintained an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A1" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$214,833,139, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3-D on pages 35-43 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The City's unemployment rate was 10.1 percent at June 30, 2013, which is a decrease from a rate of 11.7 percent a year ago. The national and state unemployment rates were 7.6 percent and 9.6 percent, respectively, at June 30, 2013.
- The City's assessed value decreased 8.3 percent in fiscal year 2012-13 to \$1.382 billion and decreased 10.4 percent in fiscal year 2013-14 to \$1.239 billion.
- Sales tax revenue was projected to increase 3 percent for fiscal year 2013-14. July 2013 shows an 11.7 percent increase and August 2013 shows a 4.7 percent decrease compared to the same months during fiscal year 2012-13.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2014 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$3,767,787 to \$4,894,269. The City has assigned \$1,162,875 of this amount for eliminating a 2014 fiscal year budget deficiency.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Carson City Finance Department, 201 N. Carson Street, Suite 3, Carson City, Nevada 89701.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DAGIC FIVANCIAL STATEMENTS

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	TOTAL	
ASSETS		10.025010		£ 550 £ 50		24.700.400
Cash and investments	\$	19,936,049	\$	6,772,559	\$	26,708,608
Receivables (net of allowances		2 111 407		4.015.100		7.106.516
for uncollectibles)		3,111,407		4,015,109		7,126,516
Due from other governments		6,977,703		436,454		7,414,157
Due from component units		11,658		-		11,658
Due from primary government Internal balances		250 410		(250, 410)		-
		350,410		(350,410)		442.005
Inventories		57,176		386,819		443,995
Deposits Proposide		43,784				43,784
Prepaids Portrigated assets		739,632		28,397		768,029
Restricted assets: Cash and investments		440.507				440.507
Cash and investments		449,507		-		449,507
Other assets		1,312,584		739,645		2,052,229
Net OPEB asset		159,283		737,043		159,283
Capital assets (net of		137,203				137,203
accumulated depreciation):						
Land		105,381,238		5,311,227		110,692,465
Construction in progress - infrastructure		3,822,493		3,311,227		3,822,493
Construction in progress		1,770,212		15,436,916		17,207,128
Buildings		54,011,129		15,812,900		69,824,029
Improvements other than buildings		25,914,976		115,872,669		141,787,645
Machinery and equipment		9,981,934		3,240,979		13,222,913
Infrastructure		124,527,365		3,240,919		124,527,365
Water rights		124,327,303		18,712,116		18,712,116
water rights				10,712,110		10,712,110
Total Assets		358,558,540		186,415,380		544,973,920
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,143,163		1,147,250		6,290,413
Accrued interest payable		420,779		673,964		1,094,743
Due to other governments		389,922		861,732		1,251,654
Due to component units		276,001		-		276,001
Due to primary government		270,001		_		270,001
Unearned revenue		159,994		274,540		434,534
Other liabilities		739,337		7,200		746,537
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		449,291		7,200		449,291
Noncurrent liabilities:		,,				,2,1
Due within one year		5,513,645		5,328,878		10,842,523
Due in more than one year		83,178,415		76,813,196		159,991,611
Net OPEB obligation		9,375,553		1,435,357		10.810.910
					-	
Total Liabilities		105,646,100	-	86,542,117		192,188,217
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		260,370,604		92,023,344		352,393,948
Restricted for:						
General government		279,934		-		279,934
Public safety		601,557		_		601,557
Judicial		326,555		_		326,555
Public works						
		1,144,460		-		1,144,460
Health		232,783		-		232,783
Welfare		2,592		-		2,592
Culture and recreation		8,307,500		-		8,307,500
Debt service		-		-		-
Redevelopment		480,654		_		480,654
Claims		3,637,121				3,637,121
Unrestricted				- 7,849,919		
Omesticieu		(22,471,320)		7,049,919	-	(14,621,401)
Total Net Position	\$	252,912,440	\$	99,873,263	\$	352,785,703

COMPONE	
AIRPORT AUTHORITY	CONVENTION AND VISITORS' BUREAU
\$ 424,161	\$ 822,688
6,929	166,657
-	32,000
276,001	-
-	-
-	4,594
-	-
6,602	-
-	-
195,173	-
-	-
146,542	-
-	-
-	81,946
165,119	1,128
103,119	-
1,220,527	1,109,013
57.613	34,461
57,613 -	54,401
-	10,742
-	11,658
4,889	45,956
-	-
19,782	1,159
563,473	21,354
645,757	125,330
311,661	81,915
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	249,747
-	136,421
-	-
263,109	- 515,600
\$ 574,770	\$ 983,683
- 371,770	- 703,003

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				PROGRAM REVENUES						
	EXPENSES			IARGES FOR SERVICES	GF	PERATING RANTS AND ITRIBUTIONS	GR	CAPITAL ANTS AND TRIBUTIONS		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		 -								
Primary government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	13,270,490	\$	2,953,439	\$	670,563	\$	20,265		
Public safety		31,081,304		2,359,100		788,558		69,721		
Judicial		5,438,232		1,849,102		84,875		-		
Public works		8,616,739		155,388		1,361,567		2,003,106		
Sanitation		1,730,139		2,989,716		-		-		
Health		5,451,016		547,415		2,611,155		-		
Welfare		2,028,677		-		238,999		-		
Culture and recreation		9,084,415		1,320,758		681,517		960,500		
Community support		704,500		8,000		-		-		
Airport		388,786		-		45,766		361,076		
Economic opportunity		186,695		-		441,384		-		
Debt Service:										
Interest and fiscal charges		3,513,966								
Total Governmental Activities		81,494,959		12,182,918		6,924,384		3,414,668		
Business-Type Activities:										
Sewer		8,965,346		7,475,566		_		24,376		
Water		11,847,582		12,868,228		-		393,945		
Stormwater Drainage		1,186,768		1,169,116		-		885		
Ambulance		3,203,882		2,466,832		-		-		
Cemetery		191,888		116,562		-		-		
Building Permits		574,273		379,300		-		-		
Total Business-Type Activities		25,969,739		24,475,604				419,206		
Total Primary Government	\$	107,464,698	\$	36,658,522	\$	6,924,384	\$	3,833,874		
Component units:										
Airport Authority	\$	688,117	\$	326,245	\$	242,239	\$	_		
Convention and Visitors' Bureau	Ψ	2,078,548	<u> </u>	750,361		81,500		-		
Total Component Units	\$	2,766,665	\$	1,076,606	\$	323,739	\$	<u>-</u>		

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Consolidated tax

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Room taxes

Motor vehicle fuel tax

Unrestricted investment income

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION, JULY 1

NET POSITION, JUNE 30

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND

		CHANGES IN NET POSIT		COMPONENT UNITS			ΓS
	ERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE			AIRPORT	ANI	NVENTION O VISITORS'
AC	CTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	 TOTAL	AU	JTHORITY	I	BUREAU
\$	(9,626,223)	\$ -	\$ (9,626,223)	\$	-	\$	-
	(27,863,925)	-	(27,863,925)		-		-
	(3,504,255)	-	(3,504,255)		-		-
	(5,096,678)	-	(5,096,678)		-		-
	1,259,577	-	1,259,577		-		-
	(2,292,446)	-	(2,292,446)		-		-
	(1,789,678)	-	(1,789,678)		-		-
	(6,121,640)	-	(6,121,640)		-		-
	(696,500)	-	(696,500)		-		-
	18,056	-	18,056		-		-
	254,689	-	254,689		-		-
	(3,513,966)	-	(3,513,966)		-		-
	(58,972,989)		(58,972,989)		-		-
		(1,465,404)	(1,465,404)				
	_	1,414,591	1,414,591				
	_	(16,767)	(16,767)		_		_
	_	(737,050)	(737,050)		_		_
	_	(75,326)	(75,326)				_
		(194,973)	 (194,973)		-		-
		(1,074,929)	(1,074,929)				-
	(58,972,989)	(1,074,929)	(60,047,918)		-		-
	_	_			(119,633)		_
	-		 -		-		(1,246,687
	-	<u> </u>	 -		(119,633)		(1,246,687
	26,381,752	_	26,381,752		220,048		
	4,798,620	_	4,798,620		-		_
	19,825,135	_	19,825,135		_		_
	5,003,989	_	5,003,989		_		_
	124,158	-	124,158		-		-
	4 462 970	-	4 462 970		-		1,257,732
	4,462,870 62,846	22,756	4,462,870 85,602		351		1,726
	181,733	-	181,733		JJ 1 -		1,/20
	(602,825)	602,825	 -		-		-
	60,238,278	625,581	 60,863,859		220,399		1,259,458
	1,265,289	(449,348)	815,941		100,766		12,771
	251,647,151	100,322,611	351,969,762		474,004		970,912
\$	252,912,440	\$ 99,873,263	\$ 352,785,703	\$	574,770	\$	983,683

CARSON CITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		CARSON C GENERAL DEBT SERV			GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	4,216,888	\$	272,412	\$	10,217,510	\$	14,706,810
Receivables (net of allowances								
for uncollectibles):		777 200				120 607		014.006
Taxes, delinquent		775,209		24.047		139,687		914,896
Accounts receivable		1,721,839		24,047		55,659		1,801,545
Interest		72,842		-		- 072		72,842
Due from other funds		103,056		-		6,973		110,029
Due from other governments		3,718,120		-		3,259,583		6,977,703
Due from component units		11,658		-		-		11,658
Inventories		2,753		-		42.704		2,753
Deposits		700.506		-		43,784		43,784
Prepaid items		700,596		-		21,129		721,725
Restricted assets:		100 102				40.015		440.507
Cash and investments		400,492		-		49,015		449,507
Total Assets	\$	11,723,453	\$	296,459	\$	13,793,340	\$	25,813,252
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,001,901	\$	16,378	\$	835,514	\$	1,853,793
Accrued salaries and benefits		2,834,932		_		230,414		3,065,346
Due to other funds		-,		_		110,029		110,029
Due to other governments		138,258		_		238,485		376,743
Due to component units		226,763		_		49,238		276,001
Other liabilities		132,810				47,230		132,810
Deferred revenue		690,253		_		124.294		814,547
Unearned revenue				-		, -		159,994
		1,500		-		158,494		
Payable from restricted assets		400,492	-			48,799		449,291
Total Liabilities		5,426,909		16,378		1,795,267		7,238,554
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		2,753		_		_		2,753
Deposits		´-		_		43,784		43,784
Prepaid items		700,596		_		21,129		721,725
Restricted for:		,				, -		, ,
Courts		384,486		_		_		384,486
Technology		45,094		_		_		45,094
General government		-		_		171,150		171,150
Public Safety		_		_		563,722		563,722
Judicial						45,137		45,137
Public works						1,461,390		1,461,390
Welfare		-		-		1,401,390		1,401,390
		200 410		-		29,674		230,084
Health		200,410		-				
Culture and recreation		68,936		-		8,391,009		8,459,945
Redevelopment		-		-		467,983		467,983
Committed to:								
Public Safety		-		-		7,606		7,606
Assigned to:								
Technology		77,216		-		-		77,216
General government		5,649		-		-		5,649
Public Safety		69,962		-		43,956		113,918
Health		219,971		-		-		219,971
Culture and recreation		62,259		-		-		62,259
Capital projects		-		-		321,906		321,906
Debt service		-		280,081		-		280,081
Other purposes		-		-		436,374		436,374
Subsequent year's budget deficit		1,162,875		-		-		1,162,875
Unassigned		3,296,337				(6,749)		3,289,588
Total Fund Balances		6,296,544		280,081		11,998,073		18,574,698
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,723,453	\$	296,459	\$	13,793,340	\$	25,813,252
2 our Englished and I and Datanets	Ψ	,, 20, 100	4	=>0,10>	<u> </u>	-2,770,010		,010,202

CARSON CITY, NEVADA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

3 O NE 30, 2013			
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (page 9)		\$	18,574,698
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement			
of net position (pages 5-6) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported			
in the governmental funds.			
Governmental capital assets	\$ 409,266,851		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(84,428,910)		
1			324,837,941
Net OPEB asset is not a financial resource and, therefore,			
is not reported in the governmental funds.			159,283
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due			
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are			
not reported in the governmental funds.			
General obligation revenue bonds payable	(61,345,000)		
Notes payable	(2,554,800)		
Revenue bonds payable	(18,897,000)		
Loss on bond refunding	3,236,975		
Less: current year amortization	(149,849)		
Issuance discount	7,032		
Less: current year amortization	(7,032)		
Issuance premium	(1,311,386)		
Less: current year amortization	58,206		
Deferred charge for issuance costs	1,334,080		
Less: current year amortization	(91,496) (25,590)		
Capital leases payable Landfill closure / post closure costs	(3,246,953)		
Net OPEB obligation	(9,239,139)		
Compensated absences	(4,327,809)		
Compensated absences	(4,327,007)		(96,559,761)
Interest payable			(420,779)
Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore,			
			011517
are not reported in the governmental funds.			814,547
Internal service funds are used by management to charge			
the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net			
position of the internal service funds is reported			
with governmental activities.			5,156,101
Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.			350,410
Net Position - Governmental Activities (pages 5-6)		_\$	252,912,440

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL	CARSON CITY DEBT SERVICE	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 21,258,565	\$ -	\$ 12,583,454	\$ 33,842,019	
Licenses and permits	6,513,296	-	229,539	6,742,835	
Intergovernmental revenues	21,201,350	410,338	9,749,760	31,361,448	
Charges for services	10,698,301	-	350,883	11,049,184	
Fines and forfeits	895,935	-	49,002	944,937	
Miscellaneous	1,524,791	77,397	405,454	2,007,642	
Total Revenues	62,092,238	487,735	23,368,092	85,948,065	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	13,555,934	-	684,760	14,240,694	
Public safety	27,385,405	-	1,219,862	28,605,267	
Judicial	4,965,770	-	177,700	5,143,470	
Public works	1,711,787	-	5,539,798	7,251,585	
Sanitation	1,558,251	_	-	1,558,251	
Health	2,137,576	-	2,603,862	4,741,438	
Welfare	266,276	_	1,747,807	2,014,083	
Culture and recreation	5,245,418	_	2,109,064	7,354,482	
Community support	458,979	_	298,735	757,714	
Airport	-	_	45,765	45,765	
Economic opportunity			186,695	186,695	
Capital outlay	148,004		5,996,698	6,144,702	
Debt service:	140,004	-	3,770,076	0,144,702	
		£ 102 260	£11 100	F 604 269	
Principal retirement	-	5,183,268	511,100	5,694,368	
Interest and fiscal charges		4,071,876	76,976	4,148,852	
Total Expenditures	57,433,400	9,255,144	21,198,822	87,887,366	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	4,658,838	(8,767,409)	2,169,270	(1,939,301)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Refunding bonds issued	-	30,551,600	215,600	30,767,200	
Premium on refunding bonds	-	840,062	-	840,062	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(30,026,827)	-	(30,026,827)	
Debt issued	-	-	2,269,500	2,269,500	
Sale of capital assets	632	-	12,465	13,097	
Transfers in	529,800	7,171,051	1,968,005	9,668,856	
Transfers out	(3,784,668)		(6,307,997)	(10,092,665)	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(3,254,236)	8,535,886	(1,842,427)	3,439,223	
Doutees (Oses)	(3,234,230)	0,555,000	(1,072,721)	3,737,223	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,404,602	(231,523)	326,843	1,499,922	
Fund Balances, July 1	4,891,942	511,604	11,671,230	17,074,776	
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 6,296,544	\$ 280,081	\$ 11,998,073	\$ 18,574,698	

CARSON CITY, NEVADA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (page 11)		\$ 1,499,922
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities (pages 7-8) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and the proceeds		
from the sale of assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement		
of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated		
useful lives and only the gain or loss is recorded when assets are sold.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 6,145,143	
Donated capital assets	1,016,154	
Transfers of capital assets to business-type activities	(179,016)	
Sale/disposition of assets	(177,832)	
Less: Current year depreciation	(7,599,539)	
2000 Canton you depression	(1,055,055)	(795,090)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		(755,070)
resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.		
Change in deferred revenue		204,630
g		,,,,,
Bond and note proceeds and capital leases provide current financial resources		
to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the		
statement of net position. Repayment of bonds and note principal and		
capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment		
reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the		
amount by which bonds and notes issued and capital lease financing		
exceeded repayments and costs of issuance.		
Bonds issued	(33,036,700)	
Bond issuance costs	689,044	
Bond premiums	(840,062)	
Accrued interest	(420,779)	
Capital lease payments	18,233	
Interest payments	568,550	
Principal payments	5,694,368	
Payment to escrow agent for refunding	30,026,827	
rayment to eserow agent for fertiliding	30,020,027	2,699,481
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		2,077,401
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds.		
Amortization of loss on bond refunding	(149,849)	
Amortization of issuance costs	(91,496)	
Amortization of bond discounts	(7,032)	
Amortization of bond premiums	58,206	
Change in long-term landfill closure / post closure	(111,193)	
Change in net OPEB asset	(54,278)	
Change in net OPEB obligation	(2,383,978)	
Change in long-term compensated absences	(34,970)	
Change in long-term compensated absences	(34,970)	(2,774,590)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		(2,774,390)
activities to individual funds. The net income of the internal service funds		
is reported with governmental activities.		430,936
·		
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (pages 7-8)		\$ 1,265,289

CARSON CITY GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					VARIANCE		
	(ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FINA	WITH AL BUDGET
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	20,779,580	\$	20,779,580	\$	21,258,565	\$	478,985
Licenses and permits		6,818,525		6,818,525		6,513,296		(305,229)
Intergovernmental revenues		21,021,385		21,032,738		21,201,350		168,612
Charges for services		11,024,124		11,088,442		10,698,301		(390,141)
Fines and forfeits		738,300		738,300		895,935		157,635
Miscellaneous		983,600		1,397,171		1,524,791		127,620
Total Revenues		61,365,514		61,854,756		62,092,238		237,482
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		13,739,035		14,095,163		13,555,934		539,229
Public safety		26,767,447		27,600,970		27,385,405		215,565
Judicial		4,759,592		5,378,938		4,965,770		413,168
Public works		1,727,630		1,727,630		1,711,787		15,843
Sanitation		1,721,245		1,721,245		1,558,251		162,994
Health		2,409,012		2,793,839		2,137,576		656,263
Welfare		394,872		394,872		266,276		128,596
Culture and recreation		5,320,020		5,505,065		5,245,418		259,647
Community support		459,013		459,013		458,979		34
Capital Outlay		53,750		258,792		148,004		110,788
Total Expenditures		57,351,616		59,935,527		57,433,400		2,502,127
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		4,013,898		1,919,229		4,658,838		2,739,609
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Sale of capital assets		-		-		632		632
Transfers in		87,057		87,057		529,800		442,743
Transfers out		(3,800,169)		(3,800,169)		(3,784,668)		15,501
Contingency		(990,086)		(230,478)				230,478
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(4,703,198)		(3,943,590)		(3,254,236)		689,354
Net Change in Fund Balances		(689,300)		(2,024,361)		1,404,602		3,428,963
Fund Balances, July 1		3,556,881		4,891,942		4,891,942		-
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	2,867,581	\$	2,867,581	\$	6,296,544	\$	3,428,963

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	BUSINE				
	SEWER	WATER	OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,958,677	\$ 3,260,485	\$ 553,397	\$ 6,772,559	\$ 5,229,239
Receivables:					
Accounts and contracts, net	806,107	1,433,969	1,775,033	4,015,109	322,124
Due from other governments	320	436,134	-	436,454	-
Inventories	-	364,114	22,705	386,819	54,423
Prepaid items	21,880	5,126	1,391	28,397	17,907
Total Current Assets	3,786,984	5,499,828	2,352,526	11,639,338	5,623,693
Noncurrent assets:					
Other assets	169,950	486,744	82,951	739,645	70,000
Capital assets:					
Land	755,204	2,667,793	1,888,230	5,311,227	-
Buildings	15,294,301	4,558,519	590,143	20,442,963	-
Improvements other than buildings	99,605,666	92,927,924	7,454,497	199,988,087	-
Machinery and equipment	4,412,923	4,369,470	1,903,584	10,685,977	779,889
Water rights	-	18,712,116	-	18,712,116	-
Construction in progress	806,293	14,572,612	58,011	15,436,916	4,418
	120,874,387	137,808,434	11,894,465	270,577,286	784,307
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(56,207,261)	(37,862,493)	(2,120,725)	(96,190,479)	(212,901)
Net Capital Assets	64,667,126	99,945,941	9,773,740	174,386,807	571,406
Total Noncurrent Assets	64,837,076	100,432,685	9,856,691	175,126,452	641,406
Total Assets	68,624,060	105,932,513	12,209,217	186,765,790	6,265,099

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS								
		SEWER		WATER	EN	OTHER VTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	G	ACT INT SE	RNMENTAL IVITIES - TERNAL ERVICE UNDS
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities		¢ 204.74	0	¢ 527.025	ď	46 147	¢ 957.930	¢		170 140
Accounts pay	ries and benefits	\$ 284,74 80,88		\$ 526,925 85,514	\$	46,147 123,029	\$ 857,820 289,430	\$		179,140 44,884
Accrued inte		142,34		513,636		17,987	673,964			44,004
Due to other		142,54	1	858,732		3,000	861,732			13,179
Unearned rev	2	88	9	2,873		270,778	274,540			13,177
Other current		-		2,073		-	-			606,527
Current porti										000,027
•	ments payable	_		7,200		_	7,200			_
	l compensated absences	24,41	3	10,099		42,922	77,434			8,431
	obligation bonds and notes	,		.,		,-	, .			-, -
	vable	2,095,99	4	2,789,650		365,800	5,251,444			-
	Total Current Liabilities	2,629,27	2	4,794,629		869,663	8,293,564			852,161
Noncurrent liabili	ties:									
	ppensated absences	132,16	8	152,738		277,784	562,690			75,272
Net OPEB of	•	256,14		302,331		876,879	1,435,357			136,414
Other liabilit	-	-		_		-	-			45,151
General oblig	gation bonds									
and note	es payable	13,343,55	0	58,465,441		4,441,515	76,250,506			-
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,731,86	5	58,920,510		5,596,178	78,248,553	_		256,837
	Total Liabilities	16,361,13	7	63,715,139		6,465,841	86,542,117			1,108,998
NET POSITION Net investment in	canital									
assets	Cupitai	49,183,00	8	37,873,911		4,966,425	92,023,344			567,961
Restricted		-	O	-		-	-			3,637,121
Unrestricted		3,079,91	5	4,343,463		776,951	8,200,329			951,019
	Total Net Position	\$ 52,262,92	3	\$ 42,217,374	\$	5,743,376	100,223,673	\$		5,156,101
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.					(350,410)					
	Net position of business - type	e activities					\$ 99,873,263	ı		

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		DUSINE	33-111E ACTIVIT	ILS - ENTERINIS	ETUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL		
		SEWER	WATER	OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
Operating Revenue	es:							
Charges for ser		\$ 7,466,053	\$ 12,609,227	\$ 4,125,708	\$ 24,200,988	\$ 11,766,229		
Operating Expense	es:							
Salaries and w	ages	1,350,493	1,387,860	1,876,613	4,614,966	726,335		
Employee bene	efits	543,044	620,775	1,183,685	2,347,504	321,183		
Services and si	upplies	3,335,690	4,586,837	1,570,242	9,492,769	10,333,150		
Depreciation		3,218,810	3,067,251	358,685	6,644,746	76,993		
	Total Operating Expenses	8,448,037	9,662,723	4,989,225	23,099,985	11,457,661		
	Operating Income (Loss)	(981,984)	2,946,504	(863,517)	1,101,003	308,568		
Nonoperating Reve	enues (Expenses):							
Investment inc	* *	6,014	15,064	1,678	22,756	9,679		
Miscellaneous		7,500	16,993	6,102	30,595	175,499		
Interest expens	se	(490,023)	(2,178,866)	(178,700)	(2,847,589)	(484)		
Federal interes	t subsidy	2,013	242,008	-	244,021	=		
	sales of capital assets	(30,606)	· <u>-</u>	-	(30,606)	9,690		
Bond issuance	_	(21,439)	(34,567)	(7,569)	(63,575)	<u> </u>		
	Total Nonoperating							
	Revenues (Expenses)	(526,541)	(1,939,368)	(178,489)	(2,644,398)	194,384		
	Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(1,508,525)	1,007,136	(1,042,006)	(1,543,395)	502,952		
Capital Contribution	ons:							
Capital assets		_	50,750	179,016	229,766	_		
Capital grants		4,283	222,137	885	227,305	_		
Developers		-	107,474	-	107,474	_		
Connection fee	es	20,093	13,584		33,677			
	Total Capital Contributions	24,376	393,945	179,901	598,222			
Transfers:								
Transfers In		-	-	425,000	425,000	-		
Transfers Out				(1,191)	(1,191)			
	Total Transfers			423,809	423,809			
	Change in Net Position	(1,484,149)	1,401,081	(438,296)	(521,364)	502,952		
Net Position, July	1	53,747,072	40,816,293	6,181,672		4,653,149		
Net Position, June	30	\$ 52,262,923	\$ 42,217,374	\$ 5,743,376		\$ 5,156,101		
	Adjustment to reflect the conso fund activities related to ent		rvice		72,016	_		
	Change in net position of busi	ness - type activities			\$ (449,348)			
See accompany		VI	16					

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	BUSIN				
	SEWER	WATER	OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received for services	\$ 7,461,853	\$ 12,611,627	\$ 4,097,698	\$ 24,171,178	\$ 1,432,508
Cash received from Employee Contributions	-	-	-	-	1,744,315
Cash received from Employer Contributions	-	-	-	-	8,602,437
Cash payments for personnel costs	(1,859,126)	(1,937,619)	(2,811,630)	(6,608,375)	(1,012,769)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(3,215,770)	(4,353,466)	(1,579,417)	(9,148,653)	(10,165,304)
Miscellaneous cash received	7,500	16,993	6,102	30,595	175,499
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	2,394,457	6,337,535	(287,247)	8,444,745	776,686
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfer from other funds			423,809	423,809	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from capital debt	11,379	4,582,353	-	4,593,732	_
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	_	-	_	-	9,691
Connection fees	20,093	13,584	_	33,677	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(411,746)	(5,953,377)	(4,981)	(6,370,104)	(22,329)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,905,599)	(1,773,784)	(329,842)	(4,009,225)	(78,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(548,424)	(2,241,015)	(183,408)	(2,972,847)	(831)
Bond issuance costs	(12,839)	(1,138)	(6,393)	(20,370)	-
Federal interest subsidy	2,013	242,008	-	244,021	_
Subsidy from grant	4,283	222,137	885	227,305	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	(2,840,840)	(4,909,232)	(523,739)	(8,273,811)	(91,469)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment income	6,014	15,064	1,678	22,756	9,679
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	(440,369)	1,443,367	(385,499)	617,499	694,896
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	3,399,046	1,817,118	938,896	6,155,060	4,534,343
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 2,958,677	\$ 3,260,485	\$ 553,397	\$ 6,772,559	\$ 5,229,239

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

	BUSINI				
	SEWER	WATER	OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACT					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (981,984)	\$ 2,946,504	\$ (863,517)	\$ 1,101,003	\$ 308,568
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,218,810	3,067,251	358,685	6,644,746	76,993
Miscellaneous revenues	7,500	16,993	6,102	30,595	175,499
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable	(3,771)	(1,000)	(19,541)	(24,312)	19,394
Due from other governments	38,264	(57,297)		(19,033)	-
Inventories		(39,662)	(1,190)	(40,852)	55,805
Prepaid items	12,655	322,757	1,944	337,356	7,194
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable	69,442	(42,675)	(11,529)	15,238	(25,899)
Accrued salaries and benefits	(3,052)	904	545	(1,603)	(2,216)
Due to other governments	(441)	50,248	1,600	51,407	(40,760)
Unearned revenue	(129)	(415)	(8,469)	(9,013)	(1,023)
Connection deposits	(300)	3,815	-	3,515	-
Accrued compensated absences	(10,409)	12,317	43,370	45,278	173,539
Net OPEB obligation	47,872	57,795	204,753	310,420	28,233
Other liabilities					1,359
Total Adjustments	3,376,441	3,391,031	576,270	7,343,742	468,118
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	\$ 2,394,457	\$ 6,337,535	\$ (287,247)	\$ 8,444,745	\$ 776,686
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$ 44,574	\$ 43,339	\$ -	\$ 87,913	\$ 3,445
Purchase of capital assets due to other governments	-	763,885	-	763,885	_
Retainage payable on construction of		,		,	
capital assets	-	2,515	_	2,515	_
Contributed capital assets	-	158,224	-	158,224	-
1					

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND		
ASSETS			
Cash and investments			
Unrestricted	\$ 6,378,543	\$	1,295,707
Cash held by Commission	-		85,253
Accounts receivable	-		65
Taxes receivable, delinquent	-		566,022
Due from other governments	-		125,705
Prepaid items	 -		12,370
Total Assets	 6,378,543		2,085,122
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	-		25,236
Due to other governments	-		2,041,383
Other liabilities	 -		18,503
Total Liabilities	 		2,085,122
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for pool participants	\$ 6,378,543	\$	-

CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	VESTMENT UST FUND
ADDITIONS	
Investment income	\$ 21,624
Capital share transactions:	
Shares sold	 6,356,604
Total Additions	 6,378,228
DEDUCTIONS	
Capital share transactions:	
Shares redeemed	 4,378,321
Change in Net Position	1,999,907
Net Position, July 1	 4,378,636
Net Position, June 30	\$ 6,378,543

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Carson City (the City) is a consolidated municipality governed by an elected mayor and a four-member board, which comprise the Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year end.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT. The Redevelopment Authority is governed by a board comprised of the City's elected Board of Supervisors. The ad valorem tax rates and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the Redevelopment Authority and the Board of Supervisors and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the City. The financial statements of the Authority are reported as special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS. The Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau is responsible for the promotion of tourism in Carson City. The members of the Bureau's governing board are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Bureau is fiscally dependent upon the City since the Board of Supervisors sets the room tax rates and must approve any general obligation debt issuances. The Convention and Visitors' Bureau is presented as a governmental fund type.

The Carson City Airport Authority is responsible for the operations of the Carson City Airport. The members of the Authority are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the City since the Board of Supervisors is the recognized grantee for any Federal Aviation Administration grants awarded on behalf of the Authority and any property tax levies must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is presented as a governmental fund type.

Complete financial statements for each of the discretely presented component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau 1900 South Carson Street Carson City, Nevada

Carson City Airport Authority 2600 East Graves Lane, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Carson City considers all revenues, except grants, available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant revenues are considered available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, consolidated taxes, franchise fees, motor vehicle fuel taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues when eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Carson City Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate monies for the payment of general obligation bonds, notes and capital lease obligations of the City that are not required to be accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewer services provided to the residents of Carson City.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water services provided to the residents of Carson City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for group medical insurance, workers' compensation, liability and property insurance, and fleet management services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for the external portion of the investment pool administered by the City which includes assets held in trust for the school district.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for various local governments, special districts and individuals. Included are funds for property taxes, sales taxes, shared revenues and other financial resources for schools, special districts, and other state and city agencies.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and used and other charges between the City's business-type activities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include salaries and wages, employee benefits, services and supplies, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows presented for proprietary funds, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments, generally with original maturities of three months or less. Since all cash in proprietary funds is pooled with the rest of the City's cash and is available upon demand, all cash and investments in those funds are considered cash equivalents. The City considers cash purchases and sales of the following types of investments as part of its cash management program rather than part of its operating, capital, investing, and financing activities.

Pursuant to NRS 355.170 and 355.167, Carson City may only invest in the following types of securities:

- a) United States bonds and debentures maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- b) Certain farm loan bonds.
- c) Bills and notes of the United States Treasury and obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America or a corporation sponsored by the government maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- d) Negotiable and non-negotiable certificates of deposit from commercial banks and insured credit unions or savings and loan associations.
- e) Certain securities issued by local governments of the State of Nevada.
- f) Other securities expressly provided by other Statutes, including repurchase agreements.
- g) State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool.
- h) Certain bankers' acceptances, commercial paper issued by a corporation organized and operating in the United States, and money market mutual funds.

Investments are reported at fair value.

2. <u>Investment Pool Investment Income</u>

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis in the investment pool. Net realized gains (losses) on investments are the sum of differences between the cost (if purchased during the fiscal year) or the fair value of the investment at the beginning of the year, and the net selling price received for investments that are sold or matured.

The net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments in the investment pool is the difference between the cost (if purchased during the fiscal year) or the fair value of the investments at the beginning of the year, and the fair value of the investments at the end of the year.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Operating appropriations and subsidies are accounted for as transfers in the funds involved.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All funds employ the allowance method of recognizing bad debts. Management does not anticipate any material collection losses with respect to its accounts receivable balances in any fund, except the Ambulance Fund; and, therefore, the allowance in those funds is zero.

The Ambulance Fund accounts receivable are presented net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. All uncollectible accounts were written off during fiscal year 2013; therefore, there was no allowance for uncollectible accounts at June 30, 2013. Total uncollectible amount related to ambulance charges of the period amounted to \$1,073,954.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed the previous December. Taxes may be paid in four installments on the third Monday in August and the first Mondays in October, January, and March. Penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. On the first Monday in June, if the taxes remain unpaid, a Treasurer's Trustee Certificate is issued conveying the property to the Treasurer as Trustee, constituting a lien for back taxes and accumulated delinquency charges. A two year redemption period begins after the certificate placing such property in trust is issued. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by Statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest, and costs before sale. For property with taxes remaining unpaid at the end of the two year redemption period, Carson City may take a deed to the property and proceed to a tax sale. Secured roll property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes receivable from the delinquent roll years. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been established since management does not anticipate any material collection losses in respect to the remaining balances.

Accounts receivable for the discretely presented component units do not reflect an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The managements of the respective entities do not anticipate any material collection losses with respect to accounts receivable balances.

4. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

The City's policy is to value inventories in Governmental Funds at cost using the average cost method, while Proprietary Fund inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of Carson City's General Fund and Commissary Special Revenue Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted as the amounts are held for others.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of at least one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40-50
Improvements other than buildings	30-45
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	15-50

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. For current and advanced refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The City pays a portion of the employee's unused sick leave at the time of employee termination if provided for in the applicable Employee Association contract. Vacation pay and sick leave payoff are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

8. <u>Connection Fees</u>

It is the policy of the Board of Supervisors that new users hooking up to the water and sewer systems pay a "pro rata" share of the cost of the existing systems as calculated on the basis of "Equivalent Residential Customers." To this end, a connection fee is charged for new hookups to the water and sewer systems and the amounts are reported as capital contributions.

9. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance.

Fund Balance Classification:

In the governmental fund statements, fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- <u>Nonspendable:</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Supervisors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.
- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intended use for a
 specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has delegated the
 authority to assign fund balance for specific purposes to the City Manager or the Finance Director. This
 classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the
 General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

A minimum unrestricted ending fund balance of not less than 5% (with a goal of 8.3%) of total budgeted expenditures shall be included in the General Fund budget each fiscal year. An inability to meet this requirement must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

Spending Order of Fund Balances:

Fund balance classifications should depict the nature of the net resources that are reported in the governmental fund. Fund balance in individual governmental funds may be comprised of a single classification or many classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, it is the City's policy to expend restricted resources first then unrestricted resources.

Unrestricted fund balance includes the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications. When any of these amounts are available for expenditure, it is the City's policy to expend committed resources first, followed by assigned resources, then unassigned resources.

10. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in financial position and operations for the funds. Also, certain amounts presented in prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with current year's presentation.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental and proprietary funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before mid-February of each year, all agencies of the City must submit requests for appropriations to the Internal Finance Committee comprised of the City Manager, Finance Director, Deputy Finance Director and Treasurer in order that a budget may be prepared. Before April 15th, a tentative budget is submitted to the Board of Supervisors, the Redevelopment Authority, and the State of Nevada. The City then holds a series of public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than June 1st.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may request transfers of appropriations within the department's budget categories. Transfers of appropriations between department categories or functions within a fund may be made with the City Manager's approval. Transfers of appropriations between funds, from contingency accounts, or increases in budget appropriations require the approval of the Board of Supervisors or Redevelopment Authority. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level for governmental funds and the sum of operating and nonoperating expenses in the proprietary funds. There are no budgetary restrictions in the debt service funds regarding expenditures related to payments of principal and interest on long-term debt. The Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Total expenditures exceed those budgeted for the year in the Carson City Debt Service Fund by \$593,852. These overexpenditures were funded by revenues and available fund balance and are <u>not</u> apparent violations of NRS.

Total expenses exceed those budgeted for the year in the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund by \$255,194, an apparent violation of NRS 354.626.

Total expenses exceed those budgeted for the year in the Sewer Enterprise Fund by \$149,398, an apparent violation of NRS 354.626.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$5,513,414 and the bank balance was \$7,286,655. All of the bank balance was covered by FDIC, SIPC, or collateralized by the Office of the State Treasurer/Nevada Collateral Pool.

The carrying amount of deposits for discretely presented component units was \$823,333, and the bank balance was \$825,417.

All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the component unit's agent in the component unit's name, with the exception of \$71,036 at the Airport Authority which was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The City has a formal investment policy to establish guidelines for the prudent investment of City funds. Funds of the City will be invested in compliance with the provisions of Nevada Revised Statutes, Chapters 355.167 through 355.200, and other applicable statutes. Allowable investments are described in Note 1.D.1.

At year end, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	10+	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 3,031,858	\$ -	\$ 3,031,858	\$ -	\$ -	
U.S. Agencies	11,524,640	23,132	8,332,890	3,079,140	89,478	
Corporate Bonds	8,668,734	1,324,023	6,080,029	187,751	1,076,931	
Money Market Mutual Fund	692,274	692,274	-	-	-	
State of Nevada:						
Local Government						
Investment Pool	5,394,472	5,394,472	-	-	-	
Total	\$29,311,978	\$ 7,433,901	\$17,444,777	\$ 3,266,891	\$ 1,166,409	

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy states that portfolio maturities must be structured to avoid the forced sale of securities in any but the most severe circumstances. To this end, portfolio management procedures will provide for the projection of a "minimum liquidity requirement" for the City's operating fund.

The following procedures will be applied:

- Minimum Liquidity Requirement: This is defined as the total cash flow needed to pay City obligations for a period of four weeks. All securities to be included in the "minimum liquidity requirement" must mature within 28 days.
- Intermediate Market Investment: That portion of City funds remaining after deletion of the "minimum liquidity requirement" may be invested in the intermediate market, defined herein as instruments maturing between zero and ten years.
- No U.S. bonds, debentures, bills, notes, agency obligations or other securities, including those used as collateral for repurchase agreements, may have a maturity date of more than 10 years from the date of purchase. Securities purchased by money managers under the provisions of NRS 355.171 may have a longer stated maturity date.

Credit Risk. Funds invested with the State of Nevada Treasurer in the Local Government Investment Pool may be invested as permitted by Nevada Revised Statutes. City policy does not further restrict these investments. As of June 30, 2013, the City's investments in U.S Agencies were rated AA- by Standard and Poor's and A1 by Moody's Investors Service. The City's investment in the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is an unrated external investment pool with an average duration of 97 days. Of the City's investments in corporate bonds, \$3,170,428 was rated AAA, \$1,002,241 was rated AA, \$3,080,564 was rated A, and \$1,415,501 was unrated.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy states that no more than 20% of the total book value of the portfolio will be invested in a single security type with the exception of U.S. Treasury and government agency securities.

At June 30, 2013 the following investments exceeded 5% of the City's total:

Federal National Mortgage Association	\$4,005,361	13.66%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	6,798,926	23.20%

At year end, the discretely presented component units' investments and maturities were as follows:

State of Nevada Local Government	Fair Value	Investment Maturity Less Than 1 Year
Investment Pool	<u>\$ 423,054</u>	<u>\$ 423,054</u>
A reconciliation of cash and investments for the primary government follows:		
Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments		\$ 7,075 5,513,414 29,311,978
Less: Carrying amount of deposits held for component unit		34,832,467 (102) \$34,832,365
Cash and investments – governmental activities		\$19,936,049
Cash and investments – business-type activities		6,772,559
Cash and investments – investment trust fund		6,378,543
Cash and investments – agency funds Cash and investments – restricted		1,295,707
Casii and investments – restricted		449,507
		<u>\$34,832,365</u>

The State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is an external pool administered by the State Treasurer, with oversight by the State of Nevada Board of Finance. Investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is carried at fair value, which is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Carson City administers an external investment pool combining Carson City money with involuntary investments from the Carson City School District. Each participant's share is equal to their original investment plus or minus monthly allocation of interest income and realized and unrealized gains and losses. Interest allocation is calculated monthly and is based on the month end cash balances of each fund participating in the pool. The fair value and interest receivable allocations are calculated at year end and are based on the average monthly cash balance of each fund participating in the pool. The determination of realized gains and losses is independent of the determination of the net change in the fair value of investments and realized gains and losses on investments that were held by the governmental entity during a previous accounting period(s) but sold during the current period were used to compute the change in the fair value of investments for the previous year(s) as well as the current year. The participant's share and redemption value are calculated using the same method. The Board of Supervisors has overall responsibility for investment of City funds, including the Investment Trust Fund, in accordance with NRS 355.175. The Carson City Chief Investment Official is the Carson City Treasurer, under authority delegated by the Board of Supervisors. The City has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the period to support the value of shares. The external investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Summary of investments held in the external investment pool at June 30, 2013:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Principal Amount Number of Shares	Interest Rate	Maturity
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 3,031,858	\$ 3,028,000	0.25-1.25%	09/15/2014-12/31/2017
U.S. Agencies	11,524,640	11,702,368	0.5-6.3%	10/01/2013-09/25/2026
Corporate Bonds	8,668,734	8,486,051	0.0-6.95%	05/01/2014-7/10/2045
Money Market Mutual Fund	692,274	692,274	0.0-0.01%	07/01/2013
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool	5,394,472	5,394,472	Variable	07/01/2013
Total Pooled Investments	<u>\$29,311,978</u>			

External Investment Pool financial statements:

Statement of Net Position, June 30, 2013

Assets: Investments in securities: U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies Corporate Bonds Money Market Mutual Fund State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool Interest receivable	\$ 3,031,858 11,524,640 8,668,734 692,274 5,394,472 72,842		
Total Assets	\$29,384,820		
Net position consist of: Internal participants External participants	\$23,006,277 6,378,543		
Total Net Position Held in Trust for Pool Participants (Participant units outstanding, \$1.00/par)	<u>\$29,384,820</u>		
Statement of Changes in Net Position, Year Ended June 30, 2013			
Additions: Capital share transactions Investment income Realized gains (losses) Unrealized gains (losses) Total Additions	\$ 5,000,367 738,221 (174,166) (406,008) 5,158,414		
Deductions: Investment fees	49,318		
Total Deductions	49,318		
Net Increase in Net Position	5,109,096		
Net position:			
Beginning of Year	24,275,724		

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance			T 6	Balance
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2012	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$104,343,666	\$ 1,025,771	\$ (12,994)	\$ 24,795	\$105,381,238
Construction in progress – infrastructure	3,334,186	1,540,131	(117,733)	(934,091)	3,822,493
Construction in progress	1,486,999	413,774	(117,755)	(130,561)	1,770,212
Constitution in progress				(130,301)	
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	109,164,851	2,979,676	(130,727)	(1,039,857)	110,973,943
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	72,587,626	1,445,839	-	-	74,033,465
Improvements other than buildings	41,511,141	14,952	-	-	41,526,093
Machinery and equipment	29,795,871	1,759,962	(375,882)	56,811	31,236,762
Infrastructure	150,490,225	807,624		983,046	152,280,895
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	294,384,863	4,028,377	(375,882)	1,039,857	299,077,215
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(18,549,720)	(1,472,616)	_	_	(20,022,336)
Improvements other than buildings	(14,577,548)	(1,033,569)	_	_	(15,611,117)
Machinery and equipment	(19,392,680)	(2,190,925)	328,777	_	(21,254,828)
Infrastructure	(24,774,109)	(2,979,421)			(27,753,530)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(77,294,057)	(7,676,531)	328,777		(84,641,811)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated,					
Net	217,090,806	(3,648,154)	(47,105)	1,039,857	214,435,404
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,					
Net	<u>\$326,255,657</u>	<u>\$ (668,478)</u>	<u>\$(177,832</u>)	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$325,409,347</u>
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,239,385	\$ 71,842	\$ -	\$ -	5,311,227
Construction in progress	20,899,786	5,656,055	-	(11,118,925)	15,436,916
Water rights	18,392,116	320,000			18,712,116
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	44,531,287	6,047,897		(11,118,925)	39,460,259
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	20,442,963	-	-	-	20,442,963
Improvements other than buildings	188,563,669	305,493	-	11,118,925	199,988,087
Machinery and equipment	10,373,693	390,097	(77,813)	<u> </u>	10,685,977
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	219,380,325	695,590	(77,813)	11,118,925	231,117,027

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2012	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2013
Business-type activities (Continued):					
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	\$ (4,213,373)	\$ (416,690)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,630,063)
Improvements other than buildings	(78,681,763)	(5,433,655)	-	-	(84,115,418)
Machinery and equipment	(6,697,803)	(794,402)	47,207		(7,444,998)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(89,592,939)	(6,644,747)	47,207		(96,190,479)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	129,787,386	(5,949,157)	(30,606)	11,118,925	134,926,548
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$174,318,673</u>	\$ 98,740	<u>\$(30,606</u>)	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$174,386,807</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 303,265
Judicial	44,932
Public safety	1,575,397
Public works	3,304,890
Airport	343,021
Health	545,620
Culture and recreation	1,482,414
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	, ,
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	76,992
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	<u>\$7,676,531</u>
Business-type activities:	
Ambulance	\$ 74,420
Sewer	3,218,809
Water	3,067,251
Cemetery	16,232
Storm Drainage	262,640
Building Permits	5,395
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-type Activities	<u>\$6,644,747</u>

Construction commitments

The City was committed to construction projects in various funds, as of June 30, 2013, as follows:

Project Name Contract Number Vendor Name	<u>Bi</u>	d Award	Comp	e of Work leted as of 30, 2013	Cor	maining nmitment as of 230, 2013
Water Fund: Ormsby Booster Station #1011-218 Manhard Consulting, Ltd.	\$	84,798	\$	23,490	\$	61,308
Water Rights Purchase Consultants #1011-234 Resource Concepts, Inc.		245,000		127,299		117,701

Project Name Contract Number Vendor Name Sewer Fund:	Bio	d Award	Comple	of Work eted as of 30, 2013	Com	aining mitment s of 30, 2013
Highway 50 – Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation #1213-189 ARMAC	n \$	79,291	\$	-	\$	79,291
Regional Transportation Fund: Freeway Landscaping Project #1011-205 Rapid Construction	2	2,964,856	2,8	864,290		100,566
Quality of Life Fund: Carson City Multi-Purpose Athletic Comple #1112-120 Valentiner Crane	ex	326,800	1	100,598		226,202
Total	<u>\$ 3</u>	,700,745	<u>\$ 3,1</u>	115,677	<u>\$:</u>	<u>585,068</u>

Other Commitments:

On April 1, 1997, the City entered into an agreement with the State of Nevada, Department of Transportation (Highway Agreement No. R159-97-060) to help construct the Carson City Bypass. The City is funding this obligation through a \$.05 increase in the county motor vehicle fuel tax. The City intends to contribute a total of \$19 million plus interest. As of June 30, 2013 the City has contributed \$14,196,189.

In August 2004, the City and the State of Nevada, Department of Transportation (NDOT) added Amendment 1 to the above Agreement. The amendment provides for the following:

- The City shall pay to NDOT an amount of \$15,000,000, with payments beginning upon completion of the funding obligation for Phase I of the freeway as prescribed in Highway Agreement No. R159-97-060 and amended herein, estimated to start in 2011 and finish in 2026. For Phase 2, the City shall pay the tax based on a \$.03 levy in the county motor vehicle fuel tax. The amounts received from the additional \$.02 levy will be used to maintain Carson Street and Fairview Drive as described below.
- It is further agreed that the City will assume ownership and maintenance responsibility for Carson Street from approximately Arrowhead Drive in the north to the intersection of the Carson City Freeway at the Spooner Intersection to the south, upon construction completion to the point when vehicles are using Phase 2.
- The City also agrees to construct Fairview Drive to a minimum of four through lanes with turn lanes, from the terminus of Phase 2A at Fairview Drive to US 395/Carson Street, and to be responsible for maintenance of Fairview Drive.
- NDOT agrees to defer payment by the City of the current \$.05 tax as defined in Highway Agreement No. R159-97-060 from the period beginning July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2008, to allow the City to utilize the payments for the Fairview Drive improvements.

In December 2007, the City and the State of Nevada, Department of Transportation (NDOT) added Amendment 2. The amendment provides for the following:

- City agreed to assume ownership and maintenance responsibility of additional State streets in lieu of remaining payment due for Phase 1 in the amount of \$4.8 million dollars.
- Deferred payment of \$.03 tax to July 1, 2009, to allow construction of Fairview Drive.

In 2009, the City and the State of Nevada, Department of Transportation (NDOT) added Amendment 3. The amendment provides for the following:

- City agreed to take additional State streets for maintenance and forego pavement rehabilitation by NDOT of Carson Street in lieu of a portion of the remaining payment due for Phase 2 in the amount of \$7.9 million dollars.
- Deferred \$.03 tax payments for remaining \$7.1 million until completion of phase 2B.

As of June 30, 2013, Phase 2B had not yet been completed and, as such, the \$.03 tax payments mentioned above remain deferred.

Discretely presented component units

Activity for the Airport Authority for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				<u> </u>
Land	\$ 146,542	\$ -	\$ -	\$146,542
Construction in progress	145,846		<u>145,846</u>	
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	292,388		145,846	146,542
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	551,113	152,231	-	703,344
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	<u>(497,539</u>)	(40,686)		<u>(538,225</u>)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	53,574	111,545		165,119
Airport Authority Capital Assets, Net	\$ 345,962	<u>\$111,545</u>	<u>\$ 145,846</u>	<u>\$311,661</u>

Activity for the Convention and Visitors' Bureau for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2012	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Website	\$ 36,585	\$ -	<u>\$(36,585</u>)	<u>\$</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	161,388	_	_	161,388
Improvement other than buildings	8,729	_	8.729	101,500
Machinery and equipment	14,772	_	-	14,772
whenmery and equipment	11,772			
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	184,889			184,889
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(73,920)	(5,522)	_	(79,442)
Improvements other than buildings	(8,729)	(3,322)	_	(8,729)
1	` ' '	(1.706)	-	` ' '
Machinery and equipment	(11,938)	<u>(1,706</u>)		(13,644)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(94,587)	_(7,228)		(101,815)
Total Assets Being Depreciated, Net	90,302	(7,228)		83,074
Convention and Visitor's Bureau Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 126,887</u>	<u>\$ (7,228</u>)	<u>\$(36,585</u>)	\$ 83,074

C. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$103,056
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	6,973
	Total	\$110,029

The above interfund balances at June 30, 2013 are generally short-term loans to cover temporary cash deficits in various funds. They are expected to be repaid in the next fiscal year.

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Fund Primary government – General Fund	Payable Fund Component unit – Convention and	Amount
Filmary government – General Pund	Visitors' Bureau	<u>\$ 11,658</u>
Component unit – Airport Authority	Primary government – General Fund	\$226,763
Component unit – Airport Authority	Primary government – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	49,238
	Total	<u>\$276,001</u>

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In:				
	Carson			
	City Debt	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	
General	Service	Enterprise	Governmental	
Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Total
\$ -	\$3,028,272	\$425,000	\$331,396	\$3,784,668
\$ 529,800	\$4,142,779	\$ -	\$1,635,418	\$6,307,997
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,191	\$ 1,191
\$529,800	\$7,171,051	\$425,000	\$1,968,005	\$10,093,856
	Fund \$ - \$ 529,800 \$ -	General Fund City Debt Service Fund \$ - \$3,028,272 \$ 529,800 \$4,142,779 \$ - \$ -	Carson City Debt Fund Nonmajor Enterprise Funds \$ - \$3,028,272 \$425,000 \$ 529,800 \$4,142,779 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	General Fund Carson City Debt Service Fund Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ - \$3,028,272 \$425,000 \$331,396 \$ 529,800 \$4,142,779 \$ - \$1,635,418 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,191

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

D. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds. The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. Governmental-type general obligation bonds issued during the year include \$794,300 issued to refund the 2004 medium term Quality of Life bonds, \$1,100,000 issued for capital acquisitions, \$3,332,300 issued to refund the 2003 Highway Revenue bonds, and \$26,425,000 in 2013 Series A, B and C were issued to refund the following bonds:

2003Public Safety refunding bonds2003 Room Tax bonds2005A Sheriff/Hospital bonds2005 Parks Revenue bonds (Quality of Life Portion)2005A Capital Projects2005 Parks Revenue bonds (Softball Fields Portion)

Business-type general obligation bonds issued during the year include, \$1,436,500 issued to refund the 2009 medium-term Sewer Bonds, \$713,400 issued to refund the 2009 medium-term Stormwater Bonds. Business-type general obligation revenue bonds through the State Revolving Fund for capital improvements projects drawn and payable at June 30, 2013 total \$19,212,908 for water and \$2,748,556 for sewer after drawdowns during the year of \$4,582,352 (water) and \$11,378 (sewer). General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities	2.0-5.000%	\$ 22,470,000
Governmental activities - refunding	2.0-5.000%	38,875,000
Business-type activities	0.0-6.662%	54,643,606
Business-type activities - refunding	2.0-5.000%	23,645,000

Revenue Bonds. The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities:		
Regional Transportation	2.0-5.34%	\$ 18,897,000

Notes Payable. The City issues notes to provide funds for open space, various improvements, and vehicles and to refund Redevelopment debt. Notes payable outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities:		
Open Space Refunding	1.880%	\$ 502,700
Capital Projects	1.880%	882,600
Installment purchase agreement	2.650%	1,169,500
Business-type activities:		
Stormwater Drainage	1.880%	654,100
Sewer	1.880%	1,316,400

Pledged Revenues. The City has pledged specific revenues to repay bonds in governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental activities

The City has pledged 15% of the Consolidated tax revenue receipts for the repayment of various General Obligation Revenue bonds consisting of the Capital Improvement Bonds Series 2005, Refunding Bonds series 2010, and Refunding Bonds series 2013. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$52,952,491 payable through fiscal year 2033. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$3,366,148 and pledged revenues totaled \$2,973,770.

The City has pledged future 1/4 cent voter approved (Quality of Life) sales tax revenues to repay \$10,549,300 in Park Bonds Series 2005, Parks Refunding Bonds Series 2010, Parks Medium Term Refunding Bonds Series 2012, and Parks Refunding Bonds Series 2013. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for new parks facilities, to purchase open space and to improve and equip current parks facilities. The bonds are intended to be paid solely from the 1/4 cent tax revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 55% of the pledged revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$11,504,766. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$1,051,870 and pledged revenues totaled \$1,919,374.

The City has pledged future 1/8 cent sales tax revenues (NRS 377B), to repay \$15,000,000 in V&T Historical Bonds Series 2005. The bonds are intended to be paid solely from the 1/8 cent tax revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 100% of the pledged revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$14,522,359. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$1,116,844 and pledged revenues totaled \$959,874.

The City has pledged room tax to repay \$3,350,000 in Room Tax Refunding Revenue Supported Bonds. The bonds are intended to be paid solely from room tax and are payable through fiscal year 2023. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 28% of the pledged revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,770,564. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$340,369 and pledged revenues totaled \$1,199,474.

The City has pledged motor vehicle fuel tax revenues to repay \$2,645,000 in Highway Revenue (Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax) Improvement Bonds Series 2003; \$9,055,000 in Highway Revenue (Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax) Improvement Bonds Series 2008, \$7,900,000 in Highway Revenue (Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax) Subordinate Lien Improvement Bonds Series 2010, and \$3,332,300 in Refunding Highway Revenue (Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax) Subordinate Lien Refunding Bonds Series 2012. The bonds are secured solely from motor vehicle fuel tax and are payable through fiscal year 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 65% of the pledged revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$26,837,932. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$1,629,397 and pledged revenues totaled \$2,497,509.

Business-type activities

The City has pledged future sewer utility customer revenues, connection fees and investment earnings, net of specified operating expenses to repay \$26,566,358 in sewer utility system general obligation revenue bonds issued between fiscal years 1995 and 2013. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for expansion of, and improvements to, the sewer utility system. The bonds are intended to be paid solely from utility customer net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2032. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require as much as 100% of the utility's net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$17,803,617. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$2,375,099 and net pledged revenues totaled \$2,251,007.

The City has pledged future water utility customer revenues and connection fees and investment earnings, net of specified operating expenses to repay \$70,520,000 in water utility system general obligation revenue bonds issued between fiscal years 1998 and 2013. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for expansion of, and improvements to, the water utility system. The bonds are intended to be paid solely from utility customer net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2040. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require as much as 100% of the utility's net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$88,010,118. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$3,952,650 and net pledged revenues totaled \$6,266,837.

The City has pledged future storm drainage utility customer revenues and connection fees and investment earnings, net of specified operating expenses to repay \$6,848,400 in storm drainage utility system general obligation revenue bonds issued between fiscal years 2005 and 2013. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for expansion of, and improvements to, the storm drainage utility system. The bonds are intended to be paid solely from utility customer net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2025. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require as much as 100% of the utility's net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$6,012,595. For the current year, principal and interest paid for the bonds totaled \$498,000 and net pledged revenues totaled \$417,387.

Capital Leases. The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of office equipment. The net present value of minimum lease payments at year end was \$25,590.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Asset:	
Machinery and equipment	\$119,677
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(86,754</u>)
Total	<u>\$ 32,923</u>

Operating Leases. On June 4, 2010, the City entered into an agreement to lease office space for the period of three years and twenty-six days with lease payments beginning the month of July 2010. Current year expenses related to the lease are \$48,176. The City purchased the building using an Installment Purchase agreement for \$1,169,500 on April 24, 2013.

Compensated Absences. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Advanced Refundings. During the year ended June 30, 2013 the City had the following advanced refundings:

On September 26, 2012, the City issued \$3,332,300 of Highway Revenue (Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax) Subordinate Lien Refunding Bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$3,140,000 of highway revenue bonds. The refunding was undertaken to refund the "Highway Revenue (Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax) Improvement Bonds Series 2003" maturing on November 1, 2023. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$295,800. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, which is less than the life of the refunding debt. The advance refunding resulted in a decrease in total debt service payments over the next twenty years of \$256,996 and an economic gain of \$223,332. The total amount of the outstanding debt defeased and placed in an irrevocable trust at June 30, 2013 was \$3,338,628.

On May 30, 2013, the City issued \$16,520,000 of General Obligation (Limited Tax) Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A, to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$15,140,000 of general obligation bonds. The refunding was undertaken to refund the following "Carson City, Nevada General Obligation (Limited Tax) Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds (Additionally Secured by Pledged Revenues):

Series 2003A maturing on May 1, 2015	\$ 1,860,000
Series 2005A maturing on May 1, 2030	13,280,000

As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,968,054. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, which is less than the life of the refunding debt. The advance refunding resulted in a decrease in total debt service payments over the next seventeen years of \$987,848 and an economic gain of \$880,992. The total amount of the outstanding debt defeased and placed in an irrevocable trust at June 30, 2013 was \$16,667,442.

On May 30, 2013, the City issued \$3,350,000 of General Obligation (Limited Tax) V&T Recreation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B, to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$3,245,000 of general obligation bonds. The refunding was undertaken to refund the "Carson City, Nevada General Obligation (Limited Tax) Room Tax Revenue Supported Bonds Series 2003" maturing on June 1, 2023. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be

defeased and the liability has been removed from the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$130,369. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, which is less than the life of the refunding debt. The advance refunding resulted in a decrease in total debt service payments over the next twenty years of \$318,003 and an economic gain of \$295,162. The total amount of the outstanding debt defeased and placed in an irrevocable trust at June 30, 2013 was \$3,383,764.

On May 30, 2013, the City issued \$6,555,000 of General Obligation (Limited Tax) Park Refunding Bonds, Series 2013C, to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$6,120,000 of general obligation bonds. The refunding was undertaken to refund the "Carson City, Nevada General Obligation (Limited Tax) Park Bonds Series 2005" maturing on March 1, 2030. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$602,942. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, which is less than the life of the refunding debt. The advance refunding resulted in a decrease in total debt service payments over the next twenty years of \$322,444 and an economic gain of \$299,548. The total amount of the outstanding debt defeased and placed in an irrevocable trust at June 30, 2013 was \$6,636,993.

Conduit Debt. On March 4, 2002, October 1, 2003, and October 27, 2005, the City issued \$45,185,000, \$95,000,000, and \$15,000,000, respectively, in revenue bonds for Carson-Tahoe Regional Healthcare, a non-profit corporation. As of September 1, 2012 the City issued \$52,930,000 in Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds (Carson Tahoe Regional HealthCare Project) Series 2012 for the sole purpose of refunding \$20,180,000 of the March 4, 2002 Hospital Revenue Bonds (Carson-Tahoe Hospital Project) Series 2002 and \$39,035,000 of the October 1, 2003 Hospital Revenue Bonds (Carson-Tahoe Hospital Project) Series 2003A. The bonds issued pursuant to NRS Chapter 268, are not obligations of the City, nor shall they ever constitute a debt of the City and therefore have been excluded from the City's financial statements. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2013 was \$109,795,000.

Changes in long-term liabilities. Long-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable: General obligation revenue bonds:					
4.32% 2001 Energy Retrofit general obligation revenue bonds, due 05/28/12 - \$1,329,802	\$ 186,401	\$ -	\$ (186,401)	\$ -	\$ -
$2.9\ to\ 3.5\%$ Public Safety refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due $05/01/15$ - $\$4,895,000$	2,745,000	-	(2,745,000)	-	-
2.0 to 4.625% Room Tax general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 06/01/23 - \$4,150,000	3,505,000	-	(3,505,000)	-	-
3.0 to 4.4% Parks general obligation revenue bonds series 2005, due $03/01/25$ - $\$980,\!000$	715,000	-	(575,000)	140,000	45,000
3.0 to 4.625% Parks general obligation revenue bonds series 2005, due 03/01/30 - \$5,835,000	5,700,000	-	(5,615,000)	85,000	25,000
4.0 to 5.0% Sheriff/Hospital general obligation revenue bonds series 2005A, due 05/01/33 -\$18,000,000	18,000,000	-	(9,045,000)	8,955,000	150,000
4.0 to 5.0% Capital Projects general obligation revenue bonds series 2005A, due 05/01/30 - \$8,000,000	6,695,000	-	(4,485,000)	2,210,000	260,000
4.0 to $5.0%$ Refunding general obligation revenue bonds series $2005A$, due $05/01/22$ - $$8,040,000$	6,335,000	-	(5,000)	6,330,000	10,000
4.0 to 4.50% V&T Historical general obligation reventionds series 2005B, due 12/01/25 - \$15,000,000	11,710,000	-	(630,000)	11,080,000	655,000
2.0 to 3.5% Park refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2010, due $5/01/19$ - $\$2,\!505,\!000$	2,310,000	-	(305,000)	2,005,000	315,000
2.0 to 4.0% Various Purpose refunding general obligative revenue bonds series 2010, due 6/01/21 - \$4,705,000	4,435,000	-	(320,000)	4,115,000	510,000
2.2 to 3.5% Various Purpose refunding general obligative revenue bonds series 2013A, due 5/31/30 - \$16,520,000		16,520,000	-	16,520,000	1,030,000
2.0 to $2.5%$ Room Tax refunding general obligation revenue bonds series $2013B$, due $6/01/23$ - $$3,350,000$	-	3,350,000	-	3,350,000	280,000
2.0 to 4.0% Parks refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2013C, due 3/01/30 - \$6,555,000		6,555,000		6,555,000	50,000
Subtotal	62,336,401	26,425,000	(27,416,401)	61,345,000	3,330,000
Revenue Bonds:					
2.0 to 4.7% 2003 Highway Revenue motor vehicle fuel tax revenue bonds, due 06/01/23 - \$5,785,000	3,950,000	-	(3,400,000)	550,000	270,000
4.9% 2008 Highway Revenue motor vehicle fuel tax revenue bonds, due 11/01/27 - \$9,055,000	8,035,700	-	(261,500)	7,774,200	274,300
5.340% 2010 Highway Revenue motor vehicle fuel tax revenue bonds, due 11/01/29 - \$7,900,000	7,495,000	-	(254,500)	7,240,500	268,500
2.370% 2012 Highway Revenue motor vehicle fuel tax subordinate lien refunding bonds, due 5/01/24 - \$3,332,300	-	3,332,300	_	3,332,300	36,300
Subtotal	19,480,700	3,332,300	(3,916,000)	18,897,000	849,100
Notes Payable:				,,	
4.3387% Energy Retrofit Installment Purchase					
Financing dated 2/11/03, due 2/11/13 - \$802,500	136,067	-	(136,067)	-	-
3.25% Parks general obligation (limited tax) medium- term note dated 12/15/04, due 12/15/14 - \$3,028,000	850,800	-	(850,800)	-	-
1.97 to 2.8% Fleet general obligation (limited tax) medium-term bond, due 09/01/12 - \$452,000	78,000	-	(78,000)	-	-

Changes in long-term liabilities. Long-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable (Continued):					
3.97% General obligation (limited tax) Redevelopment Authority refunding note series 2006, due 5/1/2013 - \$1,654,300	\$ 295,500	\$ -	\$ (295,500)	\$ -	\$ -
1.88% Parks refunding general obligation (limited tax) medium-term note dated 7/18/12, due 12/15/14 - \$794,300	-	794,300	(291,600)	502,700	333,400
1.88% Refunding General obligation (Limited Tax) Redevelopment Authority refunding note series 2006, due 5/1/2013 - \$215,600	-	215,600	(215,600)	-	-
1.88% Capital Projects general obligation (limited tax) medium-term note dated 7/8/12, due 3/1/17 - \$1,100,000	-	1,100,000	(217,400)	882,600	214,400
2.65% Installment purchase agreement, building purchase, medium-term note dated 4/24/13, due 4/1/28 - \$1,169,500	<u> </u>	1,169,500	-	1,169,500	66,300
Subtotal	1,360,367	3,279,400	(2,084,967)	2,554,800	614,100
Deferred amounts:					
For issuance premiums For issuance discounts On refunding	586,222 (128,118) (480,333)	840,062 - (2,933,856)	(173,104) 128,118 327,063	1,253,180 - (3,087,126)	58,207 - 149,849
On retunding	(460,333)	(2,933,630)	327,003	(3,087,120)	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	83,155,239	30,942,906	(33,135,291)	80,962,854	5,001,256
Incurred but not Reported Claims Liability: Capital Leases: Landfill Closure/Post closure costs: Compensated Absences Payable:	54,156 43,823 3,135,760 4,367,810	- 111,193 4,578,011	(9,005) (18,233) - (4,534,309)	45,151 25,590 3,246,953 4,411,512	19,509 119,446 373,434
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	90,756,788	35,632,110	(37,696,838)	88,692,060	5,513,645
Business Type Activities: Bonds payable: General obligation revenue bonds:					
3.0 to 5.0% Water refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/15 - \$1,360,000	615,000.00	-	(145,000.00)	470,000.00	150,000.00
3.0 to $5.0%$ Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2003 , due $11/01/23$ - $$6,000,000$	550,000	-	(270,000)	280,000	280,000
3.5 to 4.2% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2005A, due 6/01/25 - \$9,000,000	6,620,000	=	(390,000)	6,230,000	405,000
4.0% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds, dated 1994 State of Nevada revolving loan, due 7/01/14 - \$2,400,000	452,518	-	(175,649)	276,869	182,745
3.825% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds, dated 1996 State of Nevada revolving loan, due 07/01/15 - \$2,120,000	522,525	-	(142,291)	380,234	147,786
3.23% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds, dated 1998 State of Nevada revolving loan, due 07/01/18 - \$6,096,302	2,634,643	-	(370,488)	2,264,155	382,551
3.0 to 5.0% Sewer refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2003, due 11/01/15 - \$1,410,000	635,000	-	(150,000)	485,000	155,000
3.0 to $5.0%$ Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 2003 , due $11/01/23$ - $$4,000,000$	370,000	-	(180,000)	190,000	190,000
3.0 to 4.25% Drainage general obligation revenue bonds series 2005B, due 06/01/25 - \$6,000,000	4,415,000	-	(260,000)	4,155,000	270,000

Changes in long-term liabilities. Long-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
General obligation revenue bonds (Continued):					
0% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2009 State of Nevada revolving loan, due 07/01/29 - \$3,400,000	\$ 3,216,216	\$ -	\$ (183,784)	\$ 3,032,432	\$ 183,784
6.662% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2010A, due 11/01/39 - \$10,100,000	10,100,000	-	-	10,100,000	-
2.0 to 4.125% Water refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2010B, due 11/01/21 - \$7,095,000	6,425,000	-	(435,000)	5,990,000	430,000
3.75% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2010E State of Nevada revolving loan due 7/1/2030 authorized up to - \$21,900,000	14,630,556	4,582,352	-	19,212,908	855,300
2.0-4.5% Sewer refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2010D, due 11/1/29 - \$2,690,000	2,320,000	-	(375,000)	1,945,000	390,000
3.75% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 2010F State of Nevada revolving loan due 7/1/2030 - \$2,748,556	2,737,178	11,378	(61,548)	2,687,008	125,312
4% Water general obligation revenue bonds series 2012, due 11/1/31 - \$3.750.000	3,750,000	-	(95,000)	3,655,000	135,000
4% Water refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2012, due 11/1/26 - \$11,565,000	11,565,000	-	(255,000)	11,310,000	270,000
3.966% Sewer general obligation revenue bonds series 2012, due 11/1/31 - \$2,250,000	2,250,000	-	(70,000)	2,180,000	80,000
4% Sewer refunding general obligation revenue bonds series 2012, due 11/1/23 - \$3,685,000	3,685,000		(240,000)	3,445,000	250,000
Subtotal	77,493,636	4,593,730	(3,798,760)	78,288,606	4,882,478
Notes Payable:					
1.97 to 4.81% Drainage general obligation (limited tax) medium-term bond, due 09/01/19 - \$848,000	713,000	-	(713,000)	-	-
1.97 to 4.81% Sewer general obligation (limited tax) medium-term bond, due $09/01/19$ - $\$1,600,000$	1,435,000	-	(1,435,000)	-	-
1.88% Drainage refunding general obligation (limited tax) mediuim-term bond, due 09/01/19 - \$713,400	-	713,400	(59,300)	654,100	95,800
1.88% Sewer refunding general obligation (limited tax) medium-term bond, due 09/01/19 - \$1,436,500		1,436,500	(120,100)	1,316,400	192,600
Subtotal	2,148,000	2,149,900	(2,327,400)	1,970,500	288,400
Deferred amounts:					
For issuance premiums	2,040,706	-	(165,104)	1,875,602	165,104
For issuance discounts	(10,304)	-	594	(9,710)	(595)
On refunding	(650,803)	(59,563)	87,318	(623,048)	(84,538)
Total bonds payable	81,021,235	6,684,067	(6,203,352)	81,501,950	5,251,444
Compensated Absences Payable:	594,846	597,918	(552,640)	640,124	77,434
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	81,616,081	7,281,985	(6,755,992)	82,142,074	5,328,878
Total debt	\$ 172,372,869	\$ 42,914,095	\$ (44,452,830)	\$ 170,834,134	\$ 10,842,523

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$83,703 of internal service funds compensated absences and \$45,151 of incurred but not reported claims liability are included in the above amounts.

Discretely presented component units

Long-term liability activity for the Airport Authority for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

		Balance			ъ.	4		Balance		e Within
	Jul	y 1, 2012	Ado	ditions	Re	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2013	Oi	ne Year
Airport lease agreement	\$	201,413	\$	-	\$	(6,240)	\$	195,173	\$	6,240
Prepaid lease Agreements		403,459	-			(13,542)		389,917		13,542
	\$	604,872	\$		\$	(19,782)	\$	585,090	\$	19,782

Long-term liability activity for the Convention and Visitors' Bureau for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Salance y 1, 2012	Ado	ditions	Re	eductions	Balance e 30, 2013	e Within ne Year
Compensated absences Lease obligations	\$ 62,142 2,400	\$	- -	\$	(40,788) (1,241)	\$ 21,354 1,159	\$ 1,159
	\$ 64,542	\$		\$	(42,029)	\$ 22,513	\$ 1,159

Payment requirements for debt service. The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all bonds outstanding of the primary government are as follows:

						G	OVERNMENT	`AL A	CTIVITIES							
		General C	Obliga	ation	Revenue			Notes					Capital			
		Revenu	e Boı	nds	 Во	nds			Pay	able			Lea	ises		
Year Ended																
June 30		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	P	rincipal		Interest	
2014	\$	3,330,000	\$	2,171,196	\$ 849,100	\$	848,009	\$	614,100	\$	52,043	\$	19,509	\$	3,436	
2015		3,390,000		2,157,226	888,800		808,236		453,900		41,931		6,081		258	
2016		3,440,000		2,045,662	928,600		768,550		290,500		34,450		-		_	
2017		3,620,000		1,916,487	968,000		729,171		296,500		28,436		-		_	
2018		3,760,000		1,788,730	1,009,100		687,953		71,500		23,374		-		-	
2019-2023		19,880,000		6,714,615	5,736,100		2,749,484		386,800		87,248		-		_	
2024-2028		14,245,000		3,489,673	7,287,900		1,283,003		441,500		32,808		-		_	
2029-2033	_	9,680,000		1,121,591	 1,229,400		66,526									
Total	\$	61,345,000	\$	21,405,180	\$ 18,897,000	\$	7,940,932	\$	2,554,800	\$	300,290	\$	25,590	\$	3,694	

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
		General	Oblig	ation		Notes						
		Revent	ie Bo	nds		Pay	able					
Year Ended June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest				
2014	\$	4,882,478	\$	2,769,794	\$	288,400	\$	33,889				
2015		4,880,634		2,614,284		292,400		28,422				
2016		4,814,318		2,457,900		298,900		22,857				
2017		4,373,802		2,295,954		305,000		17,169				
2018		4,128,452		2,152,193		310,000		11,379				
2019-2023		20,732,980		8,764,103		475,800		5,996				
2024-2028		18,489,950		5,238,188		-		-				
2029-2033		8,245,992		3,300,062		-		-				
2034-2038		5,150,000		1,708,249		-		-				
2039-2040		2,590,000		146,785				-				
Total	\$	78,288,606	\$	31,447,512	\$	1,970,500	\$	119,712				

E. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balances of the City's restricted asset accounts in the governmental funds are as follows:

	General	Commissary	<u>Total</u>
Funds held in trust	\$400,492	\$49,01 <u>5</u>	\$449,507

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. General liability insurance has a \$1,000,000 maximum coverage per occurrence, \$1,000,000 personal injury, and a \$2,000,000 general aggregate maximum benefit, with a self insured retention of \$100,000 per occurrence, with an annual aggregate retention of \$400,000. For property insurance, the policy limit is \$195,000,000 with a deductible of \$25,000 per occurrence. The earth movement policy limit is \$50,000,000 with a deductible of \$100,000 per location. The flood property policy limit is \$100,000,000 with a deductible of \$100,000 per location. The flood property – high hazard zone policy limit is \$5,000,000 with a \$500,000 per location deductible. Other coverage currently held by the City, including airport liability, auto physical damage, boiler and machinery and bonds on public officials, are insured without a deductible.

As of July 1, 2010, the City formed its own self-insured workers compensation program. This program exposes the City to various risks of loss related to large claims based on the health of their work force; therefore, an excess loss policy provides coverage. Statutory limits for worker's compensation coverage are \$1,000,000 for employer's liability limits with self-insured retentions of \$2,000,000 for police and fire employees and \$750,000 for all other employees, per accident. The City's total net position of the Worker's Compensation Fund were \$3,324,280 at June 30, 2013.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

The liabilities for claims and judgments are reported in the Workers' Compensation and Insurance Funds. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Current	2		als
	<u>Portion</u>	Portion	2013	2012
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 431,356 845,190 (670,019)	\$ 54,156 (9,015)	\$ 485,512 836,175 (670,019)	\$ 748,098 598,158 (860,744)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 606,527	<u>\$ 45,141</u>	<u>\$ 651,668</u>	<u>\$ 485,512</u>

Settlements have not exceeded coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

The City operates a Municipal Solid Waste Landfill. The operation of this landfill is regulated by both federal and state governments under Subtitle D (40 CFR Part 258) and NRS 444.556. Recognition of liability for closure and post closure care costs is based on landfill capacity used to date. This liability at June 30, 2013, \$3,246,953, is reported in governmental activities. It is estimated that the landfill will be used for an additional fifty years and that at June 30, 2013, approximately 37.57 percent of its capacity had been utilized. The City passes the EPA "financial assurance test" for local governments, and will self-assure payment for its obligations for closure, post closure, and corrective care costs. The estimated total current cost of closure and

post closure care, \$8,642,409 has been calculated in 2013 dollars in accordance with current federal and state regulations and will be adjusted each year for changes resulting from inflation, deflation or technology.

C. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not determinable, it is the opinion of the District Attorney, the City's counsel, that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment healthcare and life insurance benefits, like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future when it will be paid. The City recognizes the cost of postemployment healthcare and life insurance in the year when the employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the City's future cash flows.

Plan Descriptions. The City contributes to a single-employer defined benefit healthcare and life insurance plan, the City's Retiree Subsidy Plan (City's Plan), and an agent multiple-employer defined healthcare plan, State of Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program (PEBP). Both plans provide medical, dental, vision, accidental death and dismemberment, and life insurance benefits to eligible retired City employees and beneficiaries.

Benefit provisions for the City's Plan are established pursuant to NRS 287.023 and amended through Board resolution and contracts between the City and the various bargaining units. The City explicitly subsidizes the healthcare premiums pursuant to the City's Plan and contracts negotiated with various bargaining units. The City currently contributes toward the cost of coverage as follows:

- Firefighters who retire under Nevada PERS after July 1, 2002 and sheriff's department employees who retire under Nevada PERS after June 30, 2010, at age 47 or older and with 20 or more years of service receive a percentage of the medical, dental, vision and life insurance premiums for themselves and their dependents. The City pays 90% of the retiree group health premium until age 65, then 50% of the retiree's Medicare supplement medical premium. The City pays 50% of dependent coverage until age 65, then 25% of the dependent's Medicare supplement medical premium.
- All other employees who retire from the City with at least 10 years of service (including firefighters
 and sheriff's department employees not yet eligible or not qualifying for the benefits above) receive a
 subsidy of \$6 per month for each year of service toward the cost of their coverage. Retirees may
 elect to continue coverage for their spouse and other eligible dependents, but do so entirely at their
 expense.

Under state law, retiree loss experience is pooled with active loss experience for the purposes of setting rates in the City's Plan. The difference between the true claims cost and the blended premium is an implicit rate subsidy that creates an OPEB obligation for the City.

The City serves as a secondary carrier for retirees eligible for Medicare. Expenditures for post-employment healthcare and life insurance are recognized each month when premiums are paid. A summary of the premium rates for the City's Plan, as of July 1, 2012, are shown below:

Retirees Without Medicare	HMO	POS (In Area)	PPO (Out of Area)
Retiree	\$ 521.51	\$ 535.70	\$ 651.87
Retiree & spouse/both without Medicare	1,022.97	1,052.06	1,290.21
Retiree & spouse 1 without Medicare	927.09	952.48	1,160.23
Retiree & children without Medicare	986.50	1,013.73	1,236.66
Retiree & family/both without Medicare	1,566.60	1,611.08	1,975.15
Retiree & family/1 without Medicare	1,140.03	1,168.00	1,396.86

Retirees With Medicare	HMO	POS (In Area)	PPO (Out of Area)
Retiree	\$ 398.67	\$ 408.10	\$ 485.33
Retiree & spouse/both with Medicare	795.12	815.40	981.32
Retiree & spouse 1 with Medicare	927.09	952.48	1,160.23
Retiree & children with Medicare	976.17	1,003.01	1,222.66
Retiree & family/both with Medicare	994.66	1,016.99	1,199.77
Retiree & family/1 with Medicare	1,140.03	1,168.00	1,396.86

Benefit provisions for PEBP are established pursuant to NRS 287.023 and are subject to amendment by the State of Nevada each biennium. Pursuant to NRS 287.023 (as amended during the 2007 session of the Nevada Legislature), through November 29, 2008, retirees had the option to participate in the City's Plan for post-employment healthcare and life insurance benefits or to join PEBP offered by the State of Nevada. However, subsequent to November 29, 2008, retirees no longer have the option of joining PEBP, yet still retain the option to participate in the City's Plan. Local governments are required to pay the same portion of cost of coverage for those persons joining PEBP that the State of Nevada pays for those persons retired from state service who have continued to participate in the plan.

The City is required to provide a subsidy for their retirees that have elected to join PEBP. The subsidy is paid on the pay-as-you-go basis. Contribution requirements for plan members and the participating employers are assessed by the PEBP Board annually. The contributions required for PEBP subsidies depend on the date of retirement of prior years of PERS service for employees earned while working for the City. For retirees retiring prior to January 1, 1994, the subsidy is \$418.41. For those who retired on or after January 1, 1994, the subsidy depends on years of service and ranges from a minimum of \$118.16 for 5 years of service to a maximum of \$649.88 for 20 or more years of service. These subsidies are then allocated and billed to all applicable former employers of the retiree. The City's portion of the monthly subsidies ranged from \$0.61 to \$649.88 during the 2013 fiscal year.

Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost. The City has always and is currently funding the annual OPEB cost on a pay as you go basis for both plans. The net OPEB obligation attributable to governmental activities is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

The City's actuarial valuation for the plans was prepared from employee and retiree data as of June 2013. The number of participants as of June 30, 2013, the effective date of the OPEB valuation, is as follows:

	City Plan	PEBP Plan
Active employees	534	-
Retirees enrolled in City Plan	106	-
Retirees enrolled in PEBP	-	189

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plans, and the net OPEB obligations (assets), by plan, for fiscal year 2012-2013 and the two preceding years were as follows:

				Percentage of	Net OPEB
	Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Employer	Annual OPEB	Obligation
	Ended	Cost	Contributions	Cost Contributed	(Asset)
City Plan	6/30/11	\$ 2,606,177	\$ 439,128	16.85%	\$ 5,848,910
City Plan	6/30/12	\$ 2,759,432	\$ 520,063	18.84%	\$ 8,088,279
City Plan	6/30/13	\$ 3,214,280	\$ 491,649	15.30%	\$10,810,910
PEBP	6/30/11	\$ 546,763	\$ 627,309	114.73%	\$ (220,766)
PEBP	6/30/12	\$ 545,018	\$ 537,813	98.67%	\$ (213,561)
PEBP	6/30/13	\$ 565,075	\$ 510,797	90.40%	\$ (159,283)
Totals	6/30/11	\$ 3,152,940	\$ 1,066,437	33.82%	\$ 5,628,144
Totals	6/30/12	\$ 3,304,450	\$ 1,057,876	32.01%	\$ 7,874,718
Totals	6/30/13	\$ 3,779,355	\$ 1,002,446	26.53%	\$10,651,627

The net OPEB obligation (asset) as of June 30, 2013, was calculated as follows:

	City Plan	PEBP Plan	Totals
Normal Cost (Current Service Cost)	\$ 1,965,521	\$ -	\$ 1,965,521
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued			
liability	1,246,664	560,255	1,806,919
Total Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	3,212,185	560,255	3,772,440
Interest on the beginning net OPEB			
obligation (asset)	323,531	(8,542)	314,989
ARC adjustment	(321,436)	13,362	(308,074)
Annual OPEB cost	3,214,280	565,075	3,779,355
Contributions made	(491,649)	(510,797)	(1,002,446)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation			
(asset)	2,722,631	54,278	2,776,909
Net OPEB obligation (asset), beginning of	_		
year	8,088,279	(213,561)	7,874,718
Net OPEB obligation (asset), end of year	\$10,810,910	\$ (159,283)	\$10,651,627

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plans as of the latest actuarial valuation date (June 30, 2013) was as follows:

	City Plan	PEBP Plan	Totals
Accrued actuarial liability (a)	\$ 32,624,566	\$ 9,312,605	\$ 41,937,171
Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	-	-	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued			
Liability (a) - (b)	\$32,624,566	\$9,312,605	\$41,937,171
Funded ratio (b) / (a)	0%	0%	0%
Covered payroll (c)	\$ 32,019,089	N/A	N/A
Unfunded actuarial accrued			
liability as a percentage of			
covered payroll $([(a) - (b)] / (c))$	101.89%	N/A	N/A

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of the events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefits between the City and the plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

	City Plan	PEBP Plan
Actuarial valuation date	6/30/13	6/30/13
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost	Entry age normal cost
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	30 years, open	26 years, closed
Asset valuation method	N/A	N/A
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	4.0%	4.0%
Inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%
Projected salary increases	4.0%	N/A
Healthcare inflation rate * Medical – decreasing 0.5% each year until ultimate trend rate of 5% is reached.	Medical – 8.5% *	Medical – 8.5% *

E. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Carson City contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS), a cost sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada. PERS provides retirement benefits, disability benefits, and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. The Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, NV 89703-1599 or by calling (775) 687-4200.

Funding Policy. Plan members' benefits are funded under one of two methods. Under the employer pay contribution plan, the City is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan. The rate for those contributions was 23.75% for regular members and 39.75% for police and fire employee members on all covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The second funding mechanism for providing benefits to regular employees is the employer/employee paid contribution plan. Under this method, employees are required to contribute a percentage of their compensation to the plan, while the City is required to match that contribution. The rate for regular employees under this plan was 12.25% for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established by NRS

Chapter 286. The funding mechanism may only be amended through legislation. The City's contributions to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$10,207,624, \$10,067,471, and \$9,390,415, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year. The contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2011 under the employer pay plan was 21.5% for regular members and 37% for police and fire employees, and the employer employee paid contributions were 11.25% for regular members.

CARSON CITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

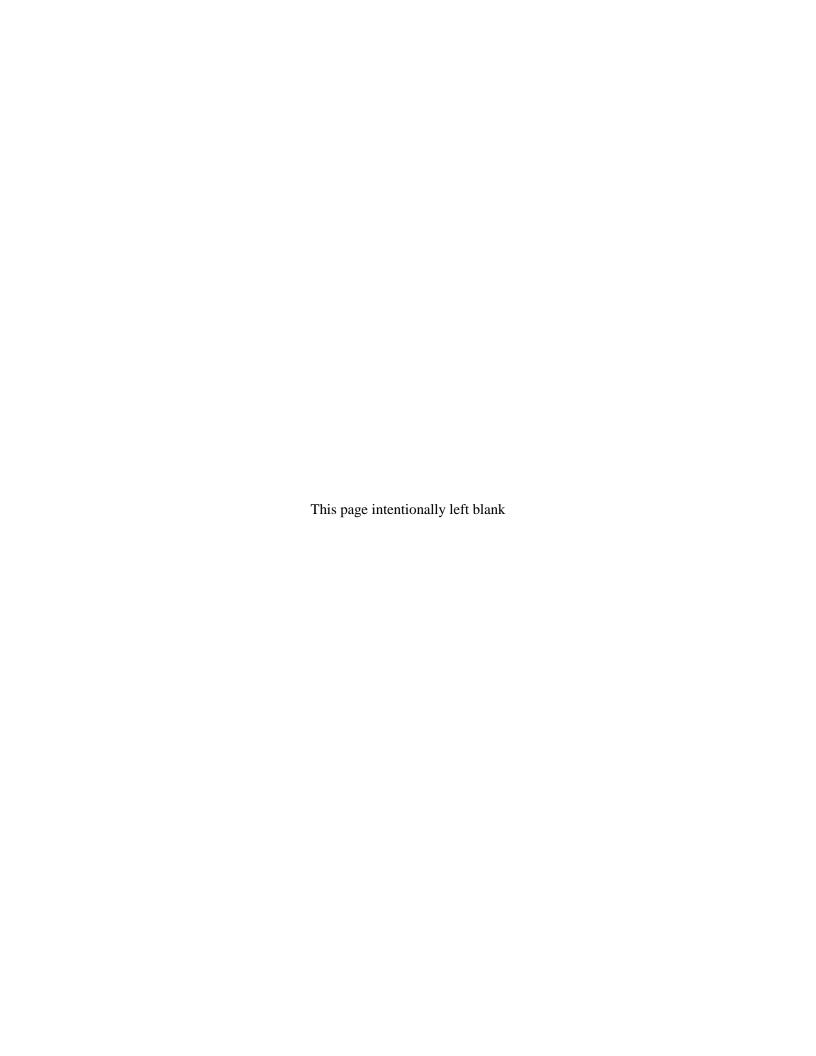
Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefits

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actua Valu Asset	e of	Lial I	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) - Entry Age rmal Cost (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	R	nded atio / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b - a] / c)
City Plan	6/30/13	\$	-	\$	32,624,566	\$ 32,624,566	\$	-	\$ 32,019,089	101.89%
PEBP	6/30/13				9,312,605	9,312,605		-	N/A	N/A
Total	6/30/13	\$	_	\$	41,937,171	\$ 41,937,171	\$	-		
City Plan	6/30/11	\$	-	\$	25,201,161	\$ 25,201,161	\$	-	\$ 31,833,256	79.17%
PEBP	6/30/11				9,426,565	9,426,565			N/A	N/A
Total	6/30/11	\$		\$	34,627,726	\$ 34,627,726	\$	-		
City Plan	6/30/09	\$	-	\$	20,788,605	\$ 20,788,605	\$	-	\$ 31,781,336	65.41%
PEBP	6/30/09				14,867,523	14,867,523		-	N/A	N/A
Total	6/30/09	\$	_	\$	35,656,128	\$ 35,656,128	\$	-		

Trend Analysis

The principal changes from the June 30, 2011 valuation to the June 30, 2013 valuation are:

- (a) Improvements in the mortality table resulting in longer life expectancies for City Retirees and PEBP retirees (increase);
- (b) updates of employees and premium data (increase);
- (c) an extension of paid dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for Sheriff's department retirees (increase);
- (c) a small increase in the assumed percentage of employees and their dependents who will elect coverage in retirement (increase); and
- (d) an update to the trend assumptions for future increases in medical premiums (increase).



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 1 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 20,779,580	\$ 21,258,565	\$ 478,985	\$ 17,385,373
Licenses and permits:				
Business licenses and permits:				
Business licenses	725,000	631,819	(93,181)	685,831
Liquor licenses	140,000	140,640	640	117,740
City / county gaming licenses	625,000	701,870	76,870	585,475
Right of way toll	183,750	189,271	5,521	184,009
Franchise fees:				
Gas	1,295,250	1,006,612	(288,638)	1,155,604
Electric	2,145,025	2,193,599	48,574	2,049,763
Telephone	912,000	819,731	(92,269)	859,587
Sanitation	405,000	406,764	1,764	403,046
Cable television	365,000	388,012	23,012	367,800
	6,796,025	6,478,318	(317,707)	6,408,855
Nonbusiness licenses and permits:				
Marriage licenses	15,000	13,755	(1,245)	14,658
Animal licenses	7,500	21,203	13,703	14,745
Mobile home permits		20	20	38
	22,500	34,978	12,478	29,441
Total Licenses and				
Permits	6,818,525	6,513,296	(305,229)	6,438,296
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal grants:				
Drug Enforcement				
Administration	-	908	908	785
Cooperative Patrol	-	-	-	2,450
Federal Child Nutrition	18,000		(18,000)	12,369
	18,000	908	(17,092)	15,604
Federal payments in lieu of taxes	110,000	116,138	6,138	119,008

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 2 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
State shared revenues: Consolidated tax revenues State gaming licenses Candidate filing fee	\$ 19,422,920 150,000	\$ 19,825,135 139,946	\$ 402,215 (10,054)	\$ 19,016,195 145,020 1,250
Court administrative assessments	93,818	117,047	23,229	86,640
	19,666,738	20,082,128	415,390	19,249,105
Other local government grants: Interlocal cooperative agreements	1,217,200	1,001,234	(215,966)	338,547
Other local government shared revenues: Miscellaneous other				
governments	20,800	942	(19,858)	31,952
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	21,032,738	21,201,350	168,612	19,754,216
Charges for services:				
General government:	25 000	16 225	(9.675)	10.470
Treasurer fees Clerk fees	25,000 173,000	16,325 164,515	(8,675) (8,485)	19,470 167,159
Recorder fees	206,500	255,653	49,153	224,148
Technology fees	30,000	33,156	3,156	28,149
Assessor commissions	218,000	224,187	6,187	179,680
Building and zoning fees	80,000	66,418	(13,582)	28,718
Public administrator fees	75,000	118,259	43,259	78,245
Administration fees	4,079,202	4,079,880	678	4,803,628
Miscellaneous	13,800	12,272	(1,528)	12,787
	4,900,502	4,970,665	70,163	5,541,984
Judicial:				
Drug Court	12,000	10,084	(1,916)	10,924
Court facilities	115,000	117,098	2,098	123,786
Justice civil fees	594,500	549,685	(44,815)	551,318
	721,500	676,867	(44,633)	686,028

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 3 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
D. I.I.				
Public safety: Police:				
Sheriff's fees	\$ 300,000	\$ 320,240	\$ 20,240	\$ 293,268
Fire	5,000	5,129	129	9,316
Protective services	113,600	145,146	31,546	149,110
2.1000011.00000	418,600	470,515	51,915	451,694
				- ,
Sanitation:	2 (52 740	2.061.229	((02.521)	2 100 216
Landfill fees	3,653,749	2,961,228	(692,521)	3,199,316
Health:				
Vaccine	147,000	193,070	46,070	180,242
Clinic services	95,000	131,391	36,391	130,129
Health inspection fees	60,000	47,199	(12,801)	48,224
	302,000	371,660	69,660	358,595
Culture and recreation	1,092,091	1,247,366	155,275	1,246,371
Total Charges for Services	11,088,442	10,698,301	(390,141)	11,483,988
Fines and forfeits:				
Library	1,500	332	(1,168)	-
Court	691,800	844,362	152,562	804,280
Animal services	45,000	51,241	6,241	45,878
Total Fines and Forfeits	738,300	895,935	157,635	850,158
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	100,000	26,786	(73,214)	63,720
Rents and royalties	92,600	92,935	335	88,815
Other	181,000	101,275	(79,725)	171,107
Gifts and donations	· -	74,931	74,931	122,311
Refunds and reimbursements	683,571	865,125	181,554	445,156
Penalties and interest - delinquent taxes	340,000	363,739	23,739	356,704
Total Miscellaneous	1,397,171	1,524,791	127,620	1,247,813
Total Revenues	61,854,756	62,092,238	237,482	57,159,844
Expenditures: General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of Supervisors:				
Salaries and wages	128,439	122,843	5,596	125,970
Employee benefits	78,304	75,675	2,629	72,914
Services and supplies	20,450	25,789	(5,339)	18,280
Total Legislative	227,193	224,307	2,886	217,164

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 4 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Executive: Clerk:				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	\$ 239,644 75,779 23,100	\$ 223,084 71,268 21,940	\$ 16,560 4,511 1,160	\$ 224,832 70,786 19,295
	338,523	316,292	22,231	314,913
Elections:				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	139,324 49,480 65,075	142,504 45,763 53,029	(3,180) 3,717 12,046	136,926 46,989 32,271
	253,879	241,296	12,583	216,186
Treasurer: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	287,434 123,217 52,780	288,346 119,198 40,581	(912) 4,019 12,199	287,393 116,933 58,742
	463,431	448,125	15,306	463,068
Recorder: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	242,868 106,612 83,153	242,083 104,308 39,557 1,900	785 2,304 43,596 (1,900)	243,563 101,868 41,738 6,300
	432,633	387,848	44,785	393,469
Assessor: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	453,239 184,176 35,106 101,648 774,169	451,582 181,847 55,150 	1,657 2,329 (20,044) 101,648 85,590	463,573 178,412 35,994 39,425 717,404
District Attorney:				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	1,523,949 613,720 107,988	1,482,744 595,367 95,398	41,205 18,353 12,590	1,418,670 556,122 84,292
	2,245,657	2,173,509	72,148	2,059,084
City Manager: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	294,700 124,714 154,610 574,024	254,748 105,516 159,284 519,548	39,952 19,198 (4,674) 54,476	268,176 106,619 208,025 582,820
Central Services:				
Services and supplies	1,766,579	1,756,194	10,385	1,592,197
Total Executive	6,848,895	6,531,391	317,504	6,339,141

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 5 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
	BODGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Finance:				
Finance: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	\$ 364,546 152,428 89,509	\$ 373,488 156,248 76,714	\$ (8,942) (3,820) 12,795	\$ 372,621 150,434 91,594
	606,483	606,450	33	614,649
Internal Auditor: Services and supplies	110,200	78,623	31,577	57,617
Durchasina				
Purchasing: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	88,985 36,158 8,762	86,723 36,525 6,707	2,262 (367) 2,055	94,323 36,961 6,691
	133,905	129,955	3,950	137,975
Human Resources: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	171,055 73,926 55,923 300,904	164,277 68,526 46,749 279,552	6,778 5,400 9,174 21,352	160,784 61,703 32,053 254,540
Total Finance	1,151,492	1,094,580	56,912	1,064,781
Other: Community Development: Planning: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	280,423 127,338 69,019	266,254 113,146 45,333	14,169 14,192 23,686	256,436 121,034 23,099 11,760
	476,780	424,733	52,047	412,329
Business License: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	97,436 50,250 16,750	92,619 43,130 9,398 145,147	4,817 7,120 7,352 19,289	96,333 46,215 12,426 154,974
Code Enforcement				
Code Enforcement: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	56,945 32,693 3,130	56,720 33,241 764	225 (548) 2,366	71,604 31,421 485
	92,768	90,725	2,043	103,510
Total Community Development	733,984	660,605	73,379	670,813

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 6 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012	
Automation Services: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	\$ 713,939 288,818 546,322 28,185	\$ 736,663 287,830 538,444 19,516	\$ (22,724) 988 7,878 8,669 (5,189)	\$ 719,725 274,891 498,512 815 1,493,943	
Geographic Information Systems: Services and supplies	279,000	270,067	8,933	271,000	
Public Defender: Services and supplies	1,387,024	1,366,126	20,898	1,281,167	
Public Safety Complex / Courthouse: Services and supplies Capital outlay	364,725	273,594 1,260	91,131 (1,260)	271,045	
	364,725	274,854	89,871	271,045	
City Hall: Services and supplies	119,760	78,552	41,208	91,404	
Northgate: Services and supplies	29,500	32,020	(2,520)	30,410	
Facilities Maintenance: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	711,259 271,497 404,112 1,386,868	686,912 241,868 418,364 1,347,144	24,347 29,629 (14,252) 39,724	725,174 258,255 458,722 1,442,151	
Records Management: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	80,586 23,605 15,100	79,600 23,051 13,860	986 554 1,240	81,362 22,339 15,624	
	119,291	116,511	2,780	119,325	
Total Other	5,997,416	5,728,332	269,084	5,671,258	
Total General Government	14,224,996	13,578,610	646,386	13,292,344	
iblic Safety: Sheriff: Administrative Services:					
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	480,077 310,995 526,799	539,439 290,350 414,042	(59,362) 20,645 112,757	523,350 270,634 366,916	
	1,317,871	1,243,831	74,040	1,160,900	

Public

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 7 OF 12)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012	
Investigations:	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012	
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,114,893	\$ 1,146,712	\$ (31,819)	\$ 1,179,330	
Employee benefits	618,680	614,148	4,532	628,801	
Services and supplies Capital outlay	253,429	299,563 1,999	(46,134) (1,999)	367,841	
Capital Gallay	1,987,002	2,062,422	(75,420)	2,175,972	
	1,987,002	2,002,422	(73,420)	2,173,972	
Operational Services:	2.542.050	2 (21 220	(07.460)	2.440.015	
Salaries and wages Employee benefits	3,543,870 2,183,611	3,631,339 2,165,185	(87,469) 18,426	3,449,915 1,987,589	
Services and supplies	461,678	542,923	(81,245)	473,172	
Capital outlay	41,228	39,501	1,727	25,665	
	6,230,387	6,378,948	(148,561)	5,936,341	
Detention Facility:					
Salaries and wages	2,089,013	2,196,734	(107,721)	2,117,946	
Employee benefits	1,247,579	1,248,479	(900)	1,198,022	
Services and supplies	296,981	342,924	(45,943)	294,054	
Capital outlay				10,023	
	3,633,573	3,788,137	(154,564)	3,620,045	
General Services:					
Salaries and wages	441,062	428,241	12,821	423,236	
Employee benefits	213,763	190,496	23,267	196,864	
Services and supplies	51,430	55,416	(3,986)	50,180	
	706,255	674,153	32,102	670,280	
Dispatch:					
Salaries and wages	1,156,394	1,080,731	75,663	1,102,320	
Employee benefits	463,963	419,866	44,097	399,797	
Services and supplies Capital outlay	203,190 7,100	149,376 7,100	53,814	176,680 26,725	
cupiui cuiui,	1,830,647	1,657,073	173,574	1,705,522	
	1,030,047	1,037,073	173,374	1,703,322	
Federal, Tri-Net Grant:	25.046	20 210	(2.272)	7 927	
Salaries and wages Employee benefits	35,046 91,199	38,318 82,583	(3,272) 8,616	7,837 86,277	
Services and supplies	18,504	20,590	(2,086)	24,430	
	144,749	141,491	3,258	118,544	
Total Sheriff	15,850,484	15,946,055	(95,571)	15,387,604	
			(
Fire: Administration:					
Salaries and wages	145,441	143,382	2,059	147,815	
Employee benefits	60,826	61,619	(793)	59,850	
Services and supplies	71,516	97,960	(26,444)	121,059	
	277,783	302,961	(25,178)	328,724	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 8 OF 12)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Operations: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	\$ 4,431,012 2,159,764 487,564	\$ 4,481,720 2,150,584 540,079	\$ (50,708) 9,180 (52,515)	\$ 3,972,748 2,090,685 453,865 32,400
	7,078,340	7,172,383	(94,043)	6,549,698
Prevention: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	217,475 82,602 43,578	187,010 64,589 38,858	30,465 18,013 4,720	219,464 79,932 33,836
	343,655	290,457	53,198	333,232
Warren Engine Co. No. 1: Services and supplies	5,820	3,093	2,727	406
Emergency Management: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	77,228 71,117 18,405	39,937 71,968 23,647 1,000	37,291 (851) (5,242) (1,000)	47,769 55,085 18,169
	166,750	136,552	30,198	121,023
Training: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	285,311 154,406 87,848	303,922 143,130 82,366 1,637	(18,611) 11,276 5,482 (1,637)	306,361 157,036 65,701
	527,565	531,055	(3,490)	529,098
Wildland Fire Management: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	178,772 15,625 335,604	127,475 14,188 226,563 2,000	51,297 1,437 109,041 (2,000)	53,355 4,158 47,221
	530,001	370,226	159,775	104,734
Total Fire	8,929,914	8,806,727	123,187	7,966,915
Corrections: Juvenile Probation: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	775,788 431,696 293,075	766,029 406,760 238,680	9,759 24,936 54,395	754,758 409,088 237,377
	1,500,559	1,411,469	89,090	1,401,223
Juvenile Detention: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	900,055 351,496 116,790	846,131 338,811 89,449	53,924 12,685 27,341	869,985 326,551 106,064
	1,368,341	1,274,391	93,950	1,302,600
Total Corrections	2,868,900	2,685,860	183,040	2,703,823
Total Public Safety	27,649,298	27,438,642	210,656	26,058,342

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 9 OF 12)

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Judicial:				
Juvenile Court:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 220,044	\$ 206,662	\$ 13,382	\$ 204,623
Employee benefits	94,230	93,571	659	87,110
Services and supplies	215,108	112,756	102,352	135,462
Total Juvenile Court	529,382	412,989	116,393	427,195
Justice Court:				
Salaries and wages	1,824,387	1,846,621	(22,234)	1,774,425
Employee benefits	842,113	815,399	26,714	760,521
Services and supplies	1,118,604	818,489	300,115	652,172
Capital outlay		48,290	(48,290)	
Total Justice Court	3,785,104	3,528,799	256,305	3,187,118
Alternative Sentencing:				
Salaries and wages	673,946	691,424	(17,478)	679,338
Employee benefits	289,713	268,368	21,345	287,939
Services and supplies	100,793	112,480	(11,687)	102,606
Total Alternative Sentencing	1,064,452	1,072,272	(7,820)	1,069,883
Total Judicial	5,378,938	5,014,060	364,878	4,684,196
Public Works:				
Engineering / Public Works: Public Works:				
Salaries and wages	1,033,019	997,184	35,835	1,499,309
Employee benefits	594,861	620,448	(25,587)	599,436
Services and supplies	99,750	94,155	5,595	86,251
Total Public Works	1,727,630	1,711,787	15,843	2,184,996
Sanitation:				
Landfill:	529,334	542 226	(12.802)	504 125
Salaries and wages Employee benefits	218,720	542,226 213,159	(12,892) 5,561	504,125 162,729
Services and supplies	973,191	802,866	170,325	818,471
Capital outlay	-	10,438	(10,438)	33,404
Total Sanitation	1,721,245	1,568,689	152,556	1,518,729
IIlah.				
Health: Public Health Administration:				
Salaries and wages	236,857	206,802	30,055	214,851
Employee benefits	95,693	93,914	1,779	91,459
Services and supplies	832,580	607,666	224,914	623,869
Total Public Health				
Administration	1,165,130	908,382	256,748	930,179
-9	,,0		,	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 10 OF 12)

	FINAL				
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012	
Medical:					
Salaries and wages	\$ 54,670	\$ 62,522	\$ (7,852)	\$ 53,815	
Employee benefits	23,401	28,268	(4,867)	22,291	
Services and supplies	426,735	266,034	160,701	260,057	
Total Medical	504,806	356,824	147,982	336,163	
T				,	
Environmental Health:	170 160	150 470	11 690	160.026	
Salaries and wages	170,168	158,479	11,689	169,026	
Employee benefits	81,202	58,601	22,601	75,421	
Services and supplies	12,916	9,465	3,451	5,581	
Total Environmental Health	264,286	226,545	37,741	250,028	
Animal Services:					
Salaries and wages	406,366	352,120	54,246	322,656	
Employee benefits	140,576	134,855	5,721	119,598	
Services and supplies	312,675	158,850	153,825	162,853	
Total Animal Services	859,617	645,825	213,792	605,107	
Total Health	2,793,839	2,137,576	656,263	2,121,477	
Welfare:					
Salaries and wages	88,985	64,509	24,476	96,878	
Employee benefits	30,108	29,516	592	27,989	
Services and supplies	275,779	172,251	103,528	272,650	
• •					
Total Welfare	394,872	266,276	128,596	397,517	
Culture and Recreation: Parks:					
Parks and Recreation Administration:					
Salaries and wages	377,780	378,502	(722)	392,216	
Employee benefits	185,925	171,385	14,540	161,025	
Services and supplies	38,219	28,035	10,184	26,532	
	601,924	577,922	24,002	579,773	
Ded Melanana					
Park Maintenance: Salaries and wages	511,371	550,800	(39,429)	527,080	
			17,652		
Employee benefits Services and supplies	233,228 486,578	215,576 466,213	20,365	220,946 424,888	
Capital outlay	400,370	1,668	(1,668)	523	
Capital Outlay			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	1,231,177	1,234,257	(3,080)	1,173,437	
Grants, Gifts, and Donations:					
Services and supplies	211,764	208,235	3,529	246,957	
Capital outlay	80,631	11,695	68,936	16,540	
	292,395	219,930	72,465	263,497	
Total Parks	2,125,496	2,032,109	93,387	2,016,707	
	_,120,.70	=,00 = ,100	,,,,,,,	=,510,707	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 11 OF 12)

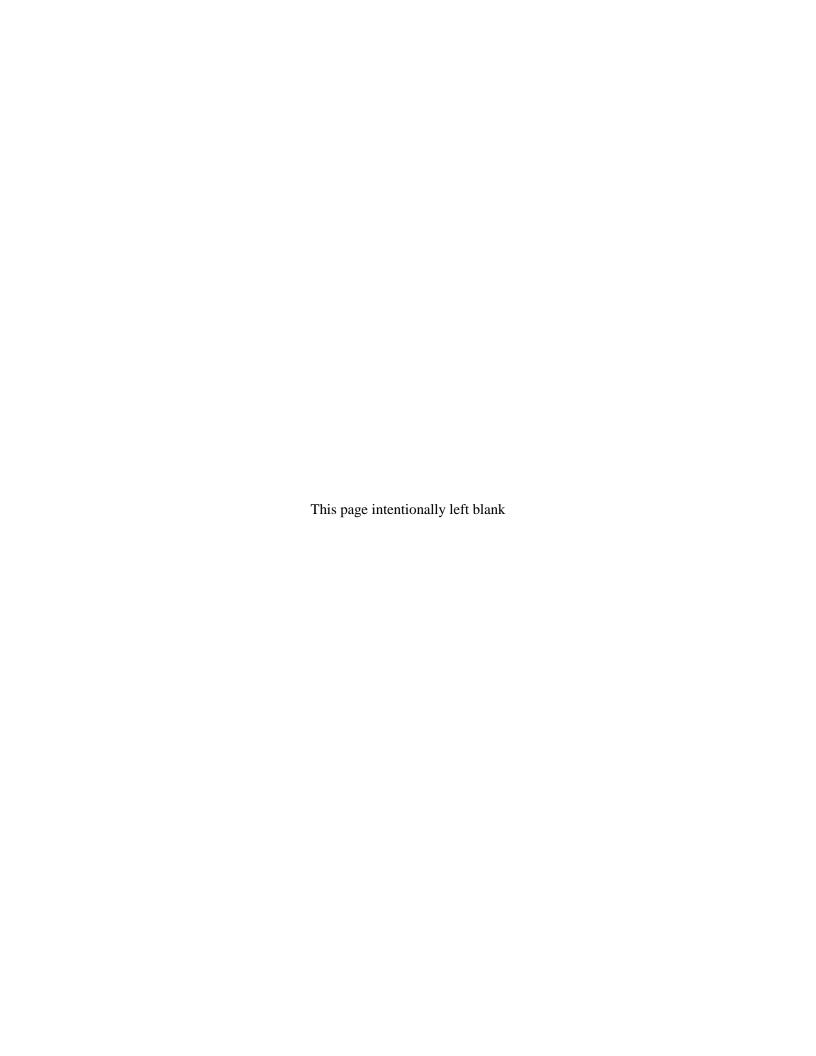
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Participant Recreation: Community Center: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	\$ 163,518 50,631 145,167	\$ 149,811 48,228 122,866	\$ 13,707 2,403 22,301	\$ 147,377 46,364 109,692
	359,316	320,905	38,411	303,433
Recreation: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	286,871 47,170 92,844	268,494 44,049 70,369	18,377 3,121 22,475	238,717 48,471 61,777
	426,885	382,912	43,973	348,965
Swimming Pool: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	326,048 83,616 269,113	330,605 81,696 198,686	(4,557) 1,920 70,427	327,544 78,899 201,421
	678,777	610,987	67,790	607,864
Ice Rink: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	35,000 1,051 60,590	30,459 997 43,280	4,541 54 17,310	25,760 949 41,877 16,936
	96,641	74,736	21,905	85,522
Sports: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	153,288 44,983 144,400	144,850 28,074 163,389	8,438 16,909 (18,989)	178,352 43,848 166,949
	342,671	336,313	6,358	389,149
Total Participant Recreation	1,904,290	1,725,853	178,437	1,734,933
Pony Express Pavilion: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	500 40 19,515	20,005	500 40 (490)	19,307
	20,055	20,005	50	19,307
Library: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	793,258 345,781 396,816	765,591 319,581 395,642	27,667 26,200 1,174	792,414 326,057 379,809 4,261
Treal C. Iv. and I	1,535,855	1,480,814	55,041	1,502,541
Total Culture and Recreation	5,585,696	5,258,781	326,915	5,273,488

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012) (PAGE 12 OF 12)

	FINAL							
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE		2012
Community Support:								
Support Services:								
Services and supplies	\$	459,013	\$	458,979	\$	34	\$	482,092
								,
Total Expenditures		59,935,527		57,433,400		2,502,127		56,013,181
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues over								
Expenditures		1,919,229		4,658,838		2,739,609		1,146,663
1						, , ,		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Sale of capital assets		-		632		632		-
Transfers in (out):								
Quality of Life Fund		72,057		34,800		(37,257)		28,387
Senior Citizens Fund		15,000		15,000		-		15,000
Redevelopment Revolving Fund		-		480,000		480,000		480,000
Capital Project Fund		-		-		-		(25,000)
Carson City Debt Service		(2.020.272)		(2.020.252)				(2.202.010)
Fund		(3,028,272)		(3,028,272)		-		(2,383,010)
Traffic Transportation Fund		(15,000)		(15,000)		-		(20,000)
Cemetery Fund		(75,000)		(75,000)		-		(75,000)
Carson City Transit Fund Grant Fund		(270,000) (61,897)		(270,000) (46,396)		15,501		(270,000)
Ambulance Fund		(350,000)		(350,000)		13,301		(650,000)
Insurance Fund		(330,000)		(330,000)		-		(250,000)
Contingency		(230,478)		-		230,478		(230,000)
Contingency		(230,478)				230,478		
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(3,943,590)		(3,254,236)		689,354		(3,149,623)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,024,361)		1,404,602		3,428,963		(2,002,960)
Fund Balances, July 1		4,891,942		4,891,942				6,894,902
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	2,867,581	\$	6,296,544	\$	3,428,963	\$	4,891,942



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet

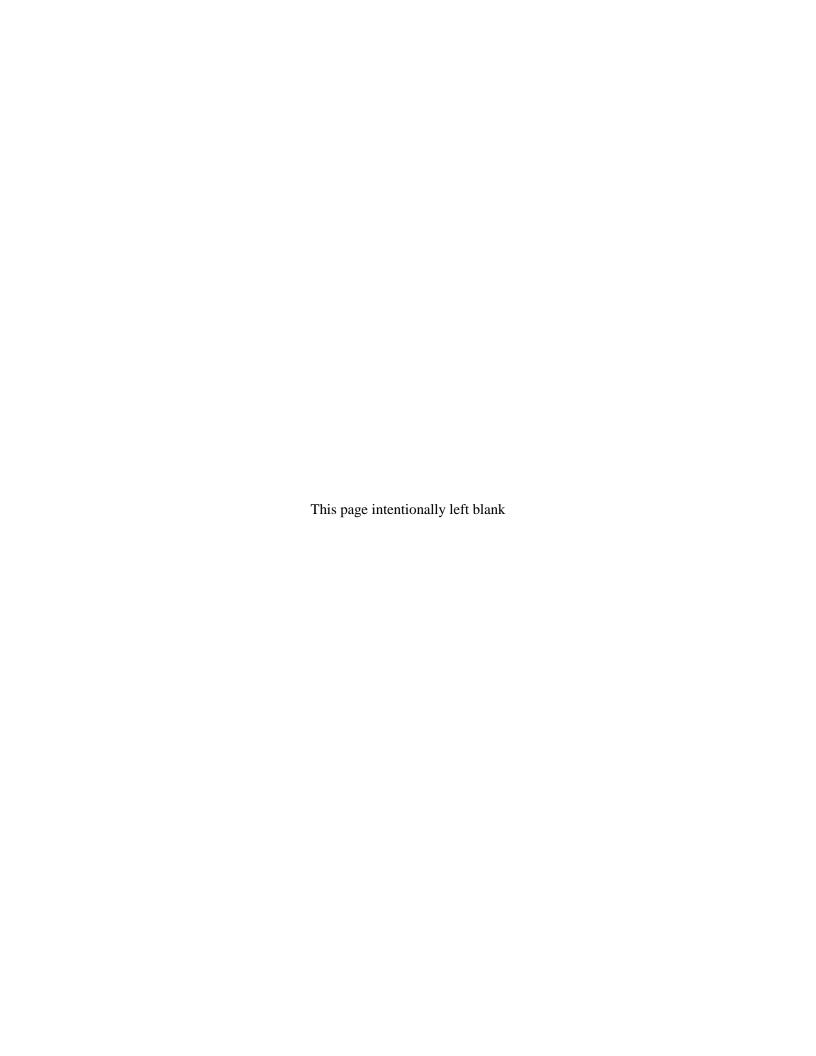
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

CARSON CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

AGGETG		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		REDEVELOPMENT DEBT		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS	Φ	0.505.010	Ф	216 611	Φ	407.600	Ф	10 217 510	
Cash and investments	\$	9,505,210	\$	216,611	\$	495,689	\$	10,217,510	
Receivables (net of allowances									
for uncollectibles):		00 171		45.510				120 (07	
Taxes, delinquent		92,174		47,513		-		139,687	
Accounts receivable		55,659		-		-		55,659	
Due from other funds		6,973		-		-		6,973	
Due from other governments		3,259,583		-		-		3,259,583	
Deposits		43,784		-		-		43,784	
Prepaid items		21,129		-		-		21,129	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments		49,015	_	<u> </u>				49,015	
Total Assets	\$	13,033,527	\$	264,124	\$	495,689	\$	13,793,340	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	786,022	\$	-	\$	49,492	\$	835,514	
Accrued salaries and benefits		230,414		-		-		230,414	
Due to other funds		110,029		-		-		110,029	
Due to other governments		238,485		-		-		238,485	
Due to component units		49,238		-		-		49,238	
Deferred revenue		82,732		41,562		-		124,294	
Unearned revenue		158,494		´-		-		158,494	
Payable from restricted assets		48,799		<u> </u>		_		48,799	
Total Liabilities		1,704,213		41,562		49,492		1,795,267	
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Deposits		43,784						43,784	
Prepaid items		21,129		-		-		21,129	
Restricted for:		21,129		-		-		21,129	
		171 150						171 150	
General government		171,150		-		-		171,150	
Public safety Judicial		563,722		-		-		563,722 45,137	
		45,137 1,461,390		-		-			
Public works				-		-		1,461,390	
Welfare		20,674		-		-		20,674	
Health		29,674		-		260.564		29,674	
Culture and recreation		8,121,445		-		269,564		8,391,009	
Redevelopment		80,428		222,562		164,993		467,983	
Committed to:		7.606						7.606	
Public safety		7,606		-		-		7,606	
Assigned to:									
Capital projects		310,266		-		11,640		321,906	
Public safety		43,956		-		-		43,956	
Other purposes		436,374		-		-		436,374	
Unassigned		(6,749)	<u> </u>	- -				(6,749)	
Total Fund Balances		11,329,314		222,562		446,197		11,998,073	
Total Liabilities and Fund									
Balances	\$	13,033,527	\$	264,124	\$	495,689	\$	13,793,340	

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Revenues: Taxes \$ 11,065,233 \$ 1,510,221 \$ 8,000 \$ 12,583,6 Licenses and permits 229,539 - - 229,539 Intergovernmental revenues 9,749,760 - - 9,749,760 Charges for services 350,883 - - - 350,8 Fines and forfeits 49,002 - - - 49,4 Miscellaneous 402,812 (683) 3,325 405,4 Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,6 Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 - - 684,7 Public safety 1,217,544 - 2,318 1,219,3	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Licenses and permits 229,539 - - 229,539 Intergovernmental revenues 9,749,760 - - 9,749,760 Charges for services 350,883 - - - 350,8 Fines and forfeits 49,002 - - - 49,0 Miscellaneous 402,812 (683) 3,325 405,4 Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,0 Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 - - - 684,7	454	
Intergovernmental revenues 9,749,760 - - 9,749,7 Charges for services 350,883 - - - 350,8 Fines and forfeits 49,002 - - - 49,4 Miscellaneous 402,812 (683) 3,325 405,4 Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,6 Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 - - - 684,7		
Charges for services 350,883 - - 350,8 Fines and forfeits 49,002 - - - 49,6 Miscellaneous 402,812 (683) 3,325 405,4 Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,6 Expenditures: Current: - - 684,7 General government 684,760 - - 684,7		
Fines and forfeits 49,002 49,005 Miscellaneous 402,812 (683) 3,325 405,405,405 Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,00 Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 684,760		
Miscellaneous 402,812 (683) 3,325 405,4 Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,0 Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 - - - 684,7		
Total Revenues 21,847,229 1,509,538 11,325 23,368,0 Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 684,760		
Expenditures: Current: General government 684,760 - 684,760	<u>454</u>	
Current: General government 684,760 684,760	092	
Current: General government 684,760 684,760		
	760	
Judicial 177,700 177,7		
Public works 5,539,798 5,539,7		
Health 2,603,862 - 2,603,8		
Welfare 1,747,807 - 1,747,8		
Culture and recreation 2,104,721 - 4,343 2,109,6		
Community support 298,735 298,		
Airport 45,765 - 45,7		
Economic opportunity 186,695 - 186,695		
Capital outlay 5,970,243 - 26,455 5,996,		
Debt service: 20,433 - 20,433 - 20,433 - 3,990,0	090	
	100	
Principal retirement - 511,100 - 511,		
Interest and fiscal charges - 76,976 - 76,95	976	
Total Expenditures 20,278,895 588,076 331,851 21,198,8	822	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
over Expenditures 1,568,334 921,462 (320,526) 2,169,3	270	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Refunding bonds issued - 215,600 - 215,600		
Debt issued 2,269,500 2,269,5		
Sale of capital assets 12,465 - 12,465		
Transfers in 1,108,005 - 860,000 1,968,000		
Transfers out $(4,487,997)$ $(1,340,000)$ $(480,000)$ $(6,307,9)$	997)	
Total Other Financing		
Sources (Uses) (1,098,027) (1,124,400) 380,000 (1,842,400)	427)	
Net Change in Fund Balances 470,307 (202,938) 59,474 326,8	843	
Fund Balances, July 1 10,859,007 425,500 386,723 11,671,5	230	
Fund Balances, June 30 \$ 11,329,314 \$ 222,562 \$ 446,197 \$ 11,998,0	073	



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Nonmajor Funds

Senior Citizens Center Fund - This Fund is used to account for the 1984 voter-approved tax override of five cents to provide for the construction, furnishing, equipment, operation, and ongoing maintenance of Senior Citizens facilities in Carson City.

Cooperative Extension Fund - This Fund was established in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 549.020 and is used to account for the City's share of the Cooperative Extension work which is funded by a one cent to five cent tax rate subject to Board of Supervisor approval.

Traffic Transportation Fund - This Fund was established in accordance with the Carson City Charter Section 2.240 and is used to account for monies received for parking fees and fines and may be expended only for the establishment, repair, and control of parking meters, facilities for parking, and any other appurtenances necessary for traffic control.

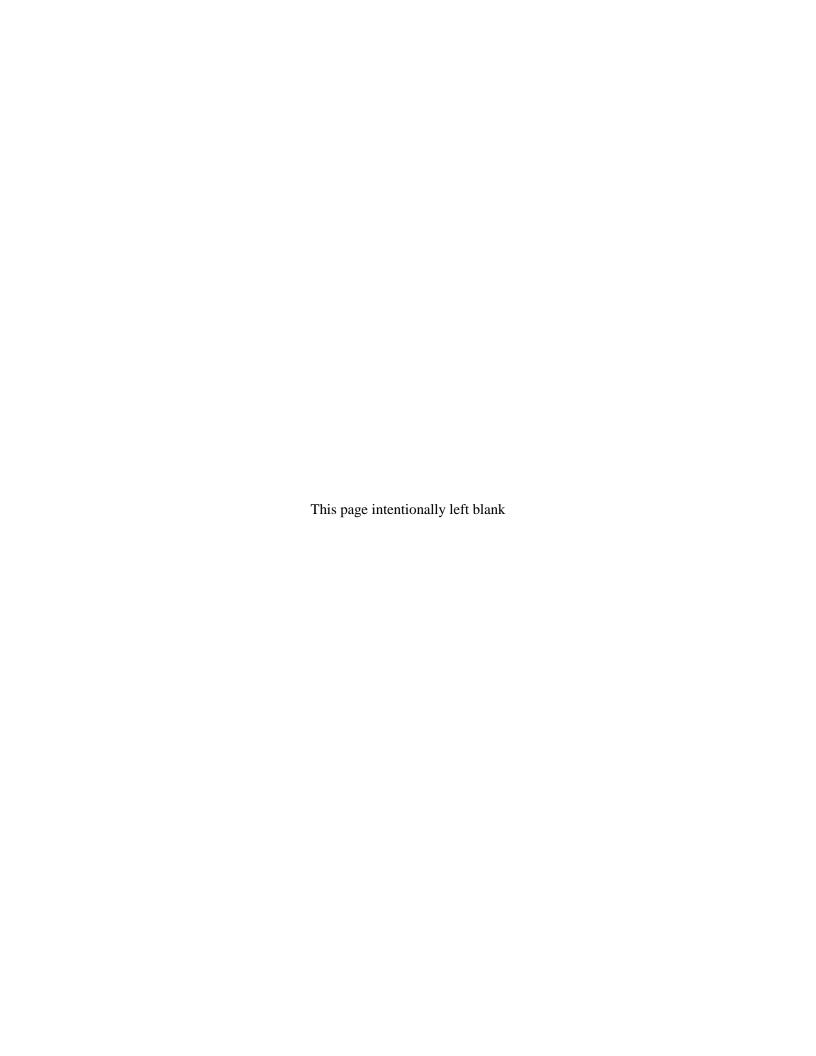
Supplemental Indigent Fund - This Fund is used to account for additional indigent expenditures other than General Fund requirements and for the collection and payment to the State of Nevada for the auto accident indigent ad valorem tax levy.

Library Gift Fund - This Fund was established in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 379.106 and is used to account for all gifts to the Ormsby Public Library.

Administrative Assessments Fund - This Fund was established by NRS 176.059 and is used to account for the City's share of assessments on misdemeanor convictions.

911 Surcharge Fund - This Fund was established in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 244A.7643 and is used to account for the 911 surcharge monies that may be expended only for the enhancement or improvement of the telephone system for reporting an emergency in Carson City County.

Capital Projects Fund - This Fund is used to account for the additional ad valorem tax imposed in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 354.598155 for the purpose of replacing major assets.



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Continued

Street Maintenance Fund - This Fund is used to account for the one-quarter percent (0.25%) retail sales and use tax for the sole purpose of maintaining and repairing public roads within Carson City; the one cent per gallon motor vehicle fuel tax approved by the voters in 1986 for the purpose of repairing or restoring existing paved roads, streets, and alleys; and the 3.60 and 1.75 cents per gallon motor vehicle fuel taxes collected in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes 365.180 and 365.190.

Redevelopment Administration Fund - This Fund is used to account for the operations of the Redevelopment Agency, which has been combined with Carson City for financial statement purposes.

Carson City Transit Fund - This Fund is used to account for transit grants, fares, donations, and additional City funding to be used for the sole purpose of providing public transportation services within Carson City.

Commissary Fund - This Fund is used to operate a commissary to allow the Sheriff to sell to the prisoners food, beverages, toiletries, and similar items as the Sheriff may approve. The Sheriff must expend the profits from the operation of the commissary only for the welfare and benefit of the prisoners in the jail.

V & T Special Infrastructure Fund – This fund is used to account for the 0.125% sales tax revenue that is pledged for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds known as the V & T Historical Bonds.

Campo Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures incurred related to the administration of Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration Metropolitan Planning activities.

Airport Fund - This Fund is used to account for Federal Aviation Administration grants awarded to the City.

Regional Transportation Fund - This Fund is used to account for the nine cent per gallon County fuel tax imposed in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 373.030. The monies are to be used for the purpose of street and highway construction.

Quality of Life Fund - This Fund is used to account for a voter approved onequarter percent (0.25%) sales tax for the purpose of acquiring open space and the construction and maintenance of park and trail facilities.

Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for state and federal grants.

CARSON CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 3)

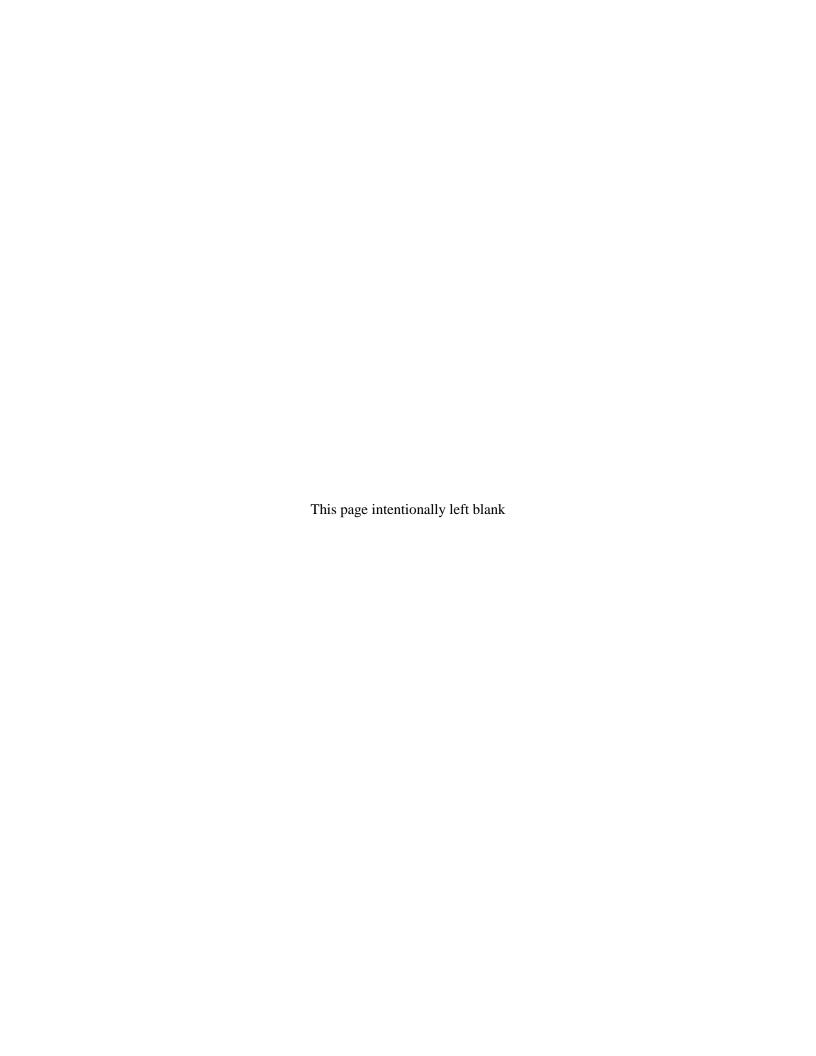
	SEN	IOR CITIZENS CENTER		PERATIVE TENSION		RAFFIC PORTATION	SUPPLEMENTAL INDIGENT	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments:								
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	387,248	\$	314,488	\$	11,111 -	\$	104,195
Taxes receivable, delinquent		20,233		5,174		-		46,544
Accounts receivable		632		1,050		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		7,273		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		255		7		1		
Total Assets	\$	408,368	\$	327,992	\$	11,112	\$	150,739
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	9,358	\$	2,306	\$	697	\$	8,592
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	12,640	Ψ	309	Ψ	2,808	Ψ	-
Due to other funds		,		-		-,		-
Due to other governments		-		28,983		-		100,367
Due to component units		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		18,160		4,643		-		41,778
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Payable from restricted assets		-						-
Total Liabilities		40,158		36,241		3,505		150,737
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Deposits		-		-		=		-
Prepaid items		255		7		1		-
Restricted for:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety Judicial		-		-		-		-
Public works		_		_		_		-
Welfare		-		-		-		2
Health		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		367,955		291,744		-		-
Redevelopment		-		-		-		-
Committed to:						7.000		
Public safety Assigned to:		-		-		7,606		-
Capital projects		_		_		_		_
Public safety		_		_		_		_
Other purposes		=		-		-		-
Unassigned		_		_		-		-
Total Fund Balances		368,210		291,751		7,607		2
Total Liabilities								
and Fund Balances	\$	408,368	\$	327,992	\$	11,112	\$	150,739

L	IBRARY GIFT	ADMII ASSI	NISTRATIVE ESSMENTS	911 CAP SURCHARGE PROJ		APITAL ROJECTS	
¢	222 105	\$	45 127	¢	545.069	\$	244 274
\$	223,105	Ф	45,137	\$	545,968 -	Ф	344,274
	-		-		-		20,223
	23,000		-		18,553		-
	-		-		-		6,765
	- -		650		734		-
\$	246,105	\$	45,787	\$	565,255	\$	371,262
		-					
\$	5,352	\$	-	\$	857	\$	42,845
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	- -		- -		- -		18,151
	-				-		-
	5,352				857		60,996
	-		- 650		- 734		-
	-		630		/34		-
	-		-		- 563,664		-
	-		45,137		303,004 -		- -
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		- -
	240,753		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		310,266
	=		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	240,753		45,787		564,398		310,266
\$	246,105	\$	45,787	\$	565,255	\$	371,262

CARSON CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 3)

	STREET MAINTENANCE		REDEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION		CARSON CITY TRANSIT	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments:						
Unrestricted	\$	80,196	\$	92,101	\$	84,315
Restricted		-		-		-
Taxes receivable, delinquent Accounts receivable		802		-		- 5,954
Due from other funds		- 002		-		5,954
Due from other governments		605,279		_		78,490
Deposits		-		-		-
Prepaid items		383		60		11,459
Total Assets	\$	686,660	\$	92,161	\$	180,218
LIABILITIES		_		_		
Accounts payable	\$	57,811	\$	3,805	\$	49,319
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	77,430	Ψ	7,868	Ψ	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		9,829
Due to component units		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-
Payable from restricted assets						-
Total Liabilities		135,241		11,673		59,148
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Deposits		-		-		-
Prepaid items Restricted for:		383		60		11,459
General government		_		_		_
Public safety		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-
Public works		551,036		-		109,611
Welfare Health		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Redevelopment		-		80,428		-
Committed to:				,		
Public safety		-		-		-
Assigned to: Capital projects						
Public safety		-		-		-
Other purposes		-		-		-
Unassigned						-
Total Fund Balances		551,419		80,488		121,070
Total Liabilities						
and Fund Balances	\$	686,660	\$	92,161	\$	180,218

COMMISSARY		V & INFRA	T SPECIAL STRUCTURE		САМРО	AIRPORT		
\$	5,979	\$		\$		\$		
Ф	49,015	Ф	- -	Ф	- -	Ф	-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		171,150		26,412		108,392	
	19,784 1		- -		- -		-	
\$	74,779	\$	171,150	\$	26,412	\$	108,392	
\$	9,209	\$	_	\$	3,381	\$	_	
Ψ	3,735	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
	-		-		6,973		- 59,154	
	-		-		-		49,238	
	-		-		-		-	
	48,799		<u> </u>		- -		-	
	61,743				10,354		108,392	
	19,784 1		-		-		-	
	1							
	-		171,150		-		- -	
	-		-		.		-	
	- -		-		16,058		- -	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		- -		- -		-	
	_		_		-		_	
	_		_		_		_	
	-		-		-		-	
	(6,749)		-		-		-	
	13,036		171,150		16,058		<u> </u>	
\$	74,779	\$	171,150	\$	26,412	\$	108,392	



CARSON CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 3 OF 3)

	REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION			QUALITY OF LIFE		GRANT		TOTAL
ASSETS								
Cash and investments:								
Unrestricted	\$	365,276	\$	6,901,817	\$	-	\$	9,505,210
Restricted	·		·	-	·	-		49,015
Taxes receivable, delinquent		-		-		-		92,174
Accounts receivable		-		-		5,668		55,659
Due from other funds		6,973		-		-		6,973
Due from other governments		604,911		357,037		1,293,874		3,259,583
Deposits		=		24,000		-		43,784
Prepaid items		421		1,867		5,291		21,129
Total Assets	\$	977,581	\$	7,284,721	\$	1,304,833	\$	13,033,527
LIADH IDIEG								
LIABILITIES	¢	101 420	Φ	21 402	\$	270 577	¢	796 022
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	181,430 11,045	\$	31,493	Þ	379,567	\$	786,022
Due to other funds		11,043		14,733		99,846 103,056		230,414 110,029
Due to other governments		=		6,302		33,850		238,485
Due to component units		-		0,302		33,830		49,238
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		82,732
Unearned revenue		_		_		158,494		158,494
Payable from restricted assets		_		_		130,474		48,799
r ayable from restricted assets								70,777
Total Liabilities		192,475		52,528		774,813		1,704,213
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Deposits		-		24,000		-		43,784
Prepaid items		421		1,867		5,291		21,129
Restricted for:								171,150
General government Public safety		-		-		58		563,722
Judicial		_		_		-		45,137
Public works		784,685		_		_		1,461,390
Welfare		-		-		-		2
Health		-		-		29,674		29,674
Culture and recreation		-		7,206,326		14,667		8,121,445
Redevelopment		-		-		-		80,428
Committed to:								7 40 4
Public safety		-		-		-		7,606
Assigned to: Capital projects								310,266
Public safety		-		-		43,956		43,956
Other purposes		- -		_		436,374		436,374
Unassigned		_		_		-		(6,749)
Total Fund Balances		785,106		7,232,193		530,020		11,329,314
		,						, ,-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	977,581	\$	7,284,721	\$	1,304,833	\$	13,033,527

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 3)

	SENIOR CITIZENS CENTER			PERATIVE FENSION	TRAFFIC TRANSPORTATIO	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	656,738	\$	168,116	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		7,274		-
Charges for services		-		-		=
Fines and forfeits		-		-		49,002
Miscellaneous		1,257		11,619	-	14,217
Total Revenues		657,995		187,009		63,219
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		_		-		-
Public safety		_		-		76,465
Judicial		-		-		-
Public works		_		-		_
Welfare		-		-		_
Health		_		-		-
Culture and recreation		543,244		159,345		-
Airport		-		-		-
Economic opportunity		-		-		-
Capital outlay		30,528				
Total Expenditures		573,772		159,345		76,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures		84,223		27,664		(13,246)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Debt issued		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		15,000
Transfers out		(163,400)		-		-
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(163,400)		_		15,000
Sources (Oses)	-	(103,400)				13,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(79,177)		27,664		1,754
Fund Balances, July 1		447,387		264,087		5,853
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	368,210	\$	291,751	\$	7,607

SUPPLEMENTAL INDIGENT		LIBRARY GIFT		IISTRATIVE SSMENTS	911 SURCHARGE	 CAPITAL PROJECTS
\$ 1,510,507	\$	_	\$	-		\$ 656,748
-		-		-	229,539	-
-		-		82,617	-	6,765
-		-		-	-	-
-		-		-	-	-
 3,301		91,625			1,260	 2,404
 1,513,808		91,625		82,617	230,799	 665,917
-		-		-	-	122,213
-		-		66,130	112,163	1,925 7,600
_		-		00,130	-	18,828
1,513,910		_		_	-	-
-		-		-	-	-
-		57,363		-	-	8,210
-		-		-	-	-
-		- 0.250		- 7.057	-	- 2 269 462
 <u> </u>		9,250		7,957		 2,368,463
1,513,910		66,613		74,087	112,163	2,527,239
 (102)		25,012		8,530	118,636	(1,861,322)
-		-		-	-	2,269,500
-		-		-	-	-
-		-		-	-	- (260 555)
<u>-</u>					<u> </u>	(368,755)
						1,900,745
(102)		25,012		8,530	118,636	39,423
 104		215,741		37,257	445,762	 270,843
\$ 2	\$	240,753	\$	45,787	\$ 564,398	\$ 310,266

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 3)

		STREET NTENANCE		LOPMENT STRATION	CARSON CITY TRANSIT	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	2,248,303	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		1,306,979		10,379		946,369
Charges for services		26,731		-		99,574
Fines and forfeits		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		1,038		12,120		28,217
Total Revenues		3,583,051		22,499		1,074,160
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-		511,191		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-
Public works		3,800,280		-		1,068,059
Welfare		-		-		-
Health		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Airport		-		-		-
Economic opportunity		-		-		-
Capital outlay		413		-		336,796
Total Expenditures		3,800,693		511,191		1,404,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures		(217,642)	-	(488,692)		(330,695)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Debt issued		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		4,465		-		8,000
Transfers in		275,000		480,000		270,000
Transfers out	-		-	-		
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		279,465		480,000		278,000
` '		,		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Change in Fund Balances		61,823		(8,692)		(52,695)
Fund Balances, July 1		489,596	-	89,180		173,765
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	551,419	\$	80,488	\$	121,070

COMN	COMMISSARY		V & T SPECIAL INFRASTRUCTURE		CAMPO		AIRPORT		EGIONAL SPORTATION
\$	-	\$	959,874	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,945,573
	-		100,000		296,585		406,842		1,751,881
	157,904 -		-		-		-		- -
	35,337		118						1,309
	193,241		1,059,992		296,585		406,842		4,698,763
	- 271,074		- -		-		-		-
	-		-		306,322		-		- 246 200
	-		-		306,322		-		346,309
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		- 15 765		-
	-		- -		-		45,765 -		- -
							361,077		1,709,255
	271,074				306,322		406,842		2,055,564
	(77,833)		1,059,992		(9,737)		-		2,643,199
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		20,418		-		-
	-		(1,059,315)		-		-		(1,886,477)
	-		(1,059,315)		20,418				(1,886,477)
	(77,833)		677		10,681		-		756,722
	90,869		170,473		5,377				28,384
\$	13,036	\$	171,150	\$	16,058	\$	-	\$	785,106

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(PAGE 3 OF 3)

	QUALITY OF LIFE	GRANT	TOTAL
Revenues:		·	
Taxes	\$ 1,919,374	\$ -	\$ 11,065,233
Licenses and permits	-	-	229,539
Intergovernmental revenues	44,695	4,789,374	9,749,760
Charges for services	-	66,674	350,883
Fines and forfeits	-	-	49,002
Miscellaneous	14,554	184,436	402,812
Total Revenues	1,978,623	5,040,484	21,847,229
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	-	51,356	684,760
Public safety	-	755,917	1,217,544
Judicial	-	103,970	177,700
Public works	-	-	5,539,798
Welfare	-	233,897	1,747,807
Health	-	2,603,862	2,603,862
Culture and recreation	931,397	405,162	2,104,721
Airport	-	-	45,765
Economic opportunity	-	186,695	186,695
Capital outlay	458,219	688,285	5,970,243
Total Expenditures	1,389,616	5,029,144	20,278,895
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	589,007	11,340	1,568,334
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Debt issued	-	-	2,269,500
Sale of capital assets	-	-	12,465
Transfers in	-	47,587	1,108,005
Transfers out	(1,010,050)		(4,487,997)
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	(1,010,050)	47,587	(1,098,027)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(421,043)	58,927	470,307
•			
Fund Balances, July 1	7,653,236	471,093	10,859,007
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 7,232,193	\$ 530,020	\$ 11,329,314

SENIOR CITIZENS CENTER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 644,696	\$ 656,738	\$ 12,042	\$ 704,308
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	5,000	1,257	(3,743)	5,853
Total Revenues	649,696	657,995	8,299	710,161
Expenditures:				
Culture and recreation:				
Participant recreation:				
Salaries and wages	200,532	200,482	50	200,907
Employee benefits	90,938	89,551	1,387	86,719
Services and supplies	269,906	253,211	16,695	261,480
Capital outlay	32,000	30,528	1,472	2,550
Total Expenditures	593,376	573,772	19,604	551,656
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	56,320	84,223	27,903	158,505
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out):				
General Fund	(15,000)	(15,000)	-	(15,000)
Carson City Debt Service Fund	(148,400)	(148,400)		(136,550)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(163,400)	(163,400)		(151,550)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(107,080)	(79,177)	27,903	6,955
Fund Balances, July 1	447,387	447,387		440,432
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 340,307	\$ 368,210	\$ 27,903	\$ 447,387

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL SUDGET	A	CTUAL	VA	VARIANCE		2012
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Ad valorem	\$ 165,252	\$	168,116	\$	2,864	\$	180,294
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Other local government grants:							
Interlocal cooperative							
agreements	 		7,274		7,274		
Miscellaneous:							
Refunds and reimbursements	 		11,619		11,619		11,762
Total Revenues	 165,252		187,009		21,757		192,056
Expenditures:							
Culture and recreation:							
Cooperative extension:							
Salaries and wages	10,390		4,358		6,032		5,617
Employee benefits	295		131		164		168
Services and supplies	 227,315		154,856		72,459		156,414
Total Expenditures	 238,000		159,345		78,655		162,199
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures	(72,748)		27,664		100,412		29,857
Fund Balances, July 1	 100,000		264,087		164,087		234,230
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 27,252	\$	291,751	\$	264,499	\$	264,087

TRAFFIC TRANSPORTATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL VARIANCE	
Revenues:				
Fines and forfeits:				
Fines:				
Court	\$ 50,000	\$ 49,002	\$ (998)	\$ 51,236
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	-	26	26	38
Rents and royalties	15,000	14,055	(945)	13,523
Other	-	136	136	42
	15,000	14,217	(783)	13,603
Total Revenues	65,000	63,219	(1,781)	64,839
Expenditures:				
Public safety:				
Sheriff - parking enforcement:				
Salaries and wages	49,673	47,837	1,836	47,902
Employee benefits	21,302	20,781	521	20,344
Services and supplies	10,027	7,847	2,180	8,797
Total Expenditures	81,002	76,465	4,537	77,043
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	(16,002)	(13,246)	2,756	(12,204)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in (out):				
General Fund	15,000	15,000		20,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,002)	1,754	2,756	7,796
Fund Balances, July 1	5,199	5,853	654	(1,943)
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 4,197	\$ 7,607	\$ 3,410	\$ 5,853

SUPPLEMENTAL INDIGENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 1,506,901	\$ 1,510,507	\$ 3,606	\$ 1,619,911
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	7,000	3,301	(3,699)	1,381
Total Revenues	1,513,901	1,513,808	(93)	1,621,292
Expenditures:				
Welfare:				
Institutional care:				
Services and supplies	1,514,005	1,513,910	95	1,621,333
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	(104)	(102)	2	(41)
Fund Balances, July 1	104	104		145
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 104

CARSON CITY LIBRARY GIFT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		 2012
Revenues:							
Miscellaneous:							
Investment income	\$	2,000	\$	459	\$	(1,541)	\$ 2,141
Donations and gifts		5,000		91,166		86,166	 74,056
Total Revenues		7,000		91,625		84,625	 76,197
Expenditures:							
Culture and recreation:							
Libraries:							
Services and supplies		210,741		57,363		153,378	69,439
Capital outlay		7,000		9,250		(2,250)	
Total Expenditures		217,741		66,613		151,128	69,439
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(210,741)		25,012		235,753	6,758
Fund Balances, July 1		215,741		215,741			208,983
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	5,000	\$	240,753	\$	235,753	\$ 215,741

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		2012
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues: State shared revenue: Administrative assessments	\$ 80,000	\$	82,617	\$	2,617	\$	87,340
Expenditures: Judicial:							
Services and supplies Capital outlay	 112,257		66,130 7,957		46,127 (7,957)		69,579
Total Expenditures	112,257		74,087		38,170		69,579
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(32,257)		8,530		40,787		17,761
Fund Balances, July 1	 37,257		37,257				19,496
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 5,000	\$	45,787	\$	40,787	\$	37,257

CARSON CITY 911 SURCHARGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		A	ACTUAL VARIANCE		2012		
Revenues: Licenses and permits: Franchise fees: Telephone	\$	205,000	\$	229,539	\$	24,539	\$	218,847
Miscellaneous:	<u> </u>				-	_ :,= :		
Investment income		2,000		1,260		(740)		4,690
Total Revenues		207,000		230,799		23,799	-	223,537
Expenditures: Public Safety:								
Services and supplies		147,500		112,163		35,337		238,859
Capital outlay		175,000		_		175,000		_
Total Expenditures		322,500		112,163		210,337		238,859
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(115,500)		118,636		234,136		(15,322)
Fund Balances, July 1		445,762		445,762				461,084
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	330,262	\$	564,398	\$	234,136	\$	445,762

CARSON CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL UDGET			RIANCE	CE 2012		
Revenues: Taxes: Ad valorem	\$ 644,696	\$	656,748	\$	12,052	\$	704,316
Intergovernmental revenues: State grants	 7,135		6,765		(370)		
Miscellaneous: Investment income	5,000		2,404		(2,596)		7,622
Total Revenues	 656,831		665,917		9,086		711,938
Expenditures: General government: Services and supplies Capital Outlay	 20,165 395,505		122,213 84,412		(102,048) 311,093		63,177 433,519
	 415,670		206,625		209,045		496,696
Public safety: Services and supplies Capital outlay	36,479 290,000		1,925 310,315		34,554 (20,315)		26,255
	326,479		312,240		14,239		26,255
Judicial: Services and supplies Capital outlay	 50,000		7,600 41,186 48,786		(7,600) 8,814 1,214		<u>-</u>
D.I.	 30,000		40,700		1,214		
Public works: Services and supplies Capital outlay	17,000 745,000		18,828 727,357		(1,828) 17,643		67,393
	762,000		746,185		15,815		67,393
Culture and recreation: Services and supplies Capital outlay	 5,523 94,247		8,210 33,081		(2,687) 61,166		9,918
	 99,770		41,291		58,479		9,918
Economic opportunity: Capital outlay	 1,250,000		1,172,112		77,888		
Total Expenditures	 2,903,919		2,527,239		376,680		600,262
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (2,247,088)		(1,861,322)		385,766		111,676

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Debt issued Transfers in (out):	2,350,000	2,269,500	(80,500)	-
General Fund Carson City Debt Service Fund	(368,755)	(368,755)	- -	25,000 (747,407)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,981,245	1,900,745	(80,500)	(722,407)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(265,843)	39,423	305,266	(610,731)
Fund Balances, July 1	270,843	270,843		881,574
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 5,000	\$ 310,266	\$ 305,266	\$ 270,843

STREET MAINTENANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues: Taxes:				
County option motor vehicle fuel tax Sales tax, voter approved	\$ 333,627 1,882,365	\$ 328,931 1,919,372	\$ (4,696) 37,007	\$ 331,917 1,836,611
	2,215,992	2,248,303	32,311	2,168,528
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal grants State shared revenues:	4,700	54,507	49,807	216,558
Motor vehicle fuel tax Other local government grants	1,194,645 50,400	1,188,366 64,106	(6,279) 13,706	1,191,019 74,069
	1,249,745	1,306,979	57,234	1,481,646
Charges for services	40,000	26,731	(13,269)	150,067
Miscellaneous: Investment income Refunds and reimbursements	200	120 918	(80) 918	32 902
	200	1,038	838	934
Total Revenues	3,505,937	3,583,051	77,114	3,801,175
Expenditures: Public works: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	1,230,951 496,219 2,025,251 100,000	1,210,145 466,470 2,123,665 413	20,806 29,749 (98,414) 99,587	1,215,925 451,783 1,925,766 30,337
Total Expenditures	3,852,421	3,800,693	51,728	3,623,811
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(346,484)	(217,642)	128,842	177,364
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets Transfers in (out):	-	4,465	4,465	-
Regional Transportation Fund	275,000	275,000		200,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	275,000	279,465	4,465	200,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(71,484)	61,823	133,307	377,364
Fund Balances, July 1	170,048	489,596	319,548	112,232
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 98,564	\$ 551,419	\$ 452,855	\$ 489,596

REDEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL							
	BU	JDGET	A	CTUAL	VAR	IANCE		2012
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Other local government grants	\$	5,379	\$	10,379	\$	5,000	\$	5,379
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income		2,000		950		(1,050)		2,251
Other		11,000		11,170		170		11,500
		13,000		12,120		(880)		13,751
Total Revenues		18,379		22,499		4,120		19,130
Expenditures:								
General government:								
Salaries and wages		170,112		161,818		8,294		170,119
Employee benefits		70,841		64,892		5,949		67,250
Services and supplies		314,645		284,481		30,164		338,108
Capital outlay				-				5,040
Total Expenditures		555,598		511,191		44,407		580,517
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(537,219)		(488,692)		48,527		(561,387)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out):								
Redevelopment Debt Service Fund		480,000		480,000				622,988
Net Change in Fund Balances		(57,219)		(8,692)		48,527		61,601
Fund Balances, July 1		89,180		89,180				27,579
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	31,961	\$	80,488	\$	48,527	\$	89,180

CARSON CITY TRANSIT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Revenues:	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal grants State grants	\$ 1,497,500 77,500	\$ 858,868 87,501	\$ (638,632) 10,001	\$ 854,006 96,503
	1,575,000	946,369	(628,631)	950,509
Charges for services: Ticket sales	85,000	99,574	14,574	96,000
Miscellaneous: Investment income Rents and royalties Refunds and reimbursements	1,500 35,000 -	52 26,877 1,288	(1,448) (8,123) 1,288	1,150 12,020 2,040
	36,500	28,217	(8,283)	15,210
Total Revenues	1,696,500	1,074,160	(622,340)	1,061,719
Expenditures: Public works: Transit system:				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	44,704 29,492 962,093 970,000	58,179 26,117 983,763 336,796	(13,475) 3,375 (21,670) 633,204	46,942 27,918 1,022,796 242,678
Total Expenditures	2,006,289	1,404,855	601,434	1,340,334
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(309,789)	(330,695)	(20,906)	(278,615)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets Transfers in (out):	-	8,000	8,000	10,545
General Fund	270,000	270,000		270,000
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	270,000	278,000	8,000	280,545
Net Change in Fund Balances	(39,789)	(52,695)	(12,906)	1,930
Fund Balances, July 1	49,623	173,765	124,142	171,835
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 9,834	\$ 121,070	\$ 111,236	\$ 173,765

CARSON CITY COMMISSARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		 2012
Revenues:							
Charges for Services:							
Public safety:							
Commissary sales	\$	151,238	\$	157,904	\$	6,666	\$ 134,650
Miscellaneous:							
Investment income		1,500		(28)		(1,528)	1,118
Rents and royalties		38,876		35,086		(3,790)	48,553
Donations and gifts		-		279		279	283
Other							 1,414
		40,376		35,337		(5,039)	 51,368
Total Revenues		191,614		193,241		1,627	186,018
Expenditures:							
Public safety:							
Salaries and wages		56,978		55,404		1,574	72,036
Employee benefits		19,270		18,440		830	18,015
Services and supplies		194,826		197,230		(2,404)	 158,148
Total Expenditures		271,074		271,074		-	 248,199
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures		(79,460)		(77,833)		1,627	(62,181)
Fund Balances, July 1		90,869		90,869			153,050
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	11,409	\$	13,036	\$	1,627	\$ 90,869

V & T SPECIAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL VARIANCE	
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Sales tax	\$ 943,084	\$ 959,874	\$ 16,790	\$ 918,270
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Other local government grants:				
Interlocal cooperative				
agreements	100,000	100,000		160,000
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income		118	118	
Total Revenues	1,043,084	1,059,992	16,908	1,078,270
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Services and supplies	1,250		1,250	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	1,041,834	1,059,992	18,158	1,078,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in (out):				
Carson City Debt Service Fund	(1,202,103)	(1,059,315)	142,788	(1,066,522)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(160,269)	677	160,946	11,748
Fund Balances, July 1	170,473	170,473		158,725
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 10,204	\$ 171,150	\$ 160,946	\$ 170,473

CARSON CITY CAMPO FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		FINAL SUDGET	A	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE	 2012
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal grants	\$	319,525	\$	286,528	\$	(32,997)	\$ 421,920
Other local government grants:							
Interlocal cooperative							
agreements		10,057		10,057			 9,811
Total Revenues		329,582		296,585		(32,997)	 431,731
Expenditures:							
Public works:							
Services and supplies		350,000		306,322		43,678	 450,905
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(20,418)		(9,737)		10,681	(19,174)
over Experientures	-	(20,410)		(2,737)		10,001	 (17,174)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in (out):							
Regional Transportation							
Fund		20,418		20,418		-	 9,265
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		10,681		10,681	(9,909)
Fund Balances, July 1				5,377		5,377	 15,286
Fund Balances, June 30	\$		\$	16,058	\$	16,058	\$ 5,377

CARSON CITY AIRPORT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL UDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE		2012	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal grant, FAA	\$ 465,001	\$	384,386	\$	(80,615)	\$	1,173,139
Other local shared revenues:							
CC Airport Authority	 26,312		22,456		(3,856)		61,521
Total Revenues	491,313		406,842		(84,471)		1,234,660
Expenditures:							
Airport:							
Services and supplies	70,313		45,765		24,548		4,234
Capital outlay	 421,000		361,077		59,923		1,230,426
Total Expenditures	491,313		406,842		84,471		1,234,660
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	-		-		-		-
Fund Balances, July 1					<u>-</u>		
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
County option motor vehicle fuel tax	\$ 2,987,327	\$ 2,945,573	\$ (41,754)	\$ 2,972,318
Tuot turk	Ψ 2,501,321	Ψ 2,5 13,5 73	Ψ (11,731)	Ψ 2,772,310
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal grants State grants	1,731,567 798,020	953,679 636,078	(777,888) (161,942)	2,024,539 202,683
Other local government grants:	798,020	030,078	(101,942)	202,083
Interlocal cooperative				
agreements	162,124	162,124		45,127
	2,691,711	1,751,881	(939,830)	2,272,349
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	1,000	1,309	309	383
Refunds and reimbursements				26,743
	1,000	1,309	309	27,126
T. (.1 D	5 (00 020	4.600.762	(001 275)	5 271 702
Total Revenues	5,680,038	4,698,763	(981,275)	5,271,793
Expenditures: Public works: Paved streets:				
Salaries and wages	87	57	30	-
Employee benefits	58,028	27,759	30,269	21,873
Services and supplies	697,013	318,493	378,520	1,139,061
Capital outlay	2,740,833	1,709,255	1,031,578	2,639,531
Total Expenditures	3,495,961	2,055,564	1,440,397	3,800,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	2,184,077	2,643,199	459,122	1,471,328
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in (out): Street Maintenance Fund	(275,000)	(275,000)	_	(200,000)
Campo Fund	(20,418)	(20,418)	-	(9,265)
Carson City Debt Service Fund	(1,718,436)	(1,591,059)	127,377	(1,718,500)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(2,013,854)	(1,886,477)	127,377	(1,927,765)
Net Change in Fund Balances	170,223	756,722	586,499	(456,437)
Fund Balances, July 1	28,384	28,384	-	484,821
·				
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 198,607	\$ 785,106	\$ 586,499	\$ 28,384

CARSON CITY QUALITY OF LIFE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL VARIANCE	
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Sales tax, voter approved	\$ 1,882,365	\$ 1,919,374	\$ 37,009	\$ 1,836,591
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal grants	455,607	44,695	(410,912)	873,916
Miscellaneous: Investment income Other	50,000	14,554	(35,446)	78,331 35
	50,000	14,554	(35,446)	78,366
Total Revenues	2,387,972	1,978,623	(409,349)	2,788,873
Expenditures: Culture and recreation: Park maintenance: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	110,711 25,486 210,934	118,874 16,708 213,293	(8,163) 8,778 (2,359)	137,864 24,222 233,768 1,935
Parks capital:	347,131	348,875	(1,744)	397,789
Salaries and wages Employee benefits	14,827 445	17,031	(2,204) 445	15,912
Services and supplies Capital outlay	61,994 6,132,083	61,707 65,059	287 6,067,024	73,980 393,469
Quality of life:	6,209,349	143,797	6,065,552	483,361
Salaries and wages	215,072	220,731	(5,659)	221,692
Employee benefits	77,598	75,448	2,150	77,277
Services and supplies	858,344	207,605	650,739	223,536
Capital outlay	1,093,936	393,160	700,776	1,755,494
	2,244,950	896,944	1,348,006	2,277,999
Total Expenditures	8,801,430	1,389,616	7,411,814	3,159,149

CARSON CITY QUALITY OF LIFE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET ACTUAL		VARIANCE		2012		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (6,413,458)	\$	589,007	\$	7,002,465	\$	(370,276)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in (out):							
General Fund	(72,057)		(34,800)		37,257		(28,387)
Carson City Debt Service Fund	 (1,000,841)		(975,250)		25,591		(891,577)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,072,898)		(1,010,050)		62,848		(919,964)
	 () / /		()			-	(* -)- /
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,486,356)		(421,043)		7,065,313		(1,290,240)
Fund Balances, July 1	 7,653,236		7,653,236				8,943,476
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 166,880	\$	7,232,193	\$	7,065,313	\$	7,653,236

CARSON CITY GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

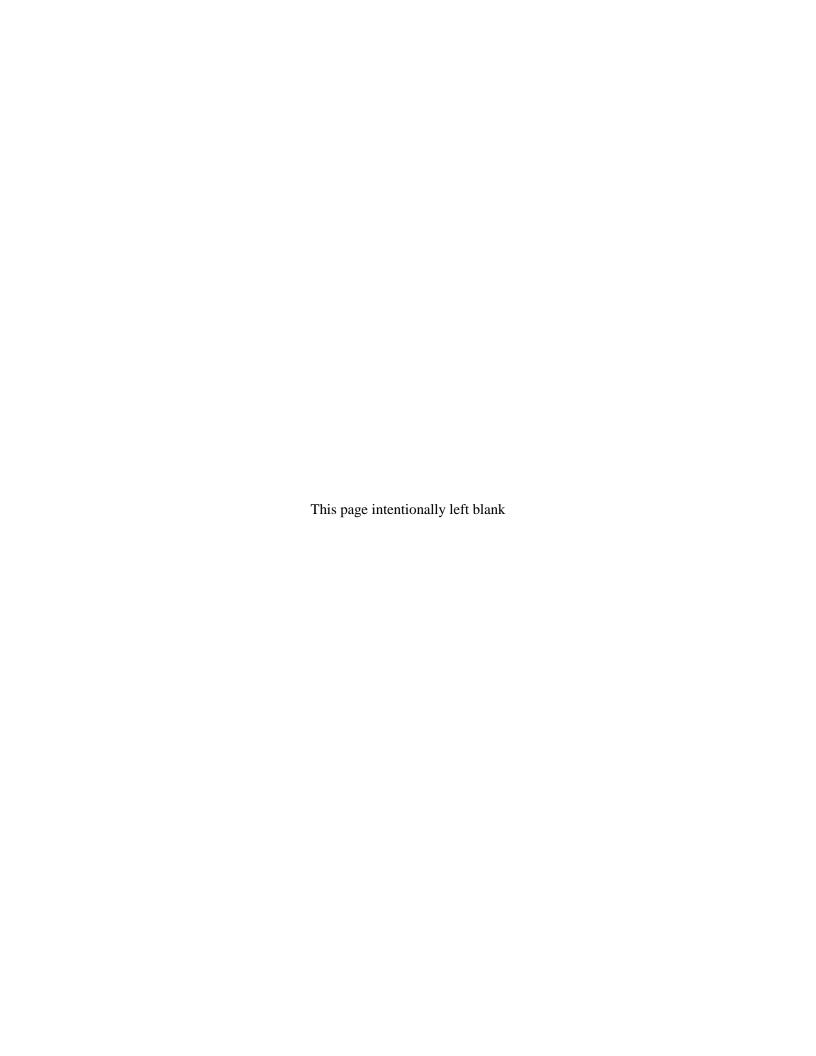
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal grants State grants Other local government grants:	\$ 4,381,220 566,790	\$ 3,972,074 525,142	\$ (409,146) (41,648)	\$ 4,456,354 572,199
Interlocal cooperative agreements	515,079	292,158	(222,921)	141,888
	5,463,089	4,789,374	(673,715)	5,170,441
Charges for services		66,674	66,674	20,563
Miscellaneous:				
Donations and gifts Other	196,316 4,088	178,158 6,278	(18,158) 2,190	127,278 21,123
	200,404	184,436	(15,968)	148,401
Total Revenues	5,663,493	5,040,484	(623,009)	5,339,405
Expenditures:				
General government: Services and supplies	122,570	51,356	71,214	79,366
Public safety: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	99,361 55,536 713,050 139,431	70,126 40,236 645,555 68,121	29,235 15,300 67,495 71,310	90,426 8,828 1,123,763 50,000
	1,007,378	824,038	183,340	1,273,017
Judicial: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	78,243 - 75,637 - 153,880	44,281 25,877 33,812 7,957	33,962 (25,877) 41,825 (7,957) 41,953	87,769 46,725 85,114
	155,000	111,727	71,733	217,000
Welfare: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	110,487 46,628 334,174	93,792 35,241 104,864	16,695 11,387 229,310	80,650 41,290 226,248
	491,289	233,897	257,392	348,188

CARSON CITY GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Health: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	\$ 1,268,734 403,456 1,109,818	\$ 1,604,553 449,620 549,689 22,789	\$ (335,819) (46,164) 560,129 (22,789)	\$ 1,101,065 328,613 781,416 16,556
	2,782,008	2,626,651	155,357	2,227,650
Culture and recreation:				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	111,496 26,654 292,641 193,221	142,174 41,736 221,252 156,156	(30,678) (15,082) 71,389 37,065	38,154 13,443 252,115 392,060
Economic opportunity:	624,012	561,318	62,694	695,772
Services and supplies Capital outlay	645,038	186,695 433,262	458,343 (433,262)	304,571 199,164
	645,038	619,957	25,081	503,735
Total Expenditures	5,826,175	5,029,144	797,031	5,347,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(162,682)	11,340	174,022	(7,931)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out):				
General Fund Stormwater Drainage Fund General Fund	61,897 - (370,308)	46,396 1,191	(15,501) 1,191 370,308	- - -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(308,411)	47,587	355,998	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(471,093)	58,927	530,020	(7,931)
Fund Balances, July 1	471,093	471,093		479,024
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ -	\$ 530,020	\$ 530,020	\$ 471,093



DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of long-term obligation principal and interest from governmental resources.

Major Fund

Carson City Debt Service Fund - This Fund is used to accumulate monies for payment of general obligation bonds, notes, and capital lease obligations of the City that are not required to be accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

Nonmajor Fund

Redevelopment Debt Service Fund - This Fund is used to accumulate monies for the payment of bonds and notes of the Redevelopment Agency.

CARSON CITY DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Revenues: Taxes: Ad valorem	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2
Intergovernmental revenues: Other local government grants: Interlocal cooperative agreements	410,338	410,338		410,338
Miscellaneous: Investment income Rents and royalties	20,000	5,960 71,437	(14,040) 71,437	18,183
	20,000	77,397	57,397	18,183
Total Revenues	430,338	487,735	57,397	428,523
Expenditures: Debt service: General obligation bonds: Principal Interest	2,911,402 2,630,118	2,911,401 2,560,149	1 69,969	2,654,326 2,723,207
	5,541,520	5,471,550	69,970	5,377,533
Revenue bonds: Principal Interest	776,000 806,231 1,582,231	776,000 853,397 1,629,397	(47,166) (47,166)	741,400 977,100 1,718,500
Notes payable: Principal Interest	1,495,866 27,074	1,495,867 27,074	(1)	426,091 44,002
	1,522,940	1,522,941	(1)	470,093
Fiscal charges	14,601	631,256	(616,655)	1,424
Total Expenditures	8,661,292	9,255,144	(593,852)	7,567,550
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(8,230,954)	(8,767,409)	(536,455)	(7,139,027)

CARSON CITY DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		2012
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							 _
Refunding bonds issued	\$	4,161,840	\$	30,551,600	\$	26,389,760	\$ -
Premium on refunding bonds		-		840,062		840,062	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(3,338,628)	((30,026,827)	((26,688,199)	-
Transfers in (out):							
General Fund		3,028,272		3,028,272		-	2,383,010
Senior Citizens Center Fund		148,400		148,400		-	136,550
Regional Transportation Fund		1,591,059		1,591,059		-	1,718,500
Capital Projects Fund		368,755		368,755		-	747,407
V & T Special Infrastructure Fund		1,202,103		1,059,315		(142,788)	1,066,522
Quality of Life Fund		975,250		975,250			 891,577
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)		8,137,051		8,535,886		398,835	 6,943,566
Net Change in Fund Balances		(93,903)		(231,523)		(137,620)	(195,461)
Fund Balances, July 1		511,605		511,604		(1)	707,065
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	417,702	\$	280,081	\$	(137,621)	\$ 511,604

REDEVELOPMENT DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL	VA	ARIANCE	 2012
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 1,404,879	\$ 1,510,221	\$	105,342	\$ 1,861,723
Miscellaneous					
Investment income	5,000	 (683)		(5,683)	5,401
Total Revenues	 1,409,879	1,509,538		99,659	 1,867,124
Expenditures:					
Debt service:					
Principal	511,100	511,100		-	274,100
Interest	75,120	75,120		-	90,019
Fiscal charges	2,356	 1,856		500	100
Total Expenditures	 588,576	 588,076		500	 364,219
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	821,303	 921,462		100,159	1,502,905
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Refunding bonds issued	235,341	215,600		(19,741)	-
Transfers in (out):					
Redevelopment Administration Fund	(480,000)	(480,000)		-	(622,988)
Redevelopment Revolving Fund	 (860,000)	 (860,000)			 (750,000)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(1,104,659)	 (1,124,400)		(19,741)	 (1,372,988)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(283,356)	(202,938)		80,418	129,917
Fund Balances, July 1	 425,500	 425,500			 295,583
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 142,144	\$ 222,562	\$	80,418	\$ 425,500

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

Nonmajor Funds

Capital Facilities Fund - This Fund is used to account for acquisition, construction, or renovation of City facilities.

Residential Construction Fund - This Fund is used to account for the one percent tax on the valuation of each building permit issued or \$1,000 per residential dwelling unit, whichever is less, to be used for the purpose of providing neighborhood parks and park facilities in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 278.4983.

Redevelopment Revolving Fund - This Fund is used to account for construction projects of the Redevelopment Agency.

CARSON CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	PITAL ILITIES	RESIDENTIAL R CONSTRUCTION		REVOLVING		 TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and investments:	\$ 11,640	\$	307,460	\$	176,589	\$ 495,689
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	37,896	\$	11,596	\$ 49,492
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Culture and recreation	-		269,564		-	269,564
Redevelopment	-		-		164,993	164,993
Assigned to:						
Capital projects	 11,640					 11,640
Total Fund Balances	11,640		269,564		164,993	 446,197
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 11,640	\$	307,460	\$	176,589	\$ 495,689

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	CA	PITAL	RES	IDENTIAL	REDE	VELOPMENT	
	FAC	ILITIES	CONS	STRUCTION	RE	VOLVING	 TOTAL
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	8,000	\$	-	\$ 8,000
Miscellaneous		22		644		2,659	 3,325
Total Revenues		22		8,644		2,659	 11,325
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		2,318		-		-	2,318
Culture and recreation		-		4,343		-	4,343
Community support		-		_		298,735	298,735
Capital outlay:							
Culture and recreation		-		13,853		-	13,853
Community support		-				12,602	12,602
		_		_		_	_
Total Expenditures		2,318		18,196	-	311,337	 331,851
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures		(2,296)		(9,552)		(308,678)	 (320,526)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		_		_		860,000	860,000
Transfers out		_		_		(480,000)	(480,000)
Transfers out						(100,000)	 (100,000)
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)		_		_		380,000	380,000
				-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,296)		(9,552)		71,322	59,474
Fund Balances, July 1		13,936		279,116		93,671	386,723
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	11,640	\$	269,564	\$	164,993	\$ 446,197

CARSON CITY CAPITAL FACILITIES FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		2012	
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income	\$		\$	22	\$	22	\$	142
Expenditures:								
General government:								
Capital outlay		10,898				10,898		
Public safety:								
Services and supplies		3,038		2,318		720		2,231
Total Expenditures		13,936		2,318		11,618		2,231
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(13,936)		(2,296)		11,640		(2,089)
Fund Balances, July 1		13,936		13,936		-		16,025
Fund Balances, June 30	\$		\$	11,640	\$	11,640	\$	13,936

RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FIN BUD		A	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE		2012
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Park residential construction tax	\$	3,000	\$	8,000	\$	5,000	\$	38,223
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income		1,000		644		(356)		3,353
Total Revenues		4,000		8,644		4,644		41,576
Expenditures:								
Culture and recreation:								
Parks:								
Salaries and wages		-		875		(875)		25,861
Employee benefits		-		401		(401)		10,957
Services and supplies				3,067	-	(3,067)	-	376
		_		4,343		(4,343)		37,194
Capital outlay:								
BMX Lighting		25,695		1,755		23,940		3,000
Urban Fishing Pond		22,268		3,336		18,932		16,573
Trail Improvements		18,529		-		18,529		-
Governors Field Expansion		17,434		-		17,434		-
Community Center Theatre Improv		23,656		-		23,656		-
Concr Playground Border		8,235		8,187		48		-
Carson River Park Phase 1 & 2		-		-		-		42,589
Nv Landmark Soc / Rbts Hse		00,948		575		100,373		383
Other projects	-	61,351		-		61,351		-
	2	78,116		13,853		264,263		62,545
Total Expenditures	2	78,116		18,196		259,920		99,739
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures	(2	74,116)		(9,552)		264,564		(58,163)
Fund Balances, July 1	2	279,116		279,116				337,279
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	5,000	\$	269,564	\$	264,564	\$	279,116

REDEVELOPMENT REVOLVING FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	I	FINAL						
	В	UDGET	A	CTUAL	VA	ARIANCE		2012
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income	\$	10,000	\$	(5,341)	\$	(15,341)	\$	24,929
Refunds and reimbursements		<u>-</u>		8,000		8,000	_	
Total Revenues		10,000		2,659		(7,341)		24,929
Expenditures:								
Community support:								
Redevelopment:								
Services and supplies		818,311		298,735		519,576		2,616,536
Capital outlay		113,832		12,602		101,230		-
Total Expenditures		932,143		311,337		620,806		2,616,536
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(922,143)		(308,678)		613,465		(2,591,607)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in (out):								
Redevelopment Debt Service Fund		860,000		860,000		-		750,000
General Fund				(480,000)		(480,000)		(480,000)
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		860,000		380,000		(480,000)		270,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(62,143)		71,322		133,465		(2,321,607)
Fund Balances, July 1		93,671		93,671		-		2,415,278
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	31,528	\$	164,993	\$	133,465	\$	93,671

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the intent of the government's board is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's board has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Major Funds

Sewer Fund - This Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of sewer services provided to the residents of Carson City.

Water Fund - This Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of water services provided to the residents of Carson City.

Nonmajor Funds

Ambulance Fund - This Fund is used to account for the operations of the ambulance service provided by the Carson City Fire Department.

Stormwater Drainage Fund – This Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of the stormwater management program.

Cemetery Fund - This Fund is used to account for the costs of providing interment services and perpetual care of the City's cemetery.

Building Permits Fund - This Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of the Building Permit Program.

CARSON CITY SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Operating Revenues: Charges for services:				
User fees and charges	\$ 7,302,419	\$ 7,466,053	\$ 163,634	\$ 7,277,208
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	1,382,784	1,350,493	32,291	1,352,762
Employee benefits	600,530	543,044	57,486	552,511
Services and supplies	3,175,304	3,335,690	(160,386)	2,838,110
Depreciation	3,080,000	3,218,810	(138,810)	3,048,829
Total Operating Expenses	8,238,618	8,448,037	(209,419)	7,792,212
Operating Income (Loss)	(936,199)	(981,984)	(45,785)	(515,004)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	20,000	6,014	(13,986)	23,255
Miscellaneous	5,000	7,500	2,500	1,410,000
Interest expense	(524,865)	(490,023)	34,842	(478,666)
Federal interest subsidy	1,536	2,013	477	1,018
Gain (loss) on sales of				
capital assets	-	(30,606)	(30,606)	(34,297)
Bond issuance costs	(77,224)	(21,439)	55,785	(16,244)
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)	(575,553)	(526,541)	49,012	905,066
Income (Loss) Before				
Contributions	(1,511,752)	(1,508,525)	3,227	390,062
Capital Contributions:				
Capital grants	347,379	4,283	(343,096)	57,046
Developers	-	-	-	11,836
Connection fees	18,000	20,093	2,093	21,003
Total Capital Contributions	365,379	24,376	(341,003)	89,885
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,146,373)	(1,484,149)	\$ (337,776)	479,947
Net Position, July 1		53,747,072		53,267,125
Net Position, June 30		\$ 52,262,923		\$ 53,747,072

CARSON CITY SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received for services	\$ 7,302,419	\$ 7,461,853	\$ 159,434	\$ 7,199,651
Cash payments for personnel costs	(1,983,314)	(1,859,126)	124,188	(1,823,729)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(3,175,304)	(3,215,770)	(40,466)	(2,889,242)
Miscellaneous cash received	5,000	7,500	2,500	1,410,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	2,148,801	2,394,457	245,656	3,896,680
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from capital debt	1,411,027	11,379	(1,399,648)	4,399,004
Connection fees	18,000	20,093	2,093	21,003
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,666,969)	(411,746)	1,255,223	(4,929,657)
Principal paid on capital debt	(3,390,735)	(1,905,599)	1,485,136	(1,744,634)
Interest paid on capital debt	(524,865)	(548,424)	(23,559)	(496,624)
Bond issuance costs	(52,224)	(12,839)	39,385	(43,120)
Federal interest subsidy	1,536	2,013	477	1,018
Subsidy from grant	347,379	4,283	(343,096)	57,046
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(3,856,851)	(2,840,840)	1,016,011	(2,735,964)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	20,000	6,014	(13,986)	23,255
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	(1,688,050)	(440,369)	1,247,681	1,183,971
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	3,399,046	3,399,046		2,215,075
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 1,710,996	\$ 2,958,677	\$ 1,247,681	\$ 3,399,046

CARSON CITY SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		FINAL					
	В	UDGET		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE	 2012
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	TO		·	_			
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(936,199)	\$	(981,984)	\$	(45,785)	\$ (515,004)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income							
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by							
operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,080,000		3,218,810		138,810	3,048,829
Nonoperating revenues		5,000		7,500		2,500	1,410,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in:							
Accounts receivable		-		(3,771)		(3,771)	(78,025)
Due from other governments		-		38,264		38,264	(11,941)
Prepaid items		-		12,655		12,655	(31,860)
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable		-		69,442		69,442	(5,000)
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		(3,052)		(3,052)	13,296
Due to other governments		-		(441)		(441)	(2,331)
Unearned revenue		-		(129)		(129)	1,018
Connection deposits		-		(300)		(300)	(550)
Accrued compensated absences		-		(10,409)		(10,409)	13,402
Net OPEB Obligation				47,872		47,872	 54,846
Total Adjustments		3,085,000		3,376,441		291,441	4,411,684
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$	2,148,801	\$	2,394,457	\$	245,656	\$ 3,896,680
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	-	\$	44,574	\$	44,574	\$ 113,529
Retainage payable on construction of							
capital assets		-		-		-	79,520
Contributed capital assets		-		-		-	11,836

CARSON CITY WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FIN	AL

Charges for services: User fees and charges \$12,008,465 \$12,398,935 \$390,470 \$11,973,014 Other charges \$176,704 \$210,292 \$33,588 \$177,115 Total Operating Revenues \$12,185,169 \$12,609,227 \$424,058 \$12,150,129 Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages \$1,292,017 \$1,387,860 \$(95,843) \$1,352,240 Employee benefits \$660,734 \$620,775 \$39,959 \$614,999 Services and supplies \$4,663,296 \$4,586,837 \$76,459 \$5,026,503 Depreciation and amortization \$3,000,000 \$3,067,251 \$(67,251) \$2,688,152 Total Operating Expenses \$9,616,047 \$9,662,723 \$(46,676) \$9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) \$2,569,122 \$2,946,504 \$377,382 \$2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income \$20,000 \$15,064 \$(4,936) \$18,121 Miscellaneous \$10,500 \$16,993 \$6,493 \$667,538 Interest expense \$(2,337,327) \$(2,178,866) \$158,461 \$(1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy \$241,578 \$242,008 \$430 \$238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets \$12,500 \$- (12,500) \$(617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) \$- \$- \$- \$12,753 Bond issuance costs \$(60,000) \$(34,567) \$25,433 \$(27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) \$(2,112,749) \$(1,939,368) \$173,381 \$(1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions		BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Üser fees and charges Other charges \$ 12,008,465 176,704 \$ 12,398,935 210,292 \$ 390,470 33,588 \$ 11,973,014 177,115 Total Operating Revenues 12,185,169 12,609,227 424,058 12,150,129 Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages 1,292,017 1,387,860 (95,843) 1,352,240 Employee benefits 660,734 620,775 39,959 614,999 Services and supplies 4,663,296 4,586,837 76,459 5,026,503 Depreciation and amortization 3,000,000 3,067,251 (67,251) 2,688,152 Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 </td <td>Operating Revenues:</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Revenues:	_			
Other charges 176,704 210,292 33,588 177,115 Total Operating Revenues 12,185,169 12,609,227 424,058 12,150,129 Operating Expenses:		\$ 12,008,465	¢ 12 208 025	\$ 300.470	\$ 11.073.01 <i>A</i>
Total Operating Revenues 12,185,169 12,609,227 424,058 12,150,129 Operating Expenses:					
Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages 1,292,017 1,387,860 (95,843) 1,352,240 Employee benefits 660,734 620,775 39,959 614,999 Services and supplies 4,663,296 4,586,837 76,459 5,026,503 Depreciation and amortization 3,000,000 3,067,251 (67,251) 2,688,152 Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753	- Inter changes	170,701			
Salaries and wages 1,292,017 1,387,860 (95,843) 1,352,240 Employee benefits 660,734 620,775 39,959 614,999 Services and supplies 4,663,296 4,586,837 76,459 5,026,503 Depreciation and amortization 3,000,000 3,067,251 (67,251) 2,688,152 Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (Ioss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 <t< td=""><td>Total Operating Revenues</td><td>12,185,169</td><td>12,609,227</td><td>424,058</td><td>12,150,129</td></t<>	Total Operating Revenues	12,185,169	12,609,227	424,058	12,150,129
Salaries and wages 1,292,017 1,387,860 (95,843) 1,352,240 Employee benefits 660,734 620,775 39,959 614,999 Services and supplies 4,663,296 4,586,837 76,459 5,026,503 Depreciation and amortization 3,000,000 3,067,251 (67,251) 2,688,152 Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (Ioss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 <t< td=""><td>Operating Evpenses</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Operating Evpenses				
Employee benefits 660,734 620,775 39,959 614,999 Services and supplies 4,663,296 4,586,837 76,459 5,026,503 Depreciation and amortization 3,000,000 3,067,251 (67,251) 2,688,152 Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): 1 10,500 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - - 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (E		1.292.017	1.387.860	(95.843)	1.352.240
Services and supplies			, ,		
Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894		4,663,296	4,586,837	76,459	5,026,503
Total Operating Expenses 9,616,047 9,662,723 (46,676) 9,681,894 Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827)					
Operating Income (Loss) 2,569,122 2,946,504 377,382 2,468,235 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions	amortization .	3,000,000	3,067,251	(67,251)	2,688,152
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121 Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions	Total Operating Expenses	9,616,047	9,662,723	(46,676)	9,681,894
Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121	Operating Income (Loss)	2,569,122	2,946,504	377,382	2,468,235
Investment income 20,000 15,064 (4,936) 18,121	Nononerating Revenues (Expenses):				
Miscellaneous 10,500 16,993 6,493 667,538 Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions		20.000	15,064	(4.936)	18.121
Interest expense (2,337,327) (2,178,866) 158,461 (1,834,407) Federal interest subsidy 241,578 242,008 430 238,790 Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions					
Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions			(2,178,866)		
capital assets 12,500 - (12,500) (617,941) Arbitrage rebate (payment) - - - 12,753 Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions		241,578	242,008	430	238,790
Arbitrage rebate (payment) Bond issuance costs (60,000) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) Income (Loss) Before Contributions		12.500		(12.500)	(617.041)
Bond issuance costs (60,000) (34,567) 25,433 (27,681) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions		12,500	-	(12,500)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions		(60,000)	(34,567)	25,433	
(Expenses) (2,112,749) (1,939,368) 173,381 (1,542,827) Income (Loss) Before Contributions	•	<u> </u>			
Income (Loss) Before Contributions		(2.112.710)	(1.020.250)	450 004	(4. 7.40.005)
	(Expenses)	(2,112,749)	(1,939,368)	1/3,381	(1,542,827)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Income (Loss) Before Contributions				
and Transfers 456,373 1,007,136 550,763 925,408	and Transfers	456,373	1,007,136	550,763	925,408
Capital Contributions:	Canital Contributions				
Capital assets - 50,750 50,750 1,775,451		_	50.750	50 750	1 775 451
Capital grants 609,855 222,137 (387,718) 539,702		609,855			
Developers - 107,474 107,474 43,763		-			
Connection fees 7,664 13,584 5,920 57,009	Connection fees	7,664	13,584	5,920	57,009
Total Capital Contributions 617,519 393,945 (223,574) 2,415,925	Total Capital Contributions	617,519	393,945	(223,574)	2,415,925
Change in Net Position \$ 1,073,892 1,401,081 \$ 327,189 3,341,333	Change in Net Position	\$ 1,073,892	1,401,081	\$ 327,189	3,341,333
Net Position, July 1 40,816,293 37,474,960	Net Position, July 1		40,816,293		37,474,960
Net Position, June 30 \$ 42,217,374 \$ 40,816,293	Net Position, June 30		\$ 42,217,374		\$ 40,816,293

CARSON CITY WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received for services	\$ 12,185,169	\$12,611,627	\$ 426,458	\$ 11,880,254
Cash payments for personnel costs	(1,952,751)	(1,937,619)	15,132	(1,943,145)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(4,663,296)	(4,353,466)	309,830	(5,870,201)
Miscellaneous cash received	10,500	16,993	6,493	667,538
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	5,579,622	6,337,535	757,913	4,734,446
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from capital debt	6,996,450	4,582,353	(2,414,097)	15,844,321
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	12,500	-	(12,500)	-
Connection fees	7,664	13,584	5,920	57,009
Acquisition of capital assets	(8,835,622)	(5,953,377)	2,882,245	(16,031,440)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,773,784)	(1,773,784)	-	(1,783,784)
Interest paid on capital debt	(2,337,327)	(2,241,015)	96,312	(1,726,565)
Bond issuance costs	-	(1,138)	(1,138)	(89,767)
Arbritrage paid	-	-	-	(22,701)
Federal interest subsidy	241,578	242,008	430	238,790
Subsidy from grant	609,855	222,137	(387,718)	539,702
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(5,078,686)	(4,909,232)	169,454	(2,974,435)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	20,000	15,064	(4,936)	18,121
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	520,936	1,443,367	922,431	1,778,132
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	1,817,118	1,817,118		38,986
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 2,338,054	\$ 3,260,485	\$ 922,431	\$ 1,817,118

CARSON CITY WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,569,122	\$ 2,946,504	\$ 377,382	\$ 2,468,235
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,000,000	3,067,251	67,251	2,688,152
Nonoperating revenues	10,500	16,993	6,493	667,538
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable	-	(1,000)	(1,000)	(274,613)
Due from other governments	-	(57,297)	(57,297)	(125,794)
Inventories	-	(39,662)	(39,662)	(95,383)
Prepaid items	-	322,757	322,757	(302,994)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable	-	(42,675)	(42,675)	194,127
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	904	904	(13,097)
Due to other funds	-	-	-	(300,000)
Due to other governments	-	50,248	50,248	(213,654)
Unearned revenue	-	(415)	(415)	3,288
Connection deposits	-	3,815	3,815	1,450
Accrued compensated absences	-	12,317	12,317	(27,390)
Net OPEB Obligation		57,795	57,795	64,581
Total Adjustments	3,010,500	3,391,031	380,531	2,266,211
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	\$ 5,579,622	\$ 6,337,535	\$ 757,913	\$ 4,734,446
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$ -	\$ 43,339	\$ 43,339	\$ 155,640
Purchase of capital assets due to other governments	-	763,885	763,885	89,861
Retainage payable on construction of		•	,	,
capital assets	-	2,515	2,515	361,182
Contributed capital assets	-	158,224	158,224	1,819,214

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	AMBULANCE	STORMWATER DRAINAGE	CEMETERY	BUILDING PERMITS	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 65,541	\$ 17,342	\$ 225,979	\$ 244,535	\$ 553,397
Receivables:	ψ 05,541	Ψ 17,542	Ψ 223,517	Ψ 244,333	Ψ 555,571
Accounts and contracts, net	1,671,117	103,916	-	-	1,775,033
Inventories	-	-	22,705	-	22,705
Prepaid items	881	504	2	4	1,391
Total Current Assets	1,737,539	121,762	248,686	244,539	2,352,526
Noncurrent assets: Other assets		82,951			82,951
Capital assets:					
Land	_	1,594,781	293,449	_	1,888,230
Buildings	-	235,212	354,931	-	590,143
Improvements other than buildings	-	7,281,286	173,211	-	7,454,497
Machinery and equipment	732,949	997,091	100,903	72,641	1,903,584
Construction in progress		58,011	-		58,011
	732,949	10,166,381	922,494	72,641	11,894,465
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(477,670)	(1,357,701)	(228,679)	(56,675)	(2,120,725)
Net Capital Assets	255,279	8,808,680	693,815	15,966	9,773,740
Total Noncurrent Assets	255,279	8,891,631	693,815	15,966	9,856,691
Total Assets	1,992,818	9,013,393	942,501	260,505	12,209,217
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	27,664	11,906	478	6,099	46,147
Accrued salaries and benefits	95,526	9,735	5,568	12,200	123,029
Accrued interest	-	17,987	-	-	17,987
Due to other governments	-	3,000	-	-	3,000
Unearned revenue Current portion:	-	-	270,778	-	270,778
Accrued compensated absences	41,418	753	_	751	42,922
General obligation bonds and notes	11,110	733		731	12,722
payable		365,800			365,800
Total Current Liabilities	164,608	409,181	276,824	19,050	869,663
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences, net of					
current portion	214,325	19,516	21,539	22,404	277,784
Net OPEB Obligation	738,356	33,897	29,762	74,864	876,879
General obligation bonds and notes payable		4,441,515			4,441,515
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	952,681	4,494,928	51,301	97,268	5,596,178
Total Liabilities	1,117,289	4,904,109	328,125	116,318	6,465,841
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	255,279	4,001,365	693,815	15,966	4,966,425
Unrestricted	620,250	107,919	(79,439)	128,221	776,951
Total Net Position	\$ 875,529	\$ 4,109,284	\$ 614,376	\$ 144,187	\$ 5,743,376

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		STORMWATER		BUILDING	
	AMBULANCE	DRAINAGE	CEMETERY	PERMITS	TOTAL
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 2,466,832	\$ 1,169,116	\$ 110,460	\$ 379,300	\$ 4,125,708
Operating Expenses:		4.40.700			
Salaries and wages	1,417,936	140,589	97,450	220,638	1,876,613
Employee benefits	971,783	75,347	42,151	94,404	1,183,685
Services and supplies	743,853	528,349	38,513	259,527	1,570,242
Depreciation	74,420	262,640	16,231	5,394	358,685
Total Operating Expenses	3,207,992	1,006,925	194,345	579,963	4,989,225
Operating Income (Loss)	(741,160)	162,191	(83,885)	(200,663)	(863,517)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Investment income	811	125	367	375	1,678
Miscellaneous	-	123	6,102	-	6,102
Interest expense	_	(178,700)	-	_	(178,700)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(170,700)	_		-
Bond issue costs	_	(7,569)	_	_	(7,569)
		(1,000)			(1,500)
Total Nonoperating					
Revenues (Expenses)	811	(186,144)	6,469	375	(178,489)
Income (Loss) Before Capital					
Contributions and Transfers	(740,349)	(23,953)	(77,416)	(200,288)	(1,042,006)
Capital Contributions:					
Capital assets	179,016	_	_	_	179,016
Capital grants	175,010	885	_	_	885
Capital grants		003			003
Total Capital Contributions	179,016	885	-	-	179,901
Transfers:					
Transfers In	350,000	-	75,000	-	425,000
Transfers Out		(1,191)			(1,191)
Total Transfers	350,000	(1,191)	75,000		423,809
Change in Net Position	(211,333)	(24,259)	(2,416)	(200,288)	(438,296)
Man W. III	1 00 5 0 5 6	4 100 540	(1 (50)	244 477	c 101 cm2
Net Position, July 1	1,086,862	4,133,543	616,792	344,475	6,181,672
Net Position, June 30	\$ 875,529	\$ 4,109,284	\$ 614,376	\$ 144,187	\$ 5,743,376

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	AMBULANCE	STORMWATER DRAINAGE	CEMETERY	BUILDING PERMITS	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received for services	\$ 2,448,175	\$ 1,168,232	\$ 101,991	\$ 379,300	\$4,097,698
Cash payments for personnel costs	(2,165,577)	(209,883)	(131,194)	(304,976)	(2,811,630)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(762,752)	(516,306)	(42,020)	(258,339)	(1,579,417)
Miscellaneous cash received	-	(610,600)	6,102	-	6,102
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	(480,154)	442,043	(65,121)	(184,015)	(287,247)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfer from (to) other funds	350,000	(1,191)	75,000		423,809
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of capital assets	(2,500)	(2,481)	_	-	(4,981)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	(329,842)	-	-	(329,842)
Interest paid on capital debt	-	(183,408)	-	-	(183,408)
Bond issuance costs	-	(6,393)	-	-	(6,393)
Subsidy from grant		885			885
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	(2,500)	(521,239)			(523,739)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment income	811	125	367	375	1,678
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	(131,843)	(80,262)	10,246	(183,640)	(385,499)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	197,384	97,604	215,733	428,175	938,896
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 65,541	\$ 17,342	\$ 225,979	\$ 244,535	\$ 553,397

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

	AMBULANCE	STORMWATER DRAINAGE	CEMETERY	BUILDING PERMITS	TOTAL
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (741,160)	\$ 162,191	\$ (83,885)	\$ (200,663)	\$ (863,517)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense	74,420	262,640	16,231	5,394	358,685
Nonoperating revenues	-	-	6,102	-	6,102
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable	(18,657)	(884)	-	-	(19,541)
Inventories	-	-	(1,190)	-	(1,190)
Prepaid items	54	756	(2)	1,136	1,944
Increase (decrease) in:			. ,	,	,
Accounts payable	(18,953)	9,687	(2,315)	52	(11,529)
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,664	(611)	163	(1,671)	545
Due to other governments	-	1,600	-	-	1,600
Unearned revenue	-	-	(8,469)	-	(8,469)
Accrued compensated absences	35,055	(468)	2,942	5,841	43,370
Net OPEB Obligation	186,423	7,132	5,302	5,896	204,753
Total Adjustments	261,006	279,852	18,764	16,648	576,270
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	\$ (480,154)	\$ 442,043	\$ (65,121)	\$ (184,015)	\$ (287,247)
NONCASH INVESTING , CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Capital transfer between enterprise funds	\$ -	\$ (1,191)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,191)

CARSON CITY AMBULANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

]	FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL	V	'ARIANCE	 2012
Operating Revenu	es:						
Charges for se		\$	3,904,747	\$ 2,466,832	\$	(1,437,915)	\$ 2,613,797
Operating Expense	es:						
Salaries and w			1,359,984	1,417,936		(57,952)	1,344,311
Employee ben	•		1,027,591	971,783		55,808	937,902
Services and s			1,908,270	743,853		1,164,417	689,501
Depreciation			52,030	 74,420		(22,390)	52,028
	Total Operating Expenses		4,347,875	 3,207,992		1,139,883	 3,023,742
	Operating Income (Loss)		(443,128)	 (741,160)		(298,032)	 (409,945)
Nonoperating Rev	_						
Investment inc			1,000	811		(189)	365
Miscellaneous			1,000	 -		(1,000)	 -
	Total Nonoperating Revenues						
	(Expenses)		2,000	 811		(1,189)	 365
	Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers		(441,128)	 (740,349)		(299,221)	 (409,580)
Capital Contributi	ons:			1=0.04		.=	
Capital assets				 179,016		179,016	
Transfers in			350,000	 350,000			650,000
	Change in Net Position	\$	(91,128)	(211,333)	\$	(120,205)	240,420
Net Position, July	1			1,086,862			 846,442
Net Position, June	30			\$ 875,529			\$ 1,086,862

CARSON CITY AMBULANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

GAGNEROWG EDOMODED ATTING A CTIVITIES	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received for services	\$ 3,904,747	\$ 2,448,175	\$ (1,456,572)	\$ 3,495,909
Cash payments for personnel costs	(2,387,575)	(2,165,577)	\$ (1,456,572) 221,998	(2,098,691)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(1,908,270)	(762,752)	1,145,518	(1,854,176)
Miscellaneous cash received	1,000	(702,732)	(1,000)	(1,654,170)
Wilsechaneous easii received	1,000		(1,000)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(390,098)	(480,154)	(90,056)	(456,958)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer from other funds	350,000	350,000	-	650,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets		(2,500)	(2,500)	
1		() /		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	1,000	811	(189)	365
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(39,098)	(131,843)	(92,745)	193,407
•				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	197,384	197,384		3,977
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 158,286	\$ 65,541	\$ (92,745)	\$ 197,384
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (443,128)	\$ (741,160)	\$ (298,032)	\$ (409,945)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	52,030	74,420	22,390	52,028
Nonoperating revenues Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:	1,000	-	(1,000)	-
Accounts receivable	_	(18,657)	(18,657)	(233,941)
Prepaid items	<u>-</u>	54	54	(830)
Increase (decrease) in:				(000)
Accounts payable	-	(18,953)	(18,953)	(2,792)
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	2,664	2,664	10,865
Due to other funds	-	-	-	(45,000)
Accrued compensated absences	-	35,055	35,055	20,061
Net OPEB Obligation		186,423	186,423	152,596
Total Adjustments	53,030	261,006	207,976	(47,013)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (390,098)	\$ (480,154)	\$ (90,056)	\$ (456,958)

STORMWATER DRAINAGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
User fees and charges	\$ 1,185,514	\$ 1,169,116	\$ (16,398)	\$ 1,167,666
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	167,221	140,589	26,632	163,479
Employee benefits	81,880	75,347	6,533	73,958
Services and supplies	472,660	528,349	(55,689)	397,754
Depreciation	259,400	262,640	(3,240)	256,393
Total Operating Expenses	981,161	1,006,925	(25,764)	891,584
Operating Income	204,353	162,191	(42,162)	276,082
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	5,000	125	(4,875)	1,677
Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	141,000
Interest expense	(186,862)	(178,700)	8,162	(210,641)
Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets	-	-	-	(89,646)
Bond issuance costs	(31,030)	(7,569)	23,461	(8,007)
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)	(212,892)	(186,144)	26,748	(165,617)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	(8,539)	(23,953)	(15,414)	110,465
Capital Contributions:				
Capital grants		885	885	
Transfers out		(1,191)	(1,191)	
Change in Net Position	\$ (8,539)	(24,259)	\$ (15,720)	110,465
Net Position, July 1		4,133,543		4,023,078
Net Position, June 30		\$ 4,109,284		\$ 4,133,543

STORMWATER DRAINAGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Cash received for services	\$ 1,185,514	\$ 1,168,232	\$ (17,282)	\$ 1,173,827
Cash payments for personnel costs	(249,101)	(209,883)	39,218	(222,348)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(472,660)	(516,306)	(43,646)	(405,973)
Miscellaneous cash received	-	-	-	141,000
Na Cal Da Haldha Ni				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	162 752	442 042	(21.710)	696 506
Operating Activities	463,753	442,043	(21,710)	686,506
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer to other funds		(1,191)	(1,191)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from capital debt	695,270	_	(695,270)	_
Acquisition of capital assets	-	(2,481)	(2,481)	(188,181)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,032,300)	(329,842)	702,458	(332,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(186,862)	(183,408)	3,454	(213,299)
Bond issuance costs	(20,530)	(6,393)	14,137	(250)
Subsidy from grant		885	885	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(544,422)	(521,239)	23,183	(733,730)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	5,000	125	(4,875)	1,677
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(75,669)	(80,262)	(4,593)	(45,547)
•	, , ,	, , ,	(,)	, ,
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	97,604	97,604	-	143,151
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 21,935	\$ 17,342	\$ (4,593)	\$ 97,604

STORMWATER DRAINAGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO			CTUAL	VARIANCE		2012	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	204,353	\$	162,191	\$	(42,162)	\$ 276,082
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided (used) by operating							
activities:							
Depreciation and amortization expense		259,400		262,640		3,240	256,393
Nonoperating revenues		-		-		-	141,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in:							
Accounts receivable		-		(884)		(884)	6,161
Prepaid items		-		756		756	(960)
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable		-		9,687		9,687	(6,859)
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		(611)		(611)	3,939
Due to other governments		-		1,600		1,600	(400)
Accrued compensated absences		-		(468)		(468)	3,387
Net OPEB Obligation		-		7,132		7,132	 7,763
Total Adjustments		259,400		279,852		20,452	 410,424
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$	463,753	\$	442,043	\$	(21,710)	\$ 686,506
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Capital transfers between enterprise funds	\$	-	\$	(1,191)	\$	(1,191)	\$ -

CARSON CITY CEMETERY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			FINAL						
		BI	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		2012
Operating Revenue									
Charges for ser	rvices	\$	96,800	\$	110,460	\$	13,660	\$	127,128
Operating Expense	es:								
Salaries and w	ages		94,245		97,450		(3,205)		96,154
Employee bene	efits		43,118		42,151		967		40,767
Services and su	upplies		41,915		38,513		3,402		40,723
Depreciation			16,300		16,231		69		16,212
	Total Operating Expenses		195,578		194,345		1,233		193,856
	Operating Income (Loss)		(98,778)		(83,885)		14,893		(66,728)
Nonoperating Rev	enues (Expenses):								
Investment inc	ome		3,500		367		(3,133)		1,864
Miscellaneous			3,087		6,102		3,015		3,366
	Total Nonoperating Revenues								
	(Expenses)		6,587		6,469		(118)		5,230
	Income (Loss) Before								
	Transfers		(92,191)		(77,416)		14,775		(61,498)
Transfers in			75,000		75,000				75,000
	Change in Net Position	\$	(17,191)		(2,416)	\$	14,775		13,502
Net Position, July	1				616,792				603,290
Net Position, June	30			\$	614,376			\$	616,792

CARSON CITY CEMETERY FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL SUDGET	A	ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received for services Cash payments for personnel costs Cash payments for services and supplies Miscellaneous cash received	\$ 96,800 (137,363) (41,915) 3,087	\$	101,991 (131,194) (42,020) 6,102	\$	5,191 6,169 (105) 3,015	\$ 127,472 (130,582) (38,741) 3,366
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(79,391)		(65,121)		14,270	(38,485)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from other funds	 75,000		75,000			75,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	3,500		367		(3,133)	1,864
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(891)		10,246		11,137	38,379
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	 215,733		215,733			 177,354
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 214,842	\$	225,979	\$	11,137	\$ 215,733
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$ (98,778)	\$	(83,885)	\$	14,893	\$ (66,728)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense Nonoperating revenues Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:	16,300 3,087		16,231 6,102		(69) 3,015	16,212 3,366
Inventories Prepaid items Increase (decrease) in:	- - -		(1,190) (2)		(1,190) (2)	43
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Unearned revenue Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB Obligation	- - -		(2,315) 163 (8,469) 2,942 5,302		(2,315) 163 (8,469) 2,942 5,302	1,939 61 344 989 5,289
Total Adjustments	 19,387		18,764		(623)	 28,243
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (79,391)	\$	(65,121)	\$	14,270	\$ (38,485)

CARSON CITY BUILDING PERMITS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		V.	ARIANCE	2012
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services							
User fees and charges	\$	638,438	\$	379,300	\$	(259,138)	\$ 590,055
Operating Expenses:							
Salaries and wages		229,429		220,638		8,791	236,600
Employee benefits		103,057		94,404		8,653	91,215
Services and supplies		257,560		259,527		(1,967)	109,493
Depreciation		5,400		5,394		6	5,353
Total Operating Expenses		595,446		579,963		15,483	 442,661
Operating Income (Loss)		42,992		(200,663)		(243,655)	147,394
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Investment income		5,000		375		(4,625)	4,207
Change in Net Position	\$	47,992		(200,288)	\$	(248,280)	151,601
Net Position, July 1				344,475			192,874
Net Position, June 30			\$	144,187			\$ 344,475

BUILDING PERMITS FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL						
	B	UDGET		CTUAL	V	ARIANCE	 2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received for services Cash payments for personnel costs Cash payments for services and supplies	\$	638,438 (332,486) (257,560)	\$	379,300 (304,976) (258,339)	\$	(259,138) 27,510 (779)	\$ 589,732 (323,675) (105,204)
		(== , ,= = =)		(===,===)		(1,75)	 (====,===)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		48,392		(184,015)		(232,407)	 160,853
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income		5,000		375		(4,625)	4,207
investment income		3,000		3/3		(4,023)	 4,207
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		53,392		(183,640)		(237,032)	165,060
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		428,175		428,175		-	263,115
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	481,567	\$	244,535	\$	(237,032)	\$ 428,175
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	42,992	\$	(200,663)	\$	(243,655)	\$ 147,394
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities:		5,400		5,394		(6)	5,353
(Increase) decrease in: Prepaid items Increase (decrease) in:		-		1,136		1,136	(1,140)
Accounts payable		-		52		52	5,429
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		(1,671)		(1,671)	2,429
Due to other governments		-		- = 0.41		- = 0.41	(323)
Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB Obligation		-		5,841 5,896		5,841 5,896	(5,510) 7,221
Total Adjustments		5,400		16,648		11,248	13,459
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$	48,392	\$	(184,015)	\$	(232,407)	\$ 160,853

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. Accounting for Internal Service Funds as a proprietary fund type is designed to accumulate the total cost (including depreciation) of providing a particular service. Costs for services are reimbursed by the departments or agencies to which the services are provided.

Group Medical Insurance Fund - This Fund is used to account for monies collected from City departments and employees to be expended for claims for medical services provided to employees and their dependents.

Workers' Compensation Fund - This Fund is used to account for monies collected for the insurance program from City departments to be expended for payment of claims, as required by law, to employees injured by accident while at work.

Insurance Fund - This Fund is used to account for monies collected from City departments for liability and property insurance.

Fleet Management Fund – This fund is used to account for monies collected from City departments for fleet maintenance operations.

CARSON CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	GROUP MEDICAL INSURANCE		WORKERS' COMPENSATION		INSURANCE		FLEET MANAGEMENT		TOTAL
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	241,920	\$	3,627,089	\$	657,501	\$	702,729	\$ 5,229,239
Accounts and contracts, net Inventories		290,300		31,824		-		- 54,423	322,124 54,423
Prepaid items		2		4,306		13,592		7	 17,907
Total Current Assets		532,222		3,663,219		671,093		757,159	 5,623,693
Noncurrent assets:									
Other assets				30,000		40,000		-	 70,000
Capital assets:									
Machinery and equipment Construction in progress		6,110		152,698		179,119 -		441,962 4,418	779,889 4,418
		6,110		152,698		179,119		446,380	784,307
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(611)		(43,698)		(42,727)		(125,865)	 (212,901)
Net Capital Assets		5,499		109,000	-	136,392		320,515	 571,406
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,499		139,000		176,392		320,515	641,406
Total Assets		537,721		3,802,219		847,485		1,077,674	 6,265,099
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		1,371		29,235		24,385		124,149	179,140
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits		10,737		5,671		4,464		24,012	44,884
Due to other governments		10,737		5,071		13,179		24,012	13,179
Other current liabilities		-		420,906		185,621		-	606,527
Current portion: Accrued compensated absences		3,940		2,616		1,518		357	8,431
•					-				 ,
Total Current Liabilities		16,048		458,428		229,167		148,518	 852,161
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Accrued compensated absences		16,921		9,477		6,513		42,361	75,272
Net OPEB obligation		26,078		10,034		8,421		91,881	136,414
Other liabilities						45,151			 45,151
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		42,999		19,511		60,085		134,242	 256,837
Total Liabilities		59,047		477,939		289,252		282,760	 1,108,998
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital									
assets		5,499		109,000		136,392		317,070	567,961
Restricted		-		3,215,280		421,841		-	3,637,121
Unrestricted		473,175						477,844	 951,019
Total Net Position	\$	478,674	\$	3,324,280	\$	558,233	\$	794,914	\$ 5,156,101

CARSON CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GROUP MEDICAL INSURANCE	WORKERS' COMPENSATION	INSURANCE	FLEET MANAGEMENT	TOTAL
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 8,062,295	\$ 798,332	\$ 1,473,094	\$ 1,432,508	\$ 11,766,229
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and wages	182,833	87,375	73,191	382,936	726,335
Employee benefits	76,272	38,497	32,279	174,135	321,183
Services and supplies	7,643,387	749,777	1,069,409	870,577	10,333,150
Depreciation	611	15,270	16,183	44,929	76,993
Total Operating Expenses	7,903,103	890,919	1,191,062	1,472,577	11,457,661
Operating Income (Loss)	159,192	(92,587)	282,032	(40,069)	308,568
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Investment income	565	5,544	733	2,837	9,679
Miscellaneous	5,961	70,258	99,280	-	175,499
Interest expense	-	-	-	(484)	(484)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets				9,690	9,690
Total Nonoperating Revenues					
(Expenses)	6,526	75,802	100,013	12,043	194,384
Change in Net Position	165,718	(16,785)	382,045	(28,026)	502,952
Net Position, July 1	312,956	3,341,065	176,188	822,940	4,653,149
Net Position, June 30	\$ 478,674	\$ 3,324,280	\$ 558,233	\$ 794,914	\$ 5,156,101

CARSON CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	GROUP MEDICAL INSURANCE	EDICAL WORKERS'		FLEET MANAGEMENT	TOTAL	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES						
Cash received for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,432,508	\$ 1,432,508	
Cash received from customers	1,744,315	-	-	-	1,744,315	
Cash received from other funds	6,289,395	825,176	1,487,866	-	8,602,437	
Cash payments for personnel costs	(249,736)	(122,908)	(103,304)	(536,821)	(1,012,769)	
Cash payments for services and supplies	(7,642,504)	(536,855)	(1,196,826)	(789,119)	(10,165,304)	
Miscellaneous cash received	5,961	70,258	99,280		175,499	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	147,431	235,671	287,016	106,568	776,686	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sales of assets				0.601	0.601	
	-	-	(575)	9,691	9,691	
Acquisition of capital assets	-	-	(575)	(21,754)	(22,329)	
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	-	(78,000)	(78,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt				(831)	(831)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital						
and Related Financing Activities			(575)	(90,894)	(91,469)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income	565	5,544	733	2,837	9,679	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents	147,996	241,215	287,174	18,511	694,896	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	93,924	3,385,874	370,327	684,218	4,534,343	

3,627,089 \$ 657,501 \$

702,729 \$ 5,229,239

Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30

CARSON CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

GROUP

	EDICAL	7	WORKERS'				FLEET		
	SURANCE		MPENSATION	INS	SURANCE	MAI	NAGEMENT	-	ΓΟΤΑL
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOS				11 11	JOININ (OL				
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING									
ACTIVITIES:									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 159,192	\$	(92,587)	\$	282,032	\$	(40,069)	\$	308,568
Adjustments to reconcile operating									
income (loss) to net cash provided									
(used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization expense	611		15,270		16,183		44,929		76,993
Nonoperating revenues	5,961		70,258		99,280		-		175,499
Changes in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in:									
Accounts receivable	(22,222)		26,844		14,772		-		19,394
Inventories	-		-		-		55,805		55,805
Prepaid items	226		(3,028)		10,003		(7)		7,194
Increase (decrease) in:									
Accounts payable	657		(7,091)		(45,125)		25,660		(25,899)
Accrued salaries and benefits	(2,530)		(787)		(890)		1,991		(2,216)
Due to other governments	(5,340)		-		(35,420)		-		(40,760)
Unearned revenue	(1,023)		-		-		-		(1,023)
Accrued compensated absences	4,238		223,041		(56,875)		3,135		173,539
Net OPEB obligation	7,661		2,908		2,540		15,124		28,233
Other liabilities	 -		843		516				1,359
Total Adjustments	 (11,761)		328,258		4,984		146,637		468,118
Net Cash Provided (Used) by									
Operating Activities	\$ 147,431	\$	235,671	\$	287,016	\$	106,568	\$	776,686
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,445	\$	3,445

GROUP MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Operating Revenues:				
Employee contributions	\$ 1,852,349	\$ 1,745,338	\$ (107,011)	\$ 1,755,540
Employer contributions	6,569,188	6,316,957	(252,231)	5,851,238
Total Operating Revenues	8,421,537	8,062,295	(359,242)	7,606,778
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	185,828	182,833	2,995	182,764
Employee benefits	71,742	76,272	(4,530)	68,359
Services and supplies	8,207,817	7,643,387	564,430	7,555,397
Depreciation		611	(611)	
Total Operating Expenses	8,465,387	7,903,103	562,284	7,806,520
Operating Income (Loss)	(43,850)	159,192	203,042	(199,742)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	10,000	565	(9,435)	2,834
Miscellaneous		5,961	5,961	2,507
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)	10,000	6,526	(3,474)	5,341
Change in Net Position	\$ (33,850)	165,718	\$ 199,568	(194,401)
Net Position, July 1		312,956		507,357
Net Position, June 30		\$ 478,674		\$ 312,956

GROUP MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VA	ARIANCE		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received for customers Cash received from other funds Cash payments for personnel costs Cash payments for services and supplies Miscellaneous cash received	\$	1,852,349 6,569,188 (257,570) (8,207,817)	\$	1,744,315 6,289,395 (249,736) (7,642,504) 5,961	\$	(108,034) (279,793) 7,834 565,313 5,961	\$	1,755,540 5,822,127 (235,837) (7,554,514) 2,507
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(43,850)		147,431		191,281		(210,177)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets						<u>-</u>		(6,110)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income		10,000		565		(9,435)		2,834
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(33,850)		147,996		181,846		(213,453)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		93,924		93,924				307,377
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	60,074	\$	241,920	\$	181,846	\$	93,924
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	¢	(42.950)	¢	150 102	¢	202.042	¢	(100.742)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	<u>\$</u>	(43,850)	\$	159,192	\$	203,042	\$	(199,742)
Depreciation Nonoperating revenues Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:		-		611 5,961		611 5,961		2,507
Accounts receivable Prepaid items Increase (decrease) in:		- -		(22,222) 226		(22,222) 226		(34,424) 220
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other governments Unearned revenue Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB obligation		- - - - -		657 (2,530) (5,340) (1,023) 4,238 7,661		657 (2,530) (5,340) (1,023) 4,238 7,661		663 3,502 4,290 1,023 5,877 5,907
Total Adjustments				(11,761)		(11,761)		(10,435)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(43,850)	\$	147,431	\$	191,281	\$	(210,177)

WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012)

	FINAL BUDGET		A	ACTUAL		ARIANCE	 2012
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services:							
Employer contributions	\$	750,095	\$	798,332	\$	48,237	\$ 786,423
Operating Expenses:							
Salaries and wages		85,495		87,375		(1,880)	90,230
Employee benefits		38,773		38,497		276	39,765
Services and supplies		496,187		749,777		(253,590)	395,147
Depreciation		15,270		15,270			 15,270
Total Operating Expenses		635,725		890,919		(255,194)	540,412
Operating Income (Loss)		114,370		(92,587)		(206,957)	 246,011
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Investment income		50,000		5,544		(44,456)	39,431
Miscellaneous		10,000		70,258		60,258	5,736
Total Nonoperating Revenues							
(Expenses)		60,000		75,802		15,802	45,167
Change in Net Position	\$	174,370		(16,785)	\$	(191,155)	291,178
Net Position, July 1				3,341,065			 3,049,887

Net Position, June 30

\$ 3,324,280

3,341,065

WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL	VA	ARIANCE	 2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from other funds Cash payments for personnel costs Cash payments for services and supplies Miscellaneous cash received	\$	750,095 (124,268) (496,187) 10,000	\$ 825,176 (122,908) (536,855) 70,258	\$	75,081 1,360 (40,668) 60,258	\$ 786,424 (126,994) (656,169) 5,736
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		139,640	 235,671		96,031	 8,997
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	- <u></u>	50,000	5,544		(44,456)	39,431
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		189,640	241,215		51,575	48,428
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		3,385,874	 3,385,874		_	3,337,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	3,575,514	\$ 3,627,089	\$	51,575	\$ 3,385,874
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	114,370	\$ (92,587)	\$	(206,957)	\$ 246,011
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation		15,270	15,270			15,270
Nonoperating revenues Changes in assets and liabilities:		10,000	70,258		60,258	5,736
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Other assets		-	26,844		26,844	1 (10,000)
Prepaid items Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		-	(3,028) (7,091)		(3,028) (7,091)	(1,278) 25,312
Accrued salaries and benefits Accrued compensated absences Other liabilities		- - -	(787) 223,041 843		(787) 223,041 843	62 (697) (275,056)
NET OPEB obligation			 2,908		2,908	3,636
Total Adjustments		25,270	 328,258		302,988	 (237,014)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	139,640	\$ 235,671	\$	96,031	\$ 8,997

CARSON CITY INSURANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Administrative fees	\$ 1,478,000	\$ 1,473,094	\$ (4,906)	\$ 1,403,525
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	71,847	73,191	(1,344)	75,107
Employee benefits	33,028	32,279	749	33,538
Services and supplies	1,335,375	1,069,409	265,966	1,595,873
Depreciation	8,670	16,183	(7,513)	5,333
Total Operating Expenses	1,448,920	1,191,062	257,858	1,709,851
Operating Income (Loss)	29,080	282,032	252,952	(306,326)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	3,000	733	(2,267)	2,040
Miscellaneous	40,000	99,280	59,280	79,015
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)	43,000	100,013	57,013	81,055
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	72,080	382,045	309,965	(225,271)
Transfers in				250,000
Change in Net Position	\$ 72,080	382,045	\$ 309,965	24,729
Net Position, July 1		176,188		151,459
Net Position, June 30		\$ 558,233		\$ 176,188

CARSON CITY INSURANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL UDGET	 ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from other funds Cash payments for personnel costs Cash payments for services and supplies Miscellaneous cash received	\$ 1,478,000 (104,875) (1,335,375) 40,000	\$ 1,487,866 (103,304) (1,196,826) 99,280	\$	9,866 1,571 138,549 59,280	\$ 1,392,527 (106,223) (1,610,333) 79,015
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	 77,750	 287,016		209,266	 (245,014)
CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from other funds					250,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets		 (575)		(575)	 (107,928)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	 3,000	 733		(2,267)	 2,040
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	80,750	287,174		206,424	(100,902)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	 370,327	 370,327		_	 471,229
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 451,077	\$ 657,501	\$	206,424	\$ 370,327
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$ 29,080	\$ 282,032	\$	252,952	\$ (306,326)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Nonoperating revenues Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:	8,670 40,000	16,183 99,280		7,513 59,280	5,333 79,015
Accounts receivable Prepaid items Increase (decrease) in:	-	14,772 10,003		14,772 10,003	(10,998) (23,595)
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other governments Accrued compensated absences Other liabilities Net OPEB obligation	 - - - - -	(45,125) (890) (35,420) (56,875) 516 2,540		(45,125) (890) (35,420) (56,875) 516 2,540	(28,018) 148 24,683 (724) 12,470 2,998
Total Adjustments	 48,670	 4,984		(43,686)	 61,312
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 77,750	\$ 287,016	\$	209,266	\$ (245,014)

FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services:	Φ 1.422.506	Ф. 1.422.500	Φ 2	Ф. 1.220.216
Administrative fees	\$ 1,432,506	\$ 1,432,508	\$ 2	\$ 1,329,216
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	370,168	382,936	(12,768)	359,599
Employee benefits	167,155	174,135	(6,980)	156,473
Services and supplies	948,882	870,577	78,305	870,880
Depreciation	56,850	44,929	11,921	42,118
Total Operating Expenses	1,543,055	1,472,577	70,478	1,429,070
Operating Income (Loss)	(110,549)	(40,069)	70,480	(99,854)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	15,000	2,837	(12,163)	10,012
Interest expense	(728)	(484)	244	(3,903)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	9,690	9,690	(98,963)
Bond issuance costs				(2,285)
T (IN)				
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	14,272	12,043	(2,229)	(95,139)
(Expenses)	14,272	12,043	(2,229)	(93,139)
Change in Net Position	\$ (96,277)	(28,026)	\$ 68,251	(194,993)
Net Position, July 1		822,940		1,017,933
Net Position, June 30		\$ 794,914		\$ 822,940

FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ 1.422.506	Ф. 1.422.500	Φ 2	Φ 1.220.216
Cash received for services	\$ 1,432,506	\$ 1,432,508	\$ 2	\$ 1,329,216
Cash payments for personnel costs	(537,323)	(536,821)	502	(492,305)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(948,882)	(789,119)	159,763	(871,868)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	(53,699)	106,568	160,267	(34,957)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sales of assets	=	9,691	9,691	33,617
Acquisition of capital assets	(450,000)	(21,754)	428,246	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(78,000)	(78,000)	-	(152,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(728)	(831)	(103)	(5,213)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(528,728)	(90,894)	437,834	(123,596)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	15,000	2,837	(12,163)	10,012
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(567,427)	18,511	585,938	(148,541)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	684,218	684,218		832,759
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 116,791	\$ 702,729	\$ 585,938	\$ 684,218

FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		FINAL					
	В	UDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE		2012
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME							
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)							
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(110,549)	\$	(40,069)	\$	70,480	\$ (99,854)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income							
(loss) to net cash provided							
(used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation		56,850		44,929		(11,921)	42,118
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in:							
Inventories		-		55,805		55,805	(18,309)
Prepaid items		-		(7)		(7)	-
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable		-		25,660		25,660	17,321
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		1,991		1,991	3,437
Accrued compensated absences		-		3,135		3,135	5,434
Net OPEB obligation		-	-	15,124		15,124	 14,896
Total Adjustments		56,850		146,637		89,787	 64,897
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$	(53,699)	\$	106,568	\$	160,267	\$ (34,957)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	-	\$	3,445	\$	3,445	\$ -

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee or agency capacity.

Investment Trust Fund - This Fund is used to account for the external investment pool administered by Carson City. The pool has one involuntary participant, the Carson City School District Debt Service Fund. These statements can be found in the City's basic financial statements.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency Funds are merely clearing accounts and have no fund equity. The following information is presented to describe each of the City's Agency Funds:

Sierra Forest Fire Protection Fund - This Fund is used to accumulate ad valorem and supplemental City/County relief tax monies and provide payment of debts and just claims against the District.

Eagle Valley Water District Fund - This Fund is used to account for the collection and payment of ad valorem taxes on behalf of the District.

Sub-Conservancy District Fund - This Fund is used to account for the collection and payment of ad valorem taxes on behalf of the District.

Fish and Game Fund - This Fund is used to account for monies withdrawn from the wildlife account within the State General Fund and transferred to the City for disposition by the City's Advisory Board to manage wildlife.

Controller Trust Fund - This Fund is used to account for unclaimed payroll warrants and accounts payable warrants during the required statutory period, which have been returned to the City until claimed or remitted to the State of Nevada Unclaimed Property Division.

State of Nevada Fund - This Fund is used to account for the collection and payment of the State of Nevada's share of ad valorem taxes, District and Justice Court fees, marriage fees, or fees otherwise mandated by statute, and collected by the City.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS Continued

Nevada Commission for the Reconstruction of the V & T Railway Fund - This Fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of gifts, grants, and donations to reconstruct the Virginia and Truckee Railroad between Virginia City and Carson City.

Forfeiture Account Fund - This Fund is used to account for currency that is seized by the Sheriff's Office and will remain in the Fund until the court determines if the currency is subject to forfeiture.

Carson City School District Debt Service Fund - This Fund is used to account for ad valorem taxes and interest earned thereon, specifically apportioned and appropriated for the retirement of long-term general obligation principal and interest of the School District.

Carson City School District Operating Fund - This Fund is used to account for the collection of and remittance to the school district of ad valorem taxes.

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 3)

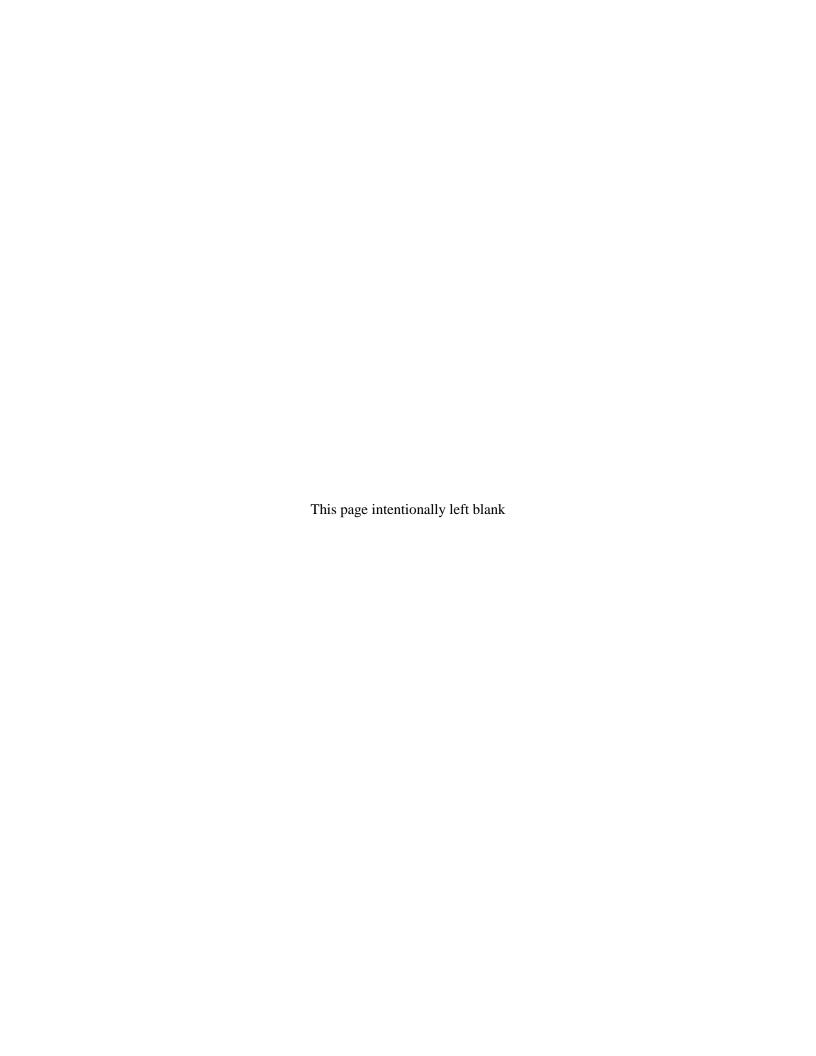
	BALANCE JULY 1, 2012		ADDITIONS		DELETIONS		BALANCE JUNE 30, 2013	
SIERRA FOREST FIRE PROTECTION FUND		,						
Assets:	Φ.	222 624	Φ.	717.506	Φ.	0.40.010	Φ.	
Cash and investments Taxes receivable, delinquent	\$	222,624 1,245	\$	717,586 892	\$	940,210 482	\$	1,655
Due from other governments		44,586		47,141		44,586		47,141
2 de 110 in outer go (erimiento		,		.,,1.1		,		.,,1.1
Total Assets	\$	268,455	\$	765,619	\$	985,278	\$	48,796
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	68,811	\$	68,811	\$	-
Due to other governments		268,455		631,177		850,836		48,796
Total Liabilities	\$	268,455	\$	699,988	\$	919,647	\$	48,796
EAGLE VALLEY WATER DISTRICT FUND								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	267	\$	16,670	\$	16,562	\$	375
Taxes receivable, delinquent		407		207		143		471
Total Assets	\$	674	\$	16,877	\$	16,705	\$	846
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	674	\$	17,159	\$	16,987	\$	846
SUB-CONSERVANCY DISTRICT FUND Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	2,596	\$	813,114	\$	814,280	\$	1,430
Taxes receivable, delinquent		12,266		4,840		4,981		12,125
Due from other governments		15,994		18,131		15,994		18,131
Total Assets	\$	30,856	\$	836,085	\$	835,255	\$	31,686
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	407,651	\$	407,651	\$	_
Due to other governments	Ψ	12,884	Ψ	411,711	Ψ	411,412	Ψ	13,183
Other liabilities		17,972		18,503		17,972		18,503
Total Liabilities	\$	30,856	\$	837,865	\$	837,035	\$	31,686
Total Elabilities	Ψ	30,030	Ψ	037,003	Ψ	037,033	Ψ	31,000
FISH AND GAME FUND								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,898	\$	1,833	\$	3,041	\$	690
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	673	\$	3,134	\$	3,117	\$	690
Due to other governments		1,225		1,834		3,059		-
Total Liabilities	\$	1,898	\$	4,968	\$	6,176	\$	690

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 3)

		ALANCE LY 1, 2012	ADDITIONS		_ D	ELETIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2013		
CONTROLLER TRUST FUND Assets:						_			
Cash and investments	\$	8,484	\$	2,876	\$	6,000	\$	5,360	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	- 8,484	\$	6,000 2,825	\$	6,000 5,949	\$	5,360	
Total Liabilities	\$	8,484	\$	8,825	\$	11,949	\$	5,360	
STATE OF NEVADA FUND									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	274,428	\$	3,802,170	\$	3,598,748	\$	477,850	
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable, delinquent		70,342		65 27,380		28,676		65 69,046	
Total Assets	\$	344,770	\$	3,829,615	\$	3,627,424	\$	546,961	
Liabilities:	<u>-</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	95	\$	742	\$	837	\$	_	
Due to other governments		344,675		4,283,040	_	4,080,754		546,961	
Total Liabilities	\$	344,770	\$	4,283,782	\$	4,081,591	\$	546,961	
NEVADA COMMISSION FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE V & T RAILWAY FUND Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	835,161	\$	360,690	\$	459,963	\$	735,888	
Cash held by Commission		85,168		85				85,253	
Due from other governments Prepaid items		51,776 11,799		60,433 12,370		51,776 11,799		60,433 12,370	
•									
Total Assets	\$	983,904	\$	433,578	\$	523,538	\$	893,944	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	70,496	\$	281,585	\$	327,980	\$	24,101	
Due to other governments		913,408		299,818		343,383		869,843	
Total Liabilities	\$	983,904	\$	581,403	\$	671,363	\$	893,944	
FORFEITURE ACCOUNT FUND									
Assets:	¢	42.026	Ф	15 704	Φ	5 400	Ф	54 207	
Cash and investments	\$	43,926	\$	15,784	\$	5,423	\$	54,287	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	2,110 41,816	\$	3,137 14,118	\$	4,802 2,092	\$	445 53,842	
•									
Total Liabilities	\$	43,926	\$	17,255	\$	6,894	\$	54,287	

CARSON CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 3 OF 3)

	BALANCE ILY 1, 2012	A	DDITIONS	D	ELETIONS	SALANCE NE 30, 2013
CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND	 					
Assets:						
Taxes receivable, delinquent	\$ 177,354	\$	68,823	\$	71,704	\$ 174,473
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	650	\$	650	\$ -
Due to other governments	 177,354		6,404,343		6,407,224	 174,473
Total Liabilities	\$ 177,354	\$	6,404,993	\$	6,407,874	\$ 174,473
CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATING FUND Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 53,616	\$	10,236,034	\$	10,269,823	\$ 19,827
Taxes receivable, delinquent	 307,162		125,760		124,670	 308,252
Total Assets	\$ 360,778	\$	10,361,794	\$	10,394,493	\$ 328,079
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	262	\$	262	\$ -
Due to other governments	 360,778		10,306,920		10,339,619	 328,079
Total Liabilities	\$ 360,778	\$	10,307,182	\$	10,339,881	\$ 328,079
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS						
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 1,443,000	\$	15,966,757	\$	16,114,050	\$ 1,295,707
Cash held by Commission Accounts receivable	85,168		85 65		-	85,253 65
Taxes receivable, delinquent	568,776		227,902		230,656	566,022
Due from other governments	112,356		125,705		112,356	125,705
Prepaid items	 11,799		12,370		11,799	 12,370
Total Assets	\$ 2,221,099	\$	16,332,884	\$	16,468,861	\$ 2,085,122
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 73,374	\$	771,972	\$	820,110	\$ 25,236
Due to other governments	2,129,753		22,372,945		22,461,315	2,041,383
Other liabilities	 17,972		18,503		17,972	 18,503
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,221,099	\$	23,163,420	\$	23,299,397	\$ 2,085,122



CITY OF CARSON CITY, NEVADA STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Carson City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Section Contents	Schedule #
Financial Trends	1.1 - 1.4
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	2.1 - 2.4
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	3.1 - 3.4
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt, and its ability to issue additional future debt.	
Demographic and Economic Information	4.1 - 4.2
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	5.1 - 5.3
These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	

CARSON CITY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital \$ 260,370,604 \$ 230,502,492 172,327,528 142,099,041 65,849,092 69,600,063 259,709,061 \$ \$ \$ 131,338,112 120,602,072 \$ \$ \$ 63,816,236 assets 15,013,156 16,058,661 20,115,371 18,759,556 23,302,315 29,389,902 24,871,291 16,085,638 14,316,416 Restricted 15,165,751 (1,728,608)Unrestricted (22,471,320)(23,227,661)(16,829,470)(14,549,896)(4,678,327)2,417,112 (3,390,070)15,697,202 14,233,204 Total Governmental Activities Net Position 177,893,003 \$ 156,180,270 \$ 157,057,539 251,647,151 \$ 229,731,683 \$ 148,263,366 87,330,313 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets 92,023,344 92,490,506 \$ 92,656,159 \$ 90,457,625 89,403,212 \$ 87,652,903 84,123,860 \$ 78,129,888 \$ 71,872,037 70,977,186 Restricted 2,742,096 2,598,135 2,545,363 2,482,872 Unrestricted 7,849,919 7,832,105 3,476,230 6,235,987 11,002,971 14,666,940 16,169,206 16,340,435 17,913,131 16,797,849 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 92,330,531 100,322,611 96,132,389 96,693,612 \$ 100,406,183 102,319,843 \$ 103,035,162 \$ 97,068,458 90,257,907 99,873,263 \$

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net investment in capital \$ 352,393,948 \$ 352,199,567 \$ 323,158,651 \$ 262,785,153 \$ 231,502,253 \$ 218,991,015 \$ 204,725,932 \$ 143,978,980 \$ 141,472,100 \$ 134,793,422 assets Restricted 15,013,156 15,165,751 16,058,661 20,115,371 18,759,556 23,302,315 32,131,998 27,469,426 18,631,001 16,799,288 Unrestricted (14,621,401) (15.395.556)(13,353,240) (8.313.909)6,324,644 17.084.052 14,440,598 12,950,365 33,610,333 31,031,053

Total Primary Government
Net Position

\$\frac{352,785,703}{2} \frac{\$351,969,762}{2} \frac{\$325,864,072}{2} \frac{\$274,586,615}{2} \frac{\$256,586,453}{2} \frac{\$259,377,382}{2} \frac{\$251,298,528}{2} \frac{\$184,398,771}{2} \frac{\$193,713,434}{2} \frac{\$182,623,763}{2} \frac{\$250,376,382}{2} \frac{\$250,377,382}{2} \frac{

Note: Information above is presented on the accural basis of accounting. Accrual-basis financial information for the city government as a whole is available in the Basic Financial Statements.

CARSON CITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

EXPENSES Governmental Activities: General government \$ 13,270,490 \$ 12,839,523 \$ 12,710,114 \$ 13,128,842 \$ 13,919,789 \$ 13,042,589 \$ 13 Public safety 31,081,304 30,273,949 28,842,714 30,765,050 28,995,649 27,388,924 26 Judicial 5,438,232 5,213,231 4,891,274 5,301,887 5,065,113 4,526,334 3 Public works 8,616,739 9,249,322 8,188,834 9,660,646 8,200,517 10,017,131 7 Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	007 2006 3,329,480 \$ 15,920,46: 5,333,209 25,401,44: 3,656,007 3,505,07: 7,205,824 7,205,69: 2,736,463 1,808,07:	3 25,320,788 6 3,158,460	\$ 10,368,245 21,632,395 2,826,724
Governmental Activities: General government \$ 13,270,490 \$ 12,839,523 \$ 12,710,114 \$ 13,128,842 \$ 13,919,789 \$ 13,042,589 \$ 13 Public safety 31,081,304 30,273,949 28,842,714 30,765,050 28,995,649 27,388,924 26 Judicial 5,438,232 5,213,231 4,891,274 5,301,887 5,065,113 4,526,334 3 Public works 8,616,739 9,249,322 8,188,834 9,660,646 8,200,517 10,017,131 7 Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	5,333,209 25,401,443 3,656,007 3,505,070 7,205,824 7,205,699	3 25,320,788 6 3,158,460	21,632,395
General government \$ 13,270,490 \$ 12,839,523 \$ 12,710,114 \$ 13,128,842 \$ 13,919,789 \$ 13,042,589 \$ 13 Public safety 31,081,304 30,273,949 28,842,714 30,765,050 28,995,649 27,388,924 26 Judicial 5,438,232 5,213,231 4,891,274 5,301,887 5,065,113 4,526,334 3 Public works 8,616,739 9,249,322 8,188,834 9,660,646 8,200,517 10,017,131 7 Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	5,333,209 25,401,443 3,656,007 3,505,070 7,205,824 7,205,699	3 25,320,788 6 3,158,460	21,632,395
Public safety 31,081,304 30,273,949 28,842,714 30,765,050 28,995,649 27,388,924 26 Judicial 5,438,232 5,213,231 4,891,274 5,301,887 5,065,113 4,526,334 3 Public works 8,616,739 9,249,322 8,188,834 9,660,646 8,200,517 10,017,131 7 Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	5,333,209 25,401,443 3,656,007 3,505,070 7,205,824 7,205,699	3 25,320,788 6 3,158,460	21,632,395
Judicial 5,438,232 5,213,231 4,891,274 5,301,887 5,065,113 4,526,334 3 Public works 8,616,739 9,249,322 8,188,834 9,660,646 8,200,517 10,017,131 7 Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	3,505,076 7,205,824 7,205,699	6 3,158,460	
Public works 8,616,739 9,249,322 8,188,834 9,660,646 8,200,517 10,017,131 7 Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	7,205,824 7,205,695		2,826,724
Sanitation 1,730,139 1,680,283 1,655,363 1,805,049 1,753,575 1,972,849 Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	-	5 7,462,191	
Health 5,451,016 4,984,823 4,349,102 4,570,746 3,563,272 2,781,546 2 Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	- 2 736 463 1 808 079		7,389,511
Welfare 2,028,677 2,369,073 2,359,998 2,373,611 2,143,404 2,008,154 2 Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	736 463 1 808 079		-
Culture and recreation 9,084,415 8,981,258 8,719,947 9,686,659 8,995,601 9,056,223 8	2,730,703 1,000,070	8 1,320,958	1,040,547
	2,074,309 2,038,709	9 1,915,957	1,482,239
704.500	3,897,085 8,885,644	4 8,184,715	7,368,395
Community support 704,500 3,386,724 1,643,988 3,922,076 2,626,657 991,673	552,307 15,427,942	2 1,476,257	5,805,226
Airport 388,786 285,645 149,667 257,969 51,505 124,386	348,318 85,514	4 126,043	270,425
Economic Opportunity 186,695 304,571 326,910 4,705,495 2,255,148 560,255	485,422 4,466,036	6 520,190	243,268
Interest on long-term debt 3,513,966 3,931,487 4,047,091 4,247,956 3,947,951 3,721,332 3	3,078,77	1 2,126,197	1,486,850
Total Governmental Activities Expenses 81,494,959 83,499,889 77,885,002 90,425,986 81,518,181 76,191,396 69	9,463,075 87,823,373	3 63,344,695	59,913,825
Business-type Activities:			
	2,057,836 1,889,185	5 1,058,363	1,534,489
	7,751,960 7,592,212		7,044,425
Water 11,847,582 12,190,492 12,448,336 11,345,020 10,423,075 9,996,906 9	9,143,663 8,228,35	7 7,670,393	7,385,857
Stormwater Drainage 1,186,768 1,199,990 1,025,278 1,198,016 1,115,129 880,387	860,866 745,178	8 286,562	21,170
Ambulance 3,203,882 4,150,587 4,311,731 4,288,925 4,657,637 3,444,369 3	3,314,417 3,159,589	9 2,599,930	2,635,082
Cemetery 191,888 193,726 185,524 192,330 162,706 206,709	201,439 214,10	7 199,167	193,136
Building Permits 574,273 464,022 439,863 580,576 945,159 1,581,943 1	1,724,380 1,629,333	3 1,476,259	1,419,040
Total Business-type Activities Expenses 25,969,739 26,587,818 26,897,270 26,173,401 26,131,263 24,306,343 25		1 20,454,833	20,233,199
Total Primary Government Expenses \$\\\ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	5,054,561 23,457,96		

Note: This information is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

CARSON CITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					FISCAL YEAR	ENDED JUNE 30,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 2,953,439	\$ 2,627,410	\$ 2,857,504	\$ 2,918,651	\$ 3,351,544	\$ 3,486,025	\$ 2,927,954	\$ 3,248,476	\$ 3,025,997	\$ 2,803,199
Public safety	2,359,100	1,228,238	1,155,682	1,188,443	1,076,716	832,339	869,747	786,504	953,268	655,685
Judicial	1,849,102	1,790,286	1,670,098	1,856,416	1,906,511	1,811,532	1,532,800	1,615,910	1,420,357	1,273,887
Public works	155,388	287,772	149,922	130,186	135,246	246,581	351,854	121,845	127,930	176,431
Sanitation	2,989,716	3,302,423	2,903,582	2,808,933	3,068,057	4,902,844	-	-	-	-
Health	547,415	440,934	368,863	391,320	388,737	323,538	196,846	148,971	99,467	110,343
Welfare	-	-	-	2,502	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	1,320,758	1,285,299	1,189,441	1,272,141	1,279,607	1,283,107	1,315,279	1,323,132	1,368,658	1,267,487
Community support	8,000	-	-	381	-	1,825	-	5,038	-	-
Economic opportunity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Operating grants, interest, and contributions	6,924,384	7,895,664	8,040,598	13,387,728	6,777,205	5,088,124	6,129,717	8,678,963	6,003,596	3,351,158
Capital grants, interest, and contributions	3,414,668	30,733,429	56,268,193	25,254,636	6,622,668	2,819,030	14,492,662	51,789	2,211,437	568,537
Total Governmental Activities Program										
Revenues	22,521,970	49,591,455	74,603,883	49,211,337	24,606,291	20,794,945	27,816,859	15,980,628	15,210,710	10,206,738
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Landfill	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,795,200	2,650,501	2,101,413	1,646,918
Sewer	7,475,566	8,688,226	6,745,687	6,221,191	6,070,923	5,078,660	5,084,414	4,947,911	5,038,171	5,095,325
Water	12,868,228	13,056,457	11,510,051	9,213,231	9,366,534	9,023,248	7,593,208	6,533,885	5,696,364	6,098,002
Stormwater Drainage	1,169,116	1,308,666	1,669,605	1,172,877	1,070,093	1,017,917	1,007,484	998,097	572,820	190,219
Ambulance	2,466,832	3,729,850	3,547,842	3,809,675	3,979,519	4,036,969	3,373,632	3,314,884	2,878,935	2,597,448
Cemetery	116,562	130,494	111,624	91,161	85,437	115,220	150,912	104,211	81,897	138,800
Building Permits	379,300	590,055	536,824	422,320	800,889	1,273,027	1,487,738	1,344,789	1,514,599	1,670,751
Operating grants, interest, and contributions	-	-	-	200	30	-	-	12,538	31,080	44,830
Capital grants, interest, and contributions	419,206	2,505,810	1,906,273	890,780	2,009,015	4,987,392	6,462,247	7,000,395	5,150,750	2,934,428
Total Business-type Activities Program										
Revenues	24,894,810	30,009,558	26,027,906	21,821,435	23,382,440	25,532,433	28,954,835	26,907,211	23,066,029	20,416,721
Total Primary Government Program										
Revenues	\$ 47,416,780	\$ 79,601,013	\$ 100,631,789	\$ 71,032,772	\$ 47,988,731	\$ 46,327,378	\$ 56,771,694	\$ 42,887,839	\$ 38,276,739	\$ 30,623,459
NET (EXPENSE) / REVENUE										
Governmental activities	\$ (58,972,989)	\$ (33,908,434)	\$ (3,281,119)	\$ (41,214,649)	\$ (56,911,890)	\$ (55,396,451)	\$ (41,646,216)	\$ (71,842,745)	\$ (48,133,985)	\$ (49,707,087)
Business-type activities	(1,074,929)	3,421,740	(869,364)	(4,351,966)	(2,748,823)	1,226,090	3,900,274	3,449,250	2,611,196	183,522
Total Primary Government Net (Expense))									
/ Revenue	\$ (60,047,918)	\$ (30,486,694)	\$ (4,150,483)	\$ (45,566,615)	\$ (59,660,713)	\$ (54,170,361)	\$ (37,745,942)	\$ (68,393,495)	\$ (45,522,789)	\$ (49,523,565)

Note: This information is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

CARSON CITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

					FISCAL YEAR I	ENDED JUNE 30,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 26,381,752	\$ 22,773,809	\$ 22,144,119	\$ 20,555,087	\$ 19,362,180	\$ 17,542,259	\$ 16,538,908	\$ 14,842,941	\$ 14,399,482	\$ 13,622,347
Sales taxes	4,798,620	4,591,472	4,518,988	4,172,071	4,721,317	5,669,448	6,097,893	5,355,446	4,856,154	4,517,602
Consolidated tax	19,825,135	19,016,195	18,286,154	17,477,368	19,969,586	23,442,872	25,944,779	26,808,073	25,661,323	23,827,916
Franchise taxes	5,003,989	5,019,809	4,977,697	5,531,976	5,623,238	5,371,215	4,619,984	4,423,774	4,081,139	3,541,660
Other taxes	124,158	157,269	158,283	136,856	194,508	3,911,193	4,262,092	4,273,234	4,193,053	3,889,322
Motor vehicle fuel tax	4,462,870	4,495,254	4,646,688	4,992,322	4,182,742	1,330,616	1,373,902	1,361,374	1,340,152	1,277,083
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	-	-	-	-	-	3,312	687	589	576	568
Unrestricted investment income	62,846	275,035	408,911	1,132,477	2,059,082	3,614,317	3,530,584	1,367,181	1,197,060	122,925
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,337,946	-	-
Miscellaneous revenue	181,733	214,052	235,667	183,639	218,370	305,300	246,304	189,430	191,890	257,974
Transfers	(602,825)	(718,993)	(256,708)	(398,481)	(296,402)	3,000,092	(746,617)	(2,169,833)	1,230,203	(38,651)
Total Governmental Activities	60,238,278	55,823,902	55,119,799	53,783,315	56,034,621	64,190,624	61,868,516	57,790,155	57,151,032	51,018,746
Business-type Activities:										
Unrestricted investment income	22,756	49,489	51,433	240,914	538,761	1,058,683	1,319,813	476,360	691,631	(18,239)
Transfers	602,825	718,993	256,708	398,481	296,402	(3,000,092)	746,617	2,169,833	(1,230,203)	38,651
Total Business-type Activities	625,581	768,482	308,141	639,395	835,163	(1,941,409)	2,066,430	2,646,193	(538,572)	20,412
Total Primary Government Activities	\$ 60,863,859	\$ 56,592,384	\$ 55,427,940	\$ 54,422,710	\$ 56,869,784	\$ 62,249,215	\$ 63,934,946	\$ 60,436,348	\$ 56,612,460	\$ 51,039,158
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities	\$ 1,265,289	\$ 21,915,468	\$ 51,838,680	\$ 12,568,666	\$ (877,269)	\$ 8,794,173	\$ 20,222,300	\$ (14,052,590)	\$ 9,017,047	\$ 1,311,659
Business-type activities	(449,348)	4,190,222	(561,223)	(3,712,571)	(1,913,660)	(715,319)	5,966,704	6,095,443	2,072,624	203,934
Total Primary Government Change in Net			·							
Position	\$ 815,941	\$ 26,105,690	\$ 51,277,457	\$ 8,856,095	\$ (2,790,929)	\$ 8,078,854	\$ 26,189,004	\$ (7,957,147)	\$ 11,089,671	\$ 1,515,593

Note: This information is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

CARSON CITY FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

		THOCHE THAN ENDED OCHEOU																	
c	ENERAL FUND	2013	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004
G	GASB 54 (a)	2013	2012	_	2011		2010	_	2009	_	2000		2007	_	2000		2003	_	2004
	Nonspendable	\$ 703,349	\$ 269,317	\$	234,703	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	Restricted	698,926	854,838	-	866,931	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
	Committed		-		-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	Assigned	1,597,932	1,036,620		2,962,474		_		_		-		_		_		_		-
	Unassigned	3,296,337	2,731,167		2,830,794		_		_		_		_		_		_		-
	Prior to GASB 54 ^(a)	-,,	,,		,,														
	Reserved	_	_		-		1,164,962		877,986		790,253		793,002		867,481		546,825		479,751
	Unreserved:																		
	Designated	-	-		-		3,294,193		7,979,901		5,143,029		5,385,581		5,079,437		8,959,556		8,846,685
	Undesignated	-	-		-		2,024,044		2,628,357		8,383,701		5,496,137		4,951,945		2,092,600		2,606,927
	Total General Fund	\$ 6,296,544	\$ 4,891,942	\$	6,894,902	\$	6,483,199	\$	11,486,244	\$	14,316,983	\$	11,674,720	\$	10,898,863	\$	11,598,981	\$	11,933,363
A	LL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS																		
	GASB 54 (a)																		
	Nonspendable	\$ 64,913	\$ 82,036	\$	24,582	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Restricted	11,130,067	10,871,688		12,212,046		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
143	Committed	7,606	5,853		2,400,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	Assigned	1,082,317	1,223,257		1,926,574		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	Unassigned	(6,749)	-		(1,943)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	Prior to GASB 54 (a)																		
	Reserved	-	-		-		20,076		7,742		15,258		12,953		1,287		865		22,400
	Unreserved:																		
	Designated in:																		
	Special Revenue Funds	-	-		-		5,205,792		10,977,085		14,476,430		5,195,162		9,914,131		10,300,110		5,738,209
	Debt Service Funds	-	-		-		1,036,661		1,140,238		1,259,329		1,143,535		992,243		1,633,794		2,354,377
	Capital Projects Funds	-	-		-		51,609		90,054		73,552		100,358		517,218		130,227		70,197
	Undesignated in:																		
	Special Revenue Funds	-	-		-		15,318,046		12,081,931		13,889,408		32,268,590		28,406,279		22,049,919		17,059,026
	Debt Service Funds	-	-		-		12,384		196,616		24,354		37,444		443,148		13,798		27,006
	Capital Projects Funds			_			2,729,014		777,393		3,095,754	_	7,245,512		14,599,397		2,801,349	_	2,071,348
	Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 12,278,154	\$ 12,182,834	\$	16,561,259	\$	24,373,582	\$	25,271,059	\$	32,834,085	\$	46,003,554	\$	54,873,703	\$	36,930,062	\$	27,342,563

Note: Fluctuations in the general fund and all other governmental fund balance restricted and unrestricted amounts are explained in the relevant year Management's Discussion and Analysis.

This information is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽a) Prior to 2011 and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, fund balances were classified as Reserved or Unreserved. Under GASB Statement No. 54, fund balances are classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned

CARSON CITY CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

					FISCAL YEAR E	NDED JUNE 30,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 33,842,019	\$ 30,389,857	\$ 29,656,665	\$ 28,093,025	\$ 26,721,962	\$ 26,801,548	\$ 26,649,450	\$ 24,247,771	\$ 23,227,887	\$ 21,806,953
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	192,708
Licenses and permits	6,742,835	6,657,143	6,782,247	7,340,788	7,377,737	7,089,746	6,183,388	6,191,477	5,688,240	5,099,575
Intergovernmental revenues	31,361,448	32,832,525	32,902,457	49,672,531	32,332,386	30,876,567	43,287,158	36,935,960	33,640,817	29,100,114
Charges for services	11,049,184	11,885,268	11,153,091	11,467,700	11,215,117	13,322,748	8,417,219	7,455,522	6,997,392	6,133,344
Fines and forfeits	944,937	901,394	773,519	802,402	1,046,329	1,023,459	901,404	1,011,142	902,536	845,779
Miscellaneous	2,007,642	1,756,085	1,716,374	2,188,920	3,430,504	4,565,944	4,411,395	2,179,034	2,121,663	1,024,528
Total Revenues	85,948,065	84,422,272	82,984,353	99,565,366	82,124,035	83,680,012	89,850,014	78,020,906	72,578,535	64,203,001
EXPENDITURES										
General government	14,240,694	13,952,064	14,231,116	15,005,013	14,680,918	14,514,253	15,037,996	19,586,502	13,998,307	12,828,474
Public safety	28,605,267	27,779,133	27,313,128	28,362,786	26,595,429	25,954,382	25,956,021	24,295,657	25,614,239	20,531,866
Judicial	5,143,470	4,973,383	4,824,457	5,075,739	4,822,651	4,704,943	3,652,245	3,521,459	3,093,465	2,794,389
Public works	7,251,585	8,487,965	7,821,034	19,917,994	20,642,266	17,079,950	11,965,730	12,148,591	10,441,407	10,201,012
Sanitation	1,558,251	1,485,325	1,542,371	1,673,677	1,734,716	3,386,664	-	-	-	-
Health	4,741,438	4,332,571	3,798,124	3,960,626	3,001,006	2,627,724	2,670,894	1,777,541	1,532,341	1,037,614
Welfare	2,014,083	2,367,038	2,344,154	2,359,467	2,127,710	2,011,350	2,073,901	2,033,648	1,911,782	1,478,840
Culture and recreation	7,354,482	7,365,129	7,296,030	13,381,380	11,217,627	15,594,191	9,464,358	8,810,148	11,169,367	10,299,483
Community support	757,714	3,098,628	1,296,951	3,573,553	2,617,465	570,916	630,602	15,784,475	752,965	5,547,273
Airport	45,765	4,234	47,506	9,144,072	3,107,641	579,295	10,034,403	38,779	79,038	297,124
Economic opportunity	186,695	304,571	326,957	4,742,049	2,275,376	609,176	565,092	4,598,312	593,042	263,279
Capital outlay	6,144,702	7,757,392	11,231,655	8,028	1,084,955	4,084,369	9,039,514	6,510,301	306,392	265,811
Debt service:										
Principal	5,694,368	4,095,917	3,924,674	3,604,885	3,549,588	3,038,832	3,056,246	2,725,880	2,576,513	2,396,506
Interest and fiscal charges	4,148,852	3,835,852	4,286,892	3,956,052	3,873,919	3,651,174	3,764,874	2,932,911	1,958,684	1,282,262
Total Expenditures	87,887,366	89,839,202	90,285,049	114,765,321	101,331,267	98,407,219	97,911,876	104,764,204	74,027,542	69,223,933
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	(1,939,301)	(5,416,930)	(7,300,696)	(15,199,955)	(19,207,232)	(14,727,207)	(8,061,862)	(26,743,298)	(1,449,007)	(5,020,932)

14

CARSON CITY CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,											
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		
OTHER FINANCING												
SOURCES (USES)												
Capital asset sales	13,097	10,545	3,535	-	-	-	-	3,620,000	40,613	141,280		
Capital leases	-	-	-	69,433	53,467	11,228	55,770	20,052	85,749	-		
Bonds issued	-	-	7,210,000	7,900,000	9,055,000	-	-	41,000,000	6,815,000	9,935,000		
Notes issued	2,269,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,028,000	-		
Payment to refunded bond												
escrow agent	(30,026,827)	-	(7,244,702)	-	-	-	-	(9,884,613)	-			
Refunding bonds issued	30,767,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,040,000	-	-		
Refunding notes issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,654,300	-	-		
Premium on refunding bonds												
issued	840,062	-	226,243	-	-	-	-	278,709	-	-		
Transfers in	9,668,856	9,364,206	8,279,959	15,500,233	11,826,603	12,952,593	7,736,648	10,162,385	9,961,443	4,121,536		
Transfers out	(10,092,665)	(10,339,206)	(8,574,959)	(14,170,233)	(12,121,603)	(8,763,820)	(7,824,848)	(11,212,920)	(9,162,332)	(4,121,536)		
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308,908	-	-		
Discount on bonds issued		-							(66,349)	(145,206)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,439,223	(964,455)	(99,924)	9,299,433	8,813,467	4,200,001	(32,430)	43,986,821	10,702,124	9,931,074		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,499,922	\$ (6,381,385)	\$ (7,400,620)	\$ (5,900,522)	\$ (10,393,765)	\$ (10,527,206)	\$ (8,094,292)	\$ 17,243,523	\$ 9,253,117	\$ 4,910,142		
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.04%	9.66%	10.39%	8.44%	9.18%	8.74%	9.30%	6.19%	6.98%	5.97%		

CARSON CITY ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TOTAL

							TO	OTAL		
					PERSONAL				PERCENTAGE	
FISCAL YEAR		REAL PROPERTY A	SSESSED VALUE		PROPERTY	LESS:	TAXABLE	ESTIMATED	OF TAXABLE	TOTAL
ENDED					ASSESSED	TAX EXEMPT	ASSESSED	ACTUAL	VALUE TO	DIRECT
JUNE 30,	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	INDUSTRIAL	OTHER	VALUE	PROPERTY	VALUE	VALUE	ACTUAL VALUE	TAX RATE (1)
2013	\$ 1,016,454,814	\$ 510,880,941	\$ 80,961,017	\$ 25,825,504	\$ 68,172,306	\$ 320,479,554	\$ 1,381,815,028	\$ 3,948,042,937	35.00%	2.1800
2012	1,136,664,056	554,083,272	90,326,979	30,174,883	71,820,430	376,697,685	1,506,371,935	4,303,919,814	35.00%	0.0000
2011	1,296,755,931	627,675,034	105,367,926	34,738,957	79,406,876	455,801,189	1,688,143,535	4,823,267,242	35.00%	0.0000
2010	1,434,764,128	660,942,065	104,145,754	25,954,361	83,861,120	482,594,796	1,827,072,632	5,220,207,520	35.00%	0.0000
2009	1,426,052,054	631,533,390	99,424,981	30,383,765	87,038,009	431,185,202	1,843,246,997	5,266,419,991	35.00%	0.0000
2008	1,206,800,499	547,565,065	81,726,034	48,675,299	86,113,782	358,490,827	1,612,389,852	4,606,828,149	35.00%	0.0000
2007	1,083,303,781	451,206,734	73,847,370	48,854,565	83,969,393	307,878,233	1,433,303,610	4,095,153,171	35.00%	0.0000
2006	849,173,104	377,913,118	70,855,130	43,912,722	90,645,832	228,104,138	1,204,395,768	3,441,130,766	35.00%	0.0000
2005	787,818,702	353,104,623	66,465,018	49,625,614	85,499,759	216,695,480	1,125,818,236	3,216,623,531	35.00%	0.0000
2004	746,722,428	332,262,156	79,211,607	55,994,871	69,616,260	214,805,768	1,069,001,554	3,054,290,154	35.00%	0.0000

Source: Carson City Assessor

Pursuant to NRS 361.227, real property is valued at taxable value, determined by calculating the full cash value (market value) of land and estimated replacement cost of improvements less appropriate depreciation. Taxable assessed value is 35% of estimated actual value. Real property is reappraised at least every five years. Property not reappraised is revalued annually using various approved methods.

(1) Per hundred dollars of assessed valuation.

CARSON CITY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (TAX RATE PER \$100 ASSESSED VALUATION) (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

						FISCAL TEAK	ENDED JUNE 30,				
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
C	CARSON CITY DIRECT RATE										
	Operating Rate	1.7040	1.2102	1.2102	1.2102	1.2102	1.2102	1.2101	0.9634	0.9634	0.9634
	Voter Approved	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
	Legislative Overrides	0.4260	0.4470	0.4464	0.4468	0.4467	0.2405	0.2153	0.1765	0.1765	0.1620
	Debt Service	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0321	0.0321	0.0321	0.0331
	Total Carson City Direct Rate	2.1800	1.7072	1.7066	1.7070	1.7069	1.5007	1.5075	1.2220	1.2220	1.2085
C	OVERLAPPING RATES										
	Carson City School District	1.1800	1.1800	1.1800	1.2200	1.2200	1.2200	1.2200	1.2200	1.2200	1.2200
	State of Nevada	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700
	Eagle Valley Underground Water	0.0000	0.0000	0.0010	0.0009	0.0009	0.0011	0.0012	0.0016	0.0016	0.0016
	Carson Valley Ground Water Basin	0.0000	0.0000	0.0023	0.0020	0.0010	0.0025	0.0029	0.0027	0.0027	0.0033
_	Sub-Conservancy	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
47	Sierra Forest Fire	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
	Total Overlapping Rates	1.4800	1.4800	1.4833	1.5229	1.5219	1.5236	1.5241	1.5243	1.5243	1.5249
	Total Carson City Property Tax Rate	3.6600	3.1872	3.1899	3.2299	3.2288	3.0243	3.0316	2.7463	2.7463	2.7334
	REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF CARSON	3.2155	2.7427	2.8737	2.8895	2.6362	2.8108	2.7913	2.4845	2.5078	2.4891

Source: Nevada Department of Taxation

CARSON CITY TEN LARGEST ASSESSED VALUATIONS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

			2013				2004	
	ASSESSED VALUATION BANK			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL ASSESSED		ASSESSED		PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL ASSESSED
<u>TAXPAYER</u>	V	ALUATION	RANK	VALUATION	V.	ALUATION	RANK	VALUATION
C&A Investments	\$	11,603,880	1	0.84%	\$	6,689,595	7	0.63%
Serpa, John C	\$	11,070,966	2	0.80%	\$	8,427,042	5	0.79%
Carson-Tahoe Hospital	\$	10,485,274	3	0.76%				
Millard, Dwight	\$	10,050,938	4	0.73%	\$	8,885,283	3	0.83%
Carson Gaming LLC	\$	8,188,048	5	0.59%				-
Cubix/Ormsby	\$	6,767,736	6	0.49%	\$	4,868,440	9	0.46%
Hone, Doug & Kathleen	\$	6,441,187	7	0.47%				
Hohl, Michael	\$	6,018,928	8	0.44%				
ARHC CTCRCNV001 LLC	\$	5,517,860	9	0.40%				
Carson Nugget	\$	5,201,856	10	0.38%				
Sierra Pacific Power Company					\$	13,380,837	1	1.25%
Southwest Gas					\$	11,483,521	2	1.07%
Nevada Bell					\$	8,441,207	4	0.79%
Russell, Clark					\$	6,702,885	6	0.63%
Garth, Richard					\$	5,147,893	8	0.48%
Albertsons					\$	4,807,006	10	0.45%
Total, Ten Largest Taxpayers		81,346,673		5.89%		78,833,709		7.38%
Total, Other Taxpayers	1	,300,468,355		94.11%		990,167,848		92.64%
Total Assessed Valuations	\$ 1	,381,815,028		100.00%	\$ 1	,069,001,557		100.02%

Source: Carson City Assessor

Note: This list represents the ten largest property assessments based on property-owning taxpayers in the City. It is possible that an owner of several parcels may have an aggregate assessed value that is larger than those listed above.

CARSON CITY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNT EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

		CURREN	NT YEAR		TOTALS TO DATE			
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	TAXES LEVIED	TAX COLLECTIONS	PERCENT OF TAXES LEVIED	DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTIONS	TAX COLLECTIONS	PERCENT OF TAXES LEVIED		
2004	25,945	25,757	99.28%	188	25,945	100.00%		
2005	27,274	27,054	99.19%	220	27,274	100.00%		
2006	28,436	28,213	99.22%	223	28,436	100.00%		
2007	30,839	30,592	99.20%	247	30,839	100.00%		
2008	32,946	32,585	98.90%	361	32,946	100.00%		
2009	35,529	34,860	98.12%	631	35,491	99.89%		
2010	37,735	37,075	98.25%	614	37,689	99.88%		
2011	39,450	38,714	98.13%	623	39,337	99.71%		
2012	39,450	38,463	97.50%	570	39,033	98.94%		
2013	40,823	40,082	98.18%	-	40,082	98.18%		

Source: Carson City Treasurer's Office

CARSON CITY RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL

BUSINESS

			GENERAL BO	NDED DEBT		ACTIVITIES DEBT					FIVITIES			
										PROPRI	ETARY			
Y E	ISCAL YEAR NDED UNE 30,	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	TOTAL GENERAL BONDED DEBT	PERCENT OF ACTUAL PROPERTY VALUE (1)	PER CAPITA (2)	REVENUE BONDS	GENERAL OBLIGATION NOTES	CAPITAL LEASES	SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS	BONDS	NOTES	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	PERCENT OF PERSONAL INCOME(2)	PER CAPITA (2)
2	2013	\$ 59,511,054	\$ 59,511,054	1.51%	\$ 1,046.46	\$ 18,897,000	\$ 2,554,800	\$ 25,590	\$ -	\$ 79,548,826	\$ 1,970,500	\$ 162,507,770	7.28%	\$ 2,857.58
2	2012	62,336,401	62,336,401	1.45%	1,111	19,480,700	1,360,367	43,823	-	77,493,636	2,148,000	162,862,927	7.34%	2,902.82
2	2011	64,990,727	64,990,727	1.35%	1,171.26	20,222,100	2,212,558	67,772	-	61,986,558	2,395,000	151,874,715	6.88%	2,737.07
2	2010	67,519,131	67,519,131	1.29%	1,221.54	20,866,000	3,018,928	99,470	-	48,542,143	2,448,000	142,493,672	6.63%	2,577.95
2	2009	70,042,700	70,042,700	1.33%	1,239.56	13,427,600	3,259,644	109,182	-	50,484,597	-	137,323,723	6.34%	2,430.25
2	2008	72,462,454	72,462,454	1.57%	1,258.03	4,915,000	3,847,078	100,363	-	53,797,713	-	135,122,608	5.69%	2,345.88
2	2007	74,574,351	74,574,351	1.82%	1,291.93	5,140,000	4,399,013	120,447	-	57,120,185	-	141,353,996	6.03%	2,448.83
2	2006	76,884,293	76,884,293	2.23%	1,332.46	5,360,000	4,925,317	86,777	-	50,968,629	-	138,225,016	6.17%	2,395.54
_ :	2005	37,953,154	37,953,154	1.18%	664.63	7,330,000	3,598,036	82,473	-	54,291,941	-	103,255,604	4.76%	1,808.20
150	2004	32,973,990	32,973,990	1.08%	587.29	7,670,000	755,713	-	215,000	42,171,690	-	83,786,393	4.07%	1,492.29

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 2.1 for estimated actual property value.

⁽²⁾ See Schedule 4.1 for population and personal income data.

CARSON CITY GENERAL OBLIGATION DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

	GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING		SELF-	RESENTLY SUPPORTING SENERAL GATION DEBT	PERCENT APPLICABLE (1)	APPLICABLE NET DEBT	
NAME OF GOVERNMENT UNIT							
Direct:							
City of Carson City:							
Governmental Activity Bonds	\$	59,511,054	\$	59,511,054	100.00%	\$	-
Overlapping:							
Carson City School District		54,800,000		-	100.00%		54,800,000
Total General Obligation							
Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	114,311,054	\$	59,511,054		\$	54,800,000

Source: Carson City Finance Office and Carson City School District

⁽¹⁾ Based on fiscal year 2012-13 assessed valuation in the respective jurisdiction.

CARSON CITY LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year E	nded June 30, 2013	
---	--------------------	--

Assessed value of taxable property(1) \$ 1,432,220,928 Debt limit (15% of assessed value) 214,833,139 Debt applicable to limit: Governmental activities 61,345,000 Business-type activities 78,288,606 Less: Amount available for repayment of general obligation debt (374,000) Total net debt applicable to limitation 139,259,606 Legal debt margin 75,573,533

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Debt limit Total net debt subject to limitation	\$ 214,833,139 139,259,606	\$ 235,045,345 139,630,037	\$ 266,225,881 126,777,285	\$ 288,971,603 115,861,274	\$ 289,552,288 123,586,941	\$ 249,494,536 129,907,245	\$ 219,896,382 135,893,548	\$ 183,981,394 132,578,239	\$ 172,194,764 103,173,131	\$ 163,388,242 83,571,393
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 75,573,533	\$ 95,415,308	\$ 139,448,596	\$ 173,110,329	\$ 165,965,347	\$ 119,587,291	\$ 84,002,834	\$ 51,403,155	\$ 69,021,633	\$ 79,816,849
Total net debt subject to limitation as a percentage of debt limit	64.8%	59.4%	47.6%	40.1%	42.7%	52.1%	61.8%	72.1%	59.9%	51.1%

Note: The legal debt limit is set forth in NRS 266.600.

⁽¹⁾ Includes Redevelopment Authority amount of \$50,405,900.

CARSON CITY PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR		LESS:			NET		DEBT S	NTS					
ENDED JUNE 30,		LEDGED EVENUE		ERATING KPENSES		VAILABLE REVENUE	PR	INCIPAL	I	INTEREST TOTA		TOTAL	COVERAGE RATIOS
HIGHWAY REV	ENUE(MOTOR VE	HICLI	E FUEL TAX) IMP	ROVEMENT	BOND	S (1)					
2013	\$	2,497,509	\$	1,854,919	\$	642,590	\$	776,000	\$	853,397	\$	1,629,397	0.4
2012		2,571,885		2,585,880		(13,995)		741,400		977,100		1,718,500	0.0
2011		2,589,547		2,150,201		439,346		643,900		1,074,609		1,718,509	0.3
2010		2,754,992		4,072,621		(1,317,629)		461,600		608,961		1,070,561	-1.2
2009		2,370,083		3,020,383		(650,300)		542,400		528,077		1,070,477	-0.6
2008		2,846,668		3,351,447		(504,779)		225,000		199,925		424,925	-1.2
2007		2,919,391		2,022,026		897,365		220,000		205,500		425,500	2.1
2006		2,911,491		1,698,400		1,213,091		215,000		212,000		427,000	2.8
2005		2,882,846		1,076,793		1,806,053		210,000		216,200		426,200	4.2
2004		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
TAX ALLOCATI	ON BO	ND - REDEV	/ELO	PMENT AUT	HOR	ITY (2)							
2013	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	N/A
2012		-		-		-		_		-		-	N/A
2011		-		_		_		_		-		-	N/A
2010		-		_		_		_		-		-	N/A
2009		-		_		_		_		-		-	N/A
2008		-		_		_		_		-		-	N/A
2007		-		_		_		_		-		-	N/A
2006		511,325		_		511,325		145,000		120,463		265,463	1.9
2005		544,413		-		544,413		130,000		128,912		258,912	2.1
2004		528,702		-		528,702		115,000		136,330		251,330	2.1
GRAVES LANE S	SPECIA	AL ASSESSM	ENT :	BONDS (4)									
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
2012		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2011		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2010		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2009		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2008		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2007		-		-		_		-		-		-	N/A
2006		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2005		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
2004		192,708		-		192,708		215,000		22,575		237,575	0.8

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Pledged revenues include a tax currently levied at the rate of four cents per gallon by the City, and the City's interest in taxes equal in the aggregate to 5.35 cents per gallon, levied by the State of Nevada on certain motor vehicle fuel sold in the City and the State. Operating expenses include amounts in the Regional Transportation Fund, less NDOT bypass portion and expenses in the Streets Maintenance Fund, less County Option Sales Taxes and the County Option 1 cent fuel tax.

⁽²⁾ Pledged revenues include the property taxes levied in the Redevelopment District.

⁽³⁾ Pledged revenues include the County Option Fuel tax collected in the Regional Transportation Fund. Expenditures include operating expenditures, less capital outlay.

⁽⁴⁾ Pledged revenues for Special Assessment Bonds includes assessments, prepaid assessments, assessment interest, and prepaid assessment interest.

CARSON CITY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	POPULATION (1)	CITY AREA (SQUARE MILES) (6)	TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (3)	PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (3)	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (4)	PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT (5)	BUSINESS LICENSES ISSUED (2)	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION PERMITS (6)	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION VALUE (6)
2013	56,869	147.00	\$ 2,233,555,000	\$ 39,275	10.1%	11,624	620	788	\$ 22,908,525
2012	56,105	147.00	2,220,013,000	39,569	11.7%	12,432	766	818	46,358,861
2011	55,488	147.00	2,208,309,000	39,798	12.5%	13,346	1,042	939	42,209,740
2010	55,274	147.00	2,150,418,000	40,139	13.8%	13,582	934	276	16,955,005
2009	56,506	147.00	2,164,586,000	39,709	11.5%	13,532	967	242	64,172,562
2008	57,600	147.00	2,374,604,000	42,746	6.7%	13,493	1,242	295	74,801,157
2007	57,723	147.00	2,343,453,000	42,386	5.0%	13,790	1,223	425	87,262,258
2006	57,701	147.00	2,240,643,000	40,438	4.8%	13,638	1,312	385	76,840,787
2005	57,104	147.00	2,167,523,000	38,718	4.7%	14,524	1,182	426	58,999,793
2004	56,146	147.00	2,058,125,000	36,756	5.2%	14,667	1,287	491	129,693,867

101.11%

 $\frac{1}{5}$ NR = Not reported

Sources:

- (1) State of Nevada, Demographer's Office estimated, 1986-2009, 2011 and 2012; Final Census information available for 2010.
- (2) City of Carson City, Business License Division
- (3) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, 2001-2010, for Carson City Metropolitan Area; Estimated for 2012 as data was unavailable at time of publication.
- (4) State of Nevada, Department of Employment Training & Rehabilitation for Carson City Metropolitan Area
- (5) Includes elementary, junior high, high school, and community college enrollment. Information obtained from the Carson City School District and Western Nevada College Carson City campus.
- (6) City of Carson City, Building and Safety Department

CARSON CITY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2013		2004				
<u>EMPLOYER</u>	EMPLOYEES (1)	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY(2) EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES (1)	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY EMPLOYMENT		
Carson City School District	1000-1499	1	4.55%	1000-1499	2	4.58%		
Carson Tahoe Hospital	1000-1499	2	4.55%	800-999	3	3.29%		
City of Carson City	700-799	3	2.73%	700-799	4	2.75%		
State Department of Transportation	600-699	4	2.37%	600-699	5	2.38%		
Legislative Counsel Bureau	500-599	5	2.00%	200-299	10	0.91%		
Western Nevada College	500-599	6	2.00%	600-699	6	2.38%		
State Department of Corrections	300-399	7	1.27%					
State Department of Motor Vehicles	300-399	8	1.27%					
Casino Fandango	300-399	9	1.27%	200-299	9	0.91%		
Wal-Mart Supercenter	200-299	10	0.91%			-		
Chromalloy Nevada				300-399	8	1.28%		
Pinon Plaza Resort								
State of Nevada (2)				5000-5499	1	19.23%		
Carson City Nugget				500-599	7	2.01%		
Total Carson City Area								
Covered Employment	27,437			27,301				

Source: Each of the two years reflect respective June information as compiled by the Nevada Department of Employment, Training, and Rehabilitation, Division of Labor Marketing.

Notes:

- (1) Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 612 stipulate that actual employment for individual employers may not be published.
- (2) The State of Nevada changed it's reporting requirements in 2005 each division now reports information separately.

CARSON CITY FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
FUNCTION:										
General Government	100.55	101.00	104.35	108.10	108.80	123.35	127.05	135.30	134.05	131.55
Public Safety	228.80	227.55	228.25	254.75	256.85	259.45	265.70	261.50	259.50	250.00
Judicial	42.75	44.50	42.50	44.05	45.30	45.00	42.25	35.50	29.75	28.75
Public Works	43.95	45.95	44.90	46.10	53.15	58.25	53.59	54.85	45.05	50.40
Sanitation	9.70	9.60	9.30	10.75	13.35	13.05	10.90	11.70	11.20	7.35
Health	37.25	29.96	30.00	30.00	20.00	23.25	18.75	14.00	12.00	12.00
Welfare	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Culture and Recreation	43.88	43.88	43.88	48.88	48.93	57.82	61.95	59.76	58.01	54.01
Community Support	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Utilities	48.85	52.95	52.80	50.90	48.13	47.50	49.65	48.40	47.75	54.00
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	559.73	559.39	559.98	598.53	597.51	631.67	633.84	625.01	601.31	591.06

156

Source: City of Carson City Finance Department

CARSON CITY OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
FUNCTION / PROGRAM:										
General Government										
Business licenses issued (3)	620	788	818	934	967	1,242	1,223	1,312	1,182	1,287
Judicial: (1)										
Municipal Court Cases Filed:										
Criminal Cases:										
Felony death penalty	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0
Felony, crimes against persons	126	112	117	112	231	374	407	581	553	651
Felony, crimes against property	194	171	230	196	467	228	227	473	490	444
Gross misdemeanor, crimes against persons	81	54	56	67	43	64	59	102	96	115
Gross misdemeanor, crimes against property	19	11	23	15	45	42	21	57	55	42
Misdemeanor, non-traffic	1,633	1,696	1,473	1,726	2,228	1,492	1,309	2,040	2,011	2,569
Traffic and parking violations	12,414	13,769	11,869	11,012	19,944	16,460	12,516	20,885	18,190	18,188
Civil Cases:										
General	1,708	1,952	2,249	2,926	2,474	2,514	2,513	2,254	2,197	1,913
Small claims	350	421	442	472	535	638	686	601	550	638
Landlord/tenant (summary eviction)	1,189	1,095	1,126	954	1,165	1,473	1,466	1,235	1,173	1,274
Request for domestic violence protective orders	431	454	460	474	496	484	452	361	424	513
Request for protection orders (non-dom. violence)	271	266	293	269	379	346	322	376	506	569
Public Safety										
Police: (5)										
Number of sworn police personnel and officers	92	91	91	99	99	98	94	95	95	93
Number of physical arrests	2,823	2,784	1,925	2,621	2,797	3,265	2,872	2,742	3,189	3,516
Number of traffic accidents	358	474	250	832	973	1,035	558	705	693	858
Fire: (6)										
Number of firefighters	59	60	58	64	64	64	66	66	66	61
Number of calls answered	8,332	7,838	7,620	7,466	7,515	7,941	7,681	7,200	6,346	6,053
Number of fire prevention inspections	638	1,268	1,170	2,529	2,029	2,090	2,061	1,681	1,784	2,185
Public Works (4)										
Number of street lights	1,717	1,702	1,776	1,771	1,702	1,723	1,525	1,406	1,391	1,391

7

CARSON CITY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Culture and Recreation (7)										
Number of participants in recreation sports	3,184	7,688	7,557	14,393	5,302	7,950	6,350	5,090	5,440	5,240
Number of participants in sports tournaments	77,164	56,388	57,291	58,000	56,410	56,410	42,429	38,687	25,098	22,860
Average number of children enrolled in summer										
programs per day	178	165	607	339	265	262	290	370	370	370
Average number of children enrolled in latch key										
programs per day	239	239	204	202	289	265	275	400	400	370
Utilities (4)										
Sewer:										
Customer count as of June 30	15,476	15,443	15,041	15,376	15,414	15,379	15,312	15,227	15,151	15,028
Total discharge (in thousands of gallons)	1,586,030	1,590,547	1,787,778	1,741,894	1,825,000	1,869,403	1,878,804	1,833,250	1,868,459	1,864,459
Water:										
Customer count as of June 30	16,889	16,862	16,798	16,804	16,828	16,790	16,705	16,540	16,427	16,300
Total consumption (in thousands of gallons)	3,656,071	3,525,553	3,619,591	3,557,248	4,561,914	4,077,837	4,165,842	3,956,644	3,860,618	4,236,540
Development Services (2)										
Building permits issued	788	818	939	276	242	295	425	385	426	491

NR = Not reported

Sources:

- (1) Carson City Municipal Court
- (2) Carson City Community Development Department
- (3) Carson City Treasurer's Office
- (4) Carson City Public Works
- (5) Carson City Sheriff's Office
- (6) Carson City Fire Department
- (7) Carson City Parks & Recreation

CARSON CITY CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
FUNCTION / PROGRAM:										
General Government										
City owned facilities (1)	81	80	82	82	82	82	82	82	84	84
City owned structures (1)	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81
Number of networked computers (5)		595	580	565	550	650	650	517	NR	NR
Public Safety Police: (2)										
Marked police vehicles	39	39	40	39	36	37	36	32	32	32
Fire: (3)										
Fire stations	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire engines	14	14	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Public Works (1)										
Paved streets (miles)	273	273	273	257	257	259	259	250	250	250
Culture and Recreation (4)										
Parks:										
Acreage of parks - developed	780.5	780.5	780.5	780.5	780.5	780.5	772.5	765.5	765.5	765.5
Acreage of parks - undeveloped	436.0	436.0	436.0	436.0	436.0	436.0	444.0	448.0	448.0	448.0
Swimming pools - outdoors	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools - indoors	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ball fields - lighted	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Ball fields - unlighted	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Tennis courts - lighted	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tennis courts - unlighted	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	2	2
Basketball courts - lighted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basketball courts - unlighted	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	4	4	4
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rodeo arenas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sand volleyball courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Utilities (1)										
Sewer lines (miles)	237.2	237.2	236.0	235.0	216.6	216.6	216.6	213	212	226
Storm drains (miles)	94.4	94.4	94.0	93.9	77.0	76.4	76.4	76.4	NR	NR
Water lines (miles)	330	330	322	321	297	296	296	235	301	290

NR = Not reported

Sources:

(1) Carson City Facilities Division

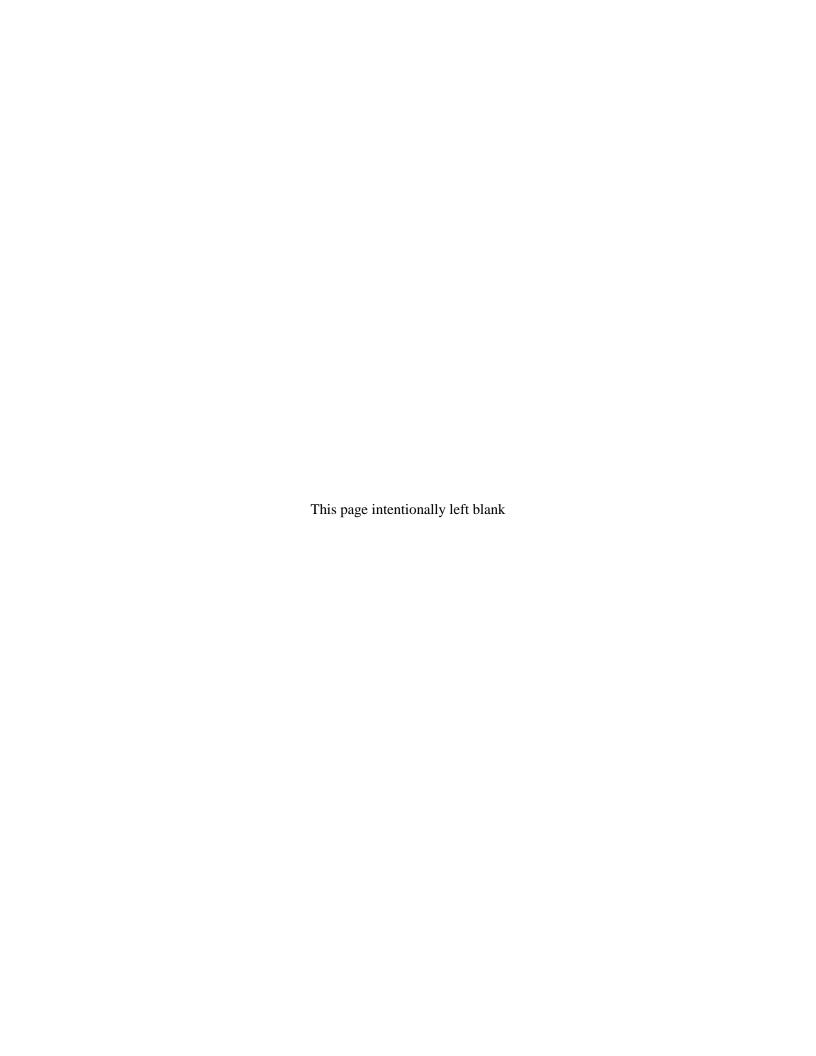
159

⁽⁴⁾ Carson City Parks & Recreation

⁽²⁾ Carson City Sheriff's Office

⁽³⁾ Carson City Fire Department

⁽⁵⁾ Carson City Information Technology Department



COMPLIANCE SECTION
COMPLIANCE SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Supervisors, Carson City, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carson City, Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carson City, Nevada's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2013. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada and the Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau, as described in our report on Carson City, Nevada's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters for the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada or the Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carson City, Nevada's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carson City, Nevada's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carson City, Nevada's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carson City, Nevada's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Kapury, Armothing : Co.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reno, Nevada November 25, 2013



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Supervisors, Carson City, Nevada

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carson City, Nevada's, (the City), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The City's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

The City's basic financial statements include the operations of the Airport Authority of Carson City, a discretely presented component unit, which received \$302,819 in federal awards which are not included in the City's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended June 30, 2013. Our audit, as described below, did not include the operations of the Airport Authority of Carson City because the Airport Authority of Carson City engaged other auditors to perform an audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Management's Responsibility

The City's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item 2013-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The City's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2013-001, which we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The City's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reno, Nevada

November 25, 2013

Kaprury, Armothing : Co.

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 1 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	AWARD NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENSES/ EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Direct program: 2013 Cooperative Patrol	10.Unknown	N/A	\$ 12,760
Passed through Nevada Department of Health & Human Services: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	7NV700NV7	192,575
Passed through Nevada Division of Forestry: Cooperative Forestry Assistance - Carson City Fuels Reduction Cooperative Forestry Assistance - Carson City Fuels Reduction	10.664 10.664	USDA/SFA/13/02 USDA/SFA/10/01	4,127 9,709
Total Cooperative Forestry Assistance			13,836
Passed through Nevada State Controller: Forest Service - Schools and Roads Cluster Schools and Roads - Grants to States Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.665	N/A	9,781 228,952
U.S. Department of Commerce:			
Passed through Nevada State Library and Archives: ARRA Broadband Technology Opportunities Program (BTOP) U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:	11.557	2010-01	225,467
Direct programs: CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-12-MC-32-0006/ B-11-MC-32-0006/ B-10-MC-32-0006	417,491
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	N/A	45,485
Passed through Nevada Housing Division: Emergency Solutions Grant Program Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.231	E-11-DC-32-001	7,122
U.S. Department of the Interior:			
Direct programs: National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface Community Fire Assistance - Biological Control and Fuels Reduction National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface Community	15.228	FAA080090	40,680
Fire Assistance - "You Call / We Haul" National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface Community	15.228	L12AC20470	25,910
Fire Assistance - "You Call / We Haul"	15.228	FAA070019	1,668
Total National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface Community Fire Assistance			68,258

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 2 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	AWARD NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENSES/ EXPENDITURES
BLM Law Enforcement Services	15.Unknown	N/A	\$ 3,553
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			71,811
U.S. Department of Justice:			
Direct programs:			
D.E.A Confiscated Property	16.Unknown	N/A	908
D.E.A. Integrated Drug Enforcement Assistance	16.Unknown	N/A	15,159
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	2009-DC-BX-0118	11,020
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A	19,767
JAG Program Cluster: Direct program:			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2012-DJ-BX-1049	5,207
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2011-DJ-BX-3024	14,436
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2009-DJ-BX-1183	2,734
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -			,
Cops and Kids Community Policing and Prevention	16.738	2010-DJ-BX-0520	2,404
Passed through Nevada Department of Public Safety:			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	12-JAG-04	183,673
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	12-JAG-13	8,620
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	12-JAG-03	19,500
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - Tri-Net	16.738	12-JAG-05	102,000
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program			338,574
ARRA Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -			
Grants to States and Territories	16.803	09-ARRA-44	13,402
ARRA Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -			
Grants to States and Territories	16.803	09-ARRA-45	28,020
ARRA Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -			
Grants to States and Territories	16.803	09-ARRA-58	9,992
ARRA Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -		09-ARRA-64 /	
Grants to States and Territories	16.803	09-ARRA-65I	100,495
Total ARRA Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Progran	n -		
Grants to States and Territories			151,909
Total JAG Program Cluster			490,483

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 3 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	AWARD NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENSES/ EXPENDITURES
Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human Services:			
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523	N/A	\$ 876
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention _Allocation to States	16.540	N/A	1,440
Passed through Nevada Office of the Attorney General:			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	11-STOP-48	18,454
Passed through Community Council on Youth:			
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws Program	16.727	N/A	13,749
Total U.S. Department of Justice			571,856
U.S. Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:			
Passed through Nevada Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction -			
Unified Planning Work Program	20.205	PR70003-00-804	266,695
Highway Planning and Construction -			
Federal Enhancement Project	20.205	PR189-08-063	443,948
Highway Planning and Construction -	20.205	DD 124 11 0 62	461.055
Federal Enhancement Project	20.205	PR124-11-063	461,855
Highway Planning and Construction -	20.205	D440 12 002	66.610
Safe Routes to School - Health	20.205	P449-12-802	66,612
Highway Planning and Construction - Safe Routes to School - Fairview Project	20.205	P082-13-063	4,072
Highway Planning and Construction -	20.203	FU62-13-003	4,072
Safe Routes to School - 5th Street Project	20.205	PR278-12-063	23,811
Highway Planning and Construction -	20.203	1 K270-12-003	25,011
Safe Routes to School - Hells Bells Project	20.205	P187-12-063	15,047
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			1,282,040
Federal Transit Cluster:			
Direct programs:			
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	NV-90-X067-00	32,855
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	NV-90-X067-01	139,237
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	NV-90-X061-01	301,405
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	NV-90-X059-01	84,960
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	NV-90-X064-00	336,282
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	NV-90-X064-01	145,717
Federal Transit_Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	126,451
Total Federal Transit_Formula Grants			1,166,907
Passed through Nevada Department of Transportation:			
Federal Transit_Capital Investment Grants	20.500	PR-451-09-802	49,617
Total Federal Transit Cluster			1,216,524

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 4 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH	FEDERAL CFDA	AWARD	FEDERAL EXPENSES/
GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
Passed through Nevada Department of Transportation:			
Federal Transit - Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.505	PR256-08-802	\$ 6,908
Transit Services Program Cluster - JARC Program (Job Access			
and Reverse Commute Program)	20.516	PR-363-11-802	9,909
Highway Cafaty Chatan			
Highway Safety Cluster: Passed through Nevada Department of Public Safety:			
State and Community Highway Safety - Joining Forces	20.600	23-JF-1.02	873
State and Community Highway Safety - Johning Porces	20.000	23-31-1.02	673
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	20.601	22-JF-1.02	10,087
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	20.601	23-JF-1.02	4,744
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	20.601	210-K8-18-14	59,176
Total Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I			74,007
Occupant Protection Incentive Grants	20.602	23-JF-1.02	1,500
Safety Belt Performance Grants	20.609	22-JF-1.02	5,552
Total Highway Safety Cluster			81,932
Passed through Nevada State Emergency Response Commission:			
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector			
Training and Planning Grants - HMEP Training	20.703	12-HMEP-01-02	970
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			2,598,283
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities:			
Passed through Nevada State Library and Archives:			
Grants to States - ILL Reimbursement	45.310	N/A	2,500
Grants to States - Statewide Reading Program - Youth AV Collection	45.310	LSTA 2012-02	5,000
Grants to States - El Dia de los Ninos	45.310	LSTA 2012-20	3,500
Grants to States - Statewide Reading Program - RFID	45.310	LSTA 2012-07	84,465
Grants to States - Statewide Reading Program	45.310	LSTA 2012-20	3,500
Total Grants to States Program			98,965

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 5 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	AWARD NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENSES/ EXPENDITURES
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed through Nevada Department of Conservation & Natural Resources: Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants - Ash Canyon Erosion Control	66.460	DEP-S 13-019	\$ 4,015
Direct programs: ARRA Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	BF-00T33001-0	23,893
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			27,908
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Direct programs: Family Planning_Services Family Planning_Services - Program Income	93.217 93.217	FPHPA096011-04-02 N/A	300,039 131,391
Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human Services: Family Planning_Services - DC Family Planning_Services - Program Income - DC	93.217 93.217	5FPHPA091175-35-00 N/A	61,653 40,516
Total Family Planning_Services			533,599
Passed through National Association of County and City Health Officials: Medical Reserve Corps Small Grant Program	93.008	#MRC07411	1,640
Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human Services: Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	1U90TP000534-01	444,001
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	5U52PS907855-22/ U52PS907855	3,706
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Abstinence Education Program	93.235	1101NVAEGP	134,368
Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements - Program Income	93.268 93.268	1H23IP000727-01/ 5H23IP922549-10 N/A	109,716 32,695
Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements			142,411
Adult Viral Hepatitis Prevention and Control	93.270	5U51PS000874-05	6,807

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 6 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	AWARD NUMBER	EXF	DERAL PENSES/ NDITURES
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -				
Investigations and Technical Assistance - Office of Epidemiology Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -	93.283	1U50CK000257-01	\$	18,000
Investigations and Technical Assistance - Office of Epidemiology	93.283	5U58DP002003-03		76,375
Total Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance				94,375
PPHF 2012 National Public Health Improvement Initiative	93.507	5U58CD001288-03		17,550
The Affordable Care Act: Building Epidemiology, Laboratory, and Health Information Systems Capacity in the Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Disease (ELC) and Emerging Infections Program (EIP) Cooperative Agreements; PPHF	93.521	3U50CI000900-02S2		11,048
PPHF 2012 - Prevention and Public Health Fund (Affordable Care Act) - Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen Public Health Immunization Infrastructure and Performance financed in part by 2012 Prevention and Public Health Funds PPHF 2012 - Prevention and Public Health Fund (Affordable Care	93.539	3H23IP000573-01S1		68,069
Act) - Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen Public Health Immunization Infrastructure and Performance financed in part by 2012 Prevention and Public Health Funds - Program Income	93.539	N/A		1,032
Total PPHF 2012 - Prevention and Public Health Fund (Affordable Care Act) - Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen Public Health Immunization Infrastructure and Performance financed in part by 2012 Prevention and Public Health Funds				69,101
Child Support Enforcement - Title IV-D	93.563	N/A		18,433
Community Services Block Grant	93.569	243.07 / 1164.02		131,981
Social Services Block Grant - DC	93.667	Title XX		11,303
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	1U90TP000534-01/ 4U3REP090220-03-04		265,894
HIV Care Formula Grants - Ryan White Title II	93.917	2X07HA00001-22-00/ 2X07HA00001-23-00		31,422
HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department Based	93.940	1U62PS003654-01		53,312
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	B1 NVSAPT		51,770
Preventive Health Services-Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants-STD Prevention and Control	93.977	5H25PS001382-04/ 5H25PS001382-05		2,877
Preventive Health & Health Services Block Grant	93.991	3B01DP009040-10W1		10,000

CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (PAGE 7 OF 7)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	AWARD NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENSES/ EXPENDITURES
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States - DC Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994 93.994	B04MC21394 B04MC23393	\$ 29,799 26,271
Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States			56,070
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,091,668
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:			
Passed through Nevada Division of Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	9704212	15,250
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	9704213	57,380
Total Emergency Management Performance Grants			72,630
Passed through Nevada Department of Public Safety:			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	97067.11-HL1	27,069
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	97067.11-CL1	1,826
Total Homeland Security Grant Program			28,895
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			101,525
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,486,533

CARSON CITY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Carson City, Nevada and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Carson City, Nevada provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	\$ 4,891
Community Development Block Grants	14.218	\$114,963

CARSON CITY, NEVADA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. issued an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of Carson City, Nevada for the year ended June 30, 2013.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance, which were material to the financial statements of Carson City, Nevada.
- A significant deficiency, not identified as a material weakness, in internal control over major federal award programs was disclosed during the audit and is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular-A-133.
- Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. issued an unmodified opinion on compliance for major federal award programs of Carson City, Nevada.
- An audit finding relative to a major federal award program for Carson City, Nevada, which is required to be reported under Section .510(a) of the OMB Circular A-133, is reported in the following pages.
- Carson City, Nevada had four major federal award programs for the year ended June 30, 2013, as follows:
 - ARRA Broadband Technology Opportunities Program (BTOP) CFDA 11.557
 - CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster:
 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants CFDA 14.218
 - JAG Program Cluster:
 - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program CFDA 16.738 ARRA Recovery Act - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program / Grants to States and Territories – CFDA 16.803
 - Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:
 Highway Planning and Construction CFDA 20.205
- The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs for the year ended June 30, 2013, was \$300,000.
- Carson City, Nevada qualified as a low risk auditee for the year ended June 30, 2013 under the criteria set forth in section .530 of OMB Circular A-133.
- B. Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards (GAGAS):

There were no findings relating to the financial statement audit.

CARSON CITY, NEVADA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

C. Findings and Questioned Costs for Major Federal Award Programs:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT:

Finding 2013-001:

Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Cluster, CFDA 14.218:

Grant Award Number: Affects grant awards included under CFDA 14.218 on the Schedule of

Expenditures of Federal Awards that were awarded on or after October

1, 2010.

Criteria: The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA)

requires that direct recipients of federal awards (prime awardees) awarded a federal grant are required to file a FFATA sub-award report by the end of the month following the month in which the prime awardee awards any sub-grant equal to or greater than \$25,000. This requirement is for both mandatory and discretionary grants awarded on

or after October 1, 2010.

Condition and Context: As part of our testing, we requested to view the sub-award report data

entered into the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Reporting System (FSRS). It was noted that this data had not been

entered into the FSRS within the required timeline.

City program personnel represented that they were not aware of the reporting requirement and had not submitted the sub-grant information.

Questioned Costs: None.

Effect: The City was not in compliance with the reporting requirements of the

Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act.

Cause: The City did not have adequate procedures in place to ensure that new

reporting requirements were identified and that information was

submitted as required.

Recommendation: We recommend the City enhance procedures to ensure that new

reporting requirements are identified and to submit information as

required.

Management's Response: See management's response on page 175.



Carson City Planning Division

108 E. Proctor St.
Carson City, Nevada 89701
(775) 887-2180
Planning@carson.org
www.carson.org

November 30, 2013

Dear Grantor Agency:

The following is a discussion of our corrective action plan in response to the finding noted by Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:

Finding 2013-001:

Community Development Block Grants / Entitlement Grants Cluster, CFDA 14.218:

Criteria:

The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) requires that direct recipients of federal awards (prime awardees) awarded a federal grant are required to file a FFATA sub-award report by the end of the month following the month in which the prime awardee awards any sub-grant equal to or greater than \$25,000. This requirement is for both mandatory and discretionary grants awarded on or after October 1, 2010.

Recommendation:

We recommend the City enhance procedures to ensure that new reporting requirements are identified and to submit information as required.

Corrective Action:

Carson City Staff was not made aware of this deficiency during our HUD audits in 2011 and 2012. Currently staff is in the process of filing Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act sub-award reports for years 2011-2013. The estimated time of completion is 60 days.

The contact information for the person responsible for implementing the corrective action and management official responsible for ensuring that corrective action has been taken is as follows:

Implementation CFDA# 14.218

Janice Brod **Grants Program Coordinator**108 E Proctor Street
Carson City, NV 89701
E-mail: jbrod@carson.org

775-283-7069

Sincerely,

Lee Plemei

Community Development Director

Management Official

Lee Plemel
Community Development Director
108 E Proctor Street
Carson City, NV 89701
E-mail: lplemel@carson.org
775-283-7075

CARSON CITY, NEVADA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

C. Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for Major Federal Award Programs:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR:

Finding 12-1:

Southern Nevada Public Land Management, CFDA 15.235:

Finding Summary:

As noted in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance and the Grant and Cooperative Agreement, Carson City, Nevada was required to submit quarterly SF-425 Federal Financial Reports for the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act award within 30 days following the end of each reporting period.

We planned to test the SF-425 report submitted for the quarter ended March 31, 2012. Program personnel at the Parks and Recreation Department represented that they were not aware of the quarterly reporting requirement and had not submitted the SF-425 report. Upon notification of the requirement and confirmation of the applicability of the requirement by the granting agency, program personnel prepared the SF-425 for the quarter ended March 31, 2012 and submitted it June 27, 2012.

We obtained a copy of the March 31, 2012 report and noted that the amount reported as *Cumulative Federal share of expenditures* was the amount for the purchase of a parcel of property, but did not include costs associated with the land purchase, such as cultural resource management services and appraisals. Based on review of the accounting records the total expenditures reported on the SF-425 report for the quarter ended March 31, 2012 were understated by \$45,720.

Auditor's Recommendation:

We recommended Parks and Recreation Department program personnel enhance the procedures to ensure that financial reports are submitted as required and that amounts included in the financial reports are complete and supported by the underlying accounting records.

Current Status:

Corrective action has been taken. The staff person assigned to the grant prepares a time line and check list of all the grant requirements and accountability reports that must be submitted in order to administer the grant. That check list is prepared by the staff assigned to the grant in collaboration with the Administrative Assistant. The check list is placed in the project file folder on top of the folder's other materials. At the time of preparation of the required reports, the items are noted as completed on the check list.

AUDITOR'S COMMENTS

STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The required disclosure on compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 2B to the financial statements.

PROGRESS ON PRIOR YEAR STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The City monitored expenditures during the current year in order to prevent over-expenditures; however, refer to Note 2B to the financial statements

PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

See the Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings on page 177.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

Our recommendations for the current year are included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

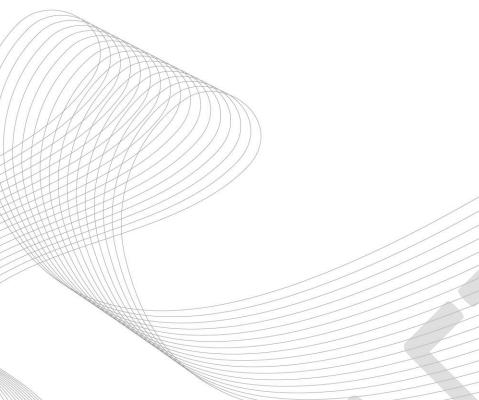
CARSON CITY SCHEDULE OF FEES IMPOSED SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF NRS 354.5989 LIMITATION OF FEES FOR BUSINESS LICENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Flat Fixed Fees:	
Business license revenue adjusted base at June 30, 2012	\$ 1,125,008
Adjustment to Base:	
Base	
	1 11200/
1. Percentage increase (decrease) in population of the local government	1.1120%
2. Percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the	
year ending on December 31 next preceding the year for	
which the limit is being calculated	2.9624%
	4.0744%
	,
	45,837
	 15,657
Adjusted Base at June 30, 2013	1,170,845
	-,-,-,-,-
Actual Revenue Fiscal 2012-13	631,819
Amount Over (Under) Allowable Amount	\$ (539,026)

Carson City Audit Committee Agenda Report

Date Submitted: 01/31/2014	Agenda Date Requested: 02/11/2014
To: Chair and Members	
From: Michael Bertrand, Chairman	
Subject Title: Discussion and Presenta	tion of status updates by Moss Adams of the Fraud
Waste and Abuse (FWA) Program (includ	ling the Hotline Program), and Performance Metrics
Development Study.	
•	be discussing and providing updates on the status the Hotline Program, that they are currently working
Type of Action Requested: (check one)	
() Resolution	() Ordinance
() Formal Action/Motion	(X) Other (Discussion Only)
Does This Action Require A Business In	npact Statement: () Yes (X) No
Recommended Committee Action: Disc	ussion Only - no action will be taken
Explanation for Recommended Committee	ee Action: See Staff Summary
Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule o	r Regulation: CCMC Chapter 2.14
Fiscal Impact: N/A	

Explanation of Impact: N/A		
Funding Source: N/A		
Alternatives: N/A		
Supporting Material: Information to be p	rovided by Moss Adams	
Prepared By: Nick Providenti, Finance Di		. / ./ .
Reviewed By: While My (Finance Dir		2/4/14
Board Action Taken:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Motion:		
	Member	Aye/Nay
	1)	<u> </u>
	2)	
	3)	
	4)	<u> </u>
	5)	
(Vote Recorded By)		



Carson City

Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program - DRAFT

February 2014

Prepared by:

Moss Adams LLP

805 SW Broadway, Suite 1200 Portland, OR 97205 (503) 478-2289

MOSS-ADAMS LLP

Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

Acumen. Agility. Answers.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

l.	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
II.	FRAUD, WASTE, AND ABUSE DEFINITIONS	2
	A. FRAUD DEFINITION	2
	B. WASTE DEFINITION	2
	C. ABUSE DEFINITION	2
III.	FRAUD CATEGORIES	4
	A. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FRAUD	4
	B. ASSET MISAPPROPRIATION	4
	C. CORRUPTION	5
IV.	ETHICS	6
V.	IMPLEMENTATION	7
	A. PLANNING	7
	B. FRAUD HOTLINE	9
	C. METHODS FOR CAPTURING COMPLAINTS	9
	D. PROGRAM REVIEW	10
	E. COMMUNICATION PLAN	11
	F. REACTING TO COMPLAINTS	11
VI.	WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION/POLICY	14
VII.	TRAINING	15



I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

All City employees share the common purpose of serving the public and ensuring public funds are spent wisely. The work of the City should be conducted fairly, equitably, ethically, and transparently. Proactive steps must be taken to ensure community commitments and management objectives are met. It is important for employees and the public to be provided a mechanism to voice appropriate concerns when they see or feel something is not right.

As a result, Carson City has established a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program that is available to all City employees and the public. The program operates 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Reports of suspected inappropriate activity can be made using the City's toll-free number, mail, phone, or in person. All reports submitted are treated confidentially.

Carson City employees are entrusted with public funds and have a duty to use those funds economically, efficiently, effectively, and ethically. If City employees do not honor that obligation, it is imperative to identify and correct those actions. The City is committed to reviewing all complaints and investigating all legitimate concerns.

Purpose of a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program

A Fraud, Waste, and Abuse (FWA) Program is a mechanism for employees or members of the public to report activities perceived to be misconduct, violations of City policy or ethics, theft, waste, or misuse of City assets. The objective of a FWA program is to identify and stop loss of City resources and act as a deterrent to fraud, waste, and abuse.

In order to facilitate reports of fraud, waste, or abuse, a FWA hotline is administered by Lighthouse Services Inc. Lighthouse receives calls on the FWA hotline and forwards the incident report to the City's Internal Auditor. This program is specifically designed to address financial issues thus, please do not use this program to report grievable labor issues, or political beliefs, which should be reported to the Human Resources Department. Matters of threat to a person should be reported to the Sheriff's Office by calling 911.

Benefits of a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program

There are numerous benefits to a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program. It is important for not only identifying and quantifying losses to the City, but also preventing future losses. Specific benefits include:

- Identification and termination of occurrences of fraud, waste, and abuse.
- Recovery of funds as a result of investigations.
- Deterrence of inappropriate behavior by increasing awareness of these actions
- A safe mechanism for employees and the public to voice concerns and report suspected inappropriate activity.
- Commitment to the City's core values through the promotion of the program.
- Improvement in the City's internal control processes.
- Enforcement of an ethical work environment.

II. FRAUD, WASTE, AND ABUSE DEFINITIONS

A. FRAUD DEFINITION

Fraud is defined as a dishonest and deliberate course of action that results in obtaining money, property, or an advantage to which City employees or an official committing the action would not normally be entitled. Fraud also encompasses intentional misleading or deceitful conduct that deprives the City of its resources or rights. There are three categories of fraud. They include 1) financial statement fraud, 2) misappropriation of assets, and 3) corruption. Examples of fraud include but are not limited to:

- Falsifying financial records to cover up theft.
- Theft or misuse of city money, equipment, supplies, and/or other materials.
- Intentionally misrepresenting the costs of goods or services provided.
- Falsifying payroll information.
- Use of city equipment or property for personal use/gain, non-business reasons.
- Submitting false vouchers for reimbursements.
- Soliciting or accepting a bribe or kickback.
- Intentional use of false weight or measures.

B. WASTE DEFINITION

Waste is defined as the needless, careless, or extravagant expenditure of City funds, incurring of unnecessary expenses, or mismanagement of City resources or property. Waste does not necessarily involve private use or personal gain, but almost always signifies poor management decisions, practices, or controls. Examples of waste include but are not limited to:

- Purchase of unneeded supplies or equipment outside of established limits.
- Purchase of goods at inflated prices without appropriate bids or research.

C. ABUSE DEFINITION

Abuse is defined as the intentional, wrongful, or improper use or destruction of City resources, or seriously improper practice that does not involve prosecutable fraud. Abuse can include the excessive or improper use of an employee or an official's position in a manner other than its rightful or legal use. Examples of abuse include but are not limited to:

- Failure to report damage to city equipment or property.
- Using one's position in one city department to gain an advantage over another city resident when conducting personal business in another city department.
- Serious abuse of city time such as significant unauthorized time away from work or significant use of city time for personal business.

- Abusing the system of travel reimbursement.
- Receiving favors for awarding contracts to certain vendors.
- Using city property, information or position for personal gain or resulting in extra or special charges to the City.
- Appropriating or diverting any business opportunity or idea in which the city might have an interest.
- Competing with the City in an inappropriate way.
- Failure to disclose a conflict of interest.
- Participating in decision making where a conflict of interest resides.
- Improper use of supervisory authority in response to an employee taking action or refusing to take action.

III. FRAUD CATEGORIES

A. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FRAUD

Financial statement fraud includes intentional misstatements, omissions, or disclosures in financial statements designed to deceive financial statement users. Fraudulent financial reporting often involves upper management and management override of controls that otherwise may appear to be operating effectively. Common occurrences include overstating revenues and understating liabilities or expenses. Examples include:

- Manipulation, falsification, or alteration of accounting records or supporting documents from which financial statements are prepared. Such as overstating assets and understating liabilities.
- Misrepresentation in or an intentional omission from the financial statements of events, transactions, or other significant information.
- Intentional misapplication of accounting principles relating to amounts, classification, manner of presentation, or disclosure.

B. ASSET MISAPPROPRIATION

Asset misappropriation is theft of an entity's assets that causes the financial statements not to be presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. False or misleading records or documents, possibly created by circumventing controls, may accompany misappropriation of assets. Examples include:

- Embezzlement of cash where accounts have been manipulated or false invoices have been created
- Skimming revenue before the funds have been recorded in the City's financial records
- Cash larceny
- Lapping accounts receivable
- Check tampering
- Over-billing customers
- Stealing assets such as office supplies or computer equipment
- Causing the City to pay for goods and services that have not been received
- Data theft or intellectual property
- False expense claims
- Duplicate reimbursements
- Payroll fraud
- Paying personal expenses with the City's resources

C. CORRUPTION

Corruption is the wrongfully use of influence in a business transaction in order to procure some benefit for themselves or another person, contrary to their duty to their employer or the rights of another. Examples include:

- Seeking or accepting kickbacks
- Engaging in conflicts of interest
- Bid rigging
- Contract manipulation
- **Economic extortion**
- Illegal gratuities
- Hiring or promotion based on personal relationship (known or unknown)

IV. ETHICS

Carson City Code of Ethics

The City's 'Code of Ethics for Elected and Appointed Officials' is documented in municipal code Chapter 2.34, Sections 010 – 100. The purpose of the ethics code is summarized as follows:

- Providing assurances of the utmost in integrity, honesty and fairness in business dealings
- Present no conflict of interest between the public trust and private gain; and
- A belief that those entrusted with offices of the City has nothing to fear from full public disclosure of their business holdings.

The Code defines specific words and phrases, describes duties, disclosure statement content, specific examples of ethical violations for elected officials, committees, commissions, and appointed employees. The code also describes penalties for violation of the code for any official or employee who willfully and knowingly violated the provisions of the code.

Business Ethics

Business ethics apply to right and wrong behavior in the business world and take on different meanings in different cultures, making it challenging to truly define business ethics. However, there are a number of areas where unethical practices may occur more frequently, including human resources and accounting.

Human Resources Ethics

Interactions between managers and employees create opportunities for breaches of ethics. Discrimination based on ethnicity, gender, age or other factors is an issue. Managers who discriminate against minority groups in hiring practices, compensation decisions, and terms of employment can face legal and social consequences. Dishonesty and manipulation are also examples of unethical workplace behavior.

Accounting Ethics

Financial accounting is a major ethical issue in business, and no amount of industry or government regulation seems able to prevent dishonest businesspeople from reporting financial information in unethical ways. Certain unethical accounting practices are illegal, such as misrepresenting income or expenses in financial statements through unjustifiable shifting of expenses to inappropriate periods to influence current financial results, obtain a better debt rate, or to maintain debt covenant requirements.

V. IMPLEMENTATION

A. PLANNING

Roles and Responsibilities

The Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program will be administered and managed as follows:

- Board of Supervisors requires a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse program.
- City Manager sets the tone for the program, funds the program and provides a message on the City's intranet page promoting ethical behavior with appropriate links for reporting.
- District Attorney reviews reports, as necessary, to determine if there are civil matters to be addressed and takes appropriate actions.
- Sherriff reviews reports to determine if there are criminal matters to be addressed and takes appropriate actions.
- Department Managers responsible for supporting the FWA program and cooperating with an investigation should one occur within their respective department.
- Human Resources receives complaints and works with management and bargaining unit representatives to take appropriate action as a result of substantiated complaints.
- Risk Management for substantiated complaints, works with management regarding insurance coverage and claims.
- City employees responsible for reporting suspected inappropriate activity.
- FWA Program Coordinator/Internal Auditor individual or organizational position such as the internal auditor, responsible for coordinating the FWA Program, monitoring, triaging complaints, conducting investigations, and making reports.
- Audit Committee provides recommendations to the Board of Supervisors but does not participate in conducting investigations.

Tracking and Monitoring of Complaints

The City has established a case management process to capture, track, and report the following elements:

- A. Complaints received by category and sub-categories, as desired.
 - Fraud: expense reimbursements, cash, and skimming
 - Wasteful spending
 - Abuse
 - Ethics
 - Threats city, people, property

- B. Complaint triage / action taken
 - Information insufficient for investigation
 - Non-program complaint
 - Referred to other department
 - Investigated
- C. Final disposition or conclusion reported based on Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards requirements
 - Condition what really happened
 - Criteria what we expected to happen including identification of laws, rules, regulations, statutes, and generally accepted accounting principles
 - Effect financial impact to the City
 - Cause why the condition happened, including weaknesses in internal controls or override of internal controls
 - Recommendations addresses changes to internal control structure, assignment of duties and responsibilities, training, disciplinary action, or referral to the District Attorney for civil or criminal action
- D. Reporting. The frequency and content of reporting will be driven by the City's open meetings law.
 - Report type, as appropriate
 - Formal report
 - Management letter
 - Personnel letter of disciplinary action
 - Report recipients, as appropriate
 - Audit Committee
 - City Board of Supervisors
 - District Attorney
 - **Human Resources**
 - Risk Management
 - Insurance
 - Employee(s) involved in the situation
 - Press
 - Reporting forum
 - Executive session discussion nondisclosure to public
 - Public disclosure

B. FRAUD HOTLINE

Providing individuals a means to report suspicious activity is a critical part of an anti-fraud program. Fraud reporting mechanisms, such as hotlines, are set up to receive tips from both internal and external sources and support anonymity and confidentiality. Management encourages employees to report suspicious activity, as well as enact and emphasize an anti-retaliation policy. According to the Association of Certified Fraud Examiners, the number one source for the initial detection of fraud is through a tip, with over 50% of tips coming from an employee.

External Hotline Answering Company

The City has elected to contract with a third party vendor, Lighthouse Services Inc. ("Lighthouse") to administer the offsite reporting system. Incident reports can be submitted in a number of ways and allows employees or members of the public to call and speak to an operator at a designated phone number staffed by the vendor. There are distinct benefits to managing the hotline in this manner. Examples include:

- Lighthouse Services Inc. is available 24 hours a day/7 days a week/365 days a year.
- The persons receiving the calls are hotline professionals, trained in how to obtain the information necessary for the City to determine an appropriate course of action.
- Lighthouse has the ability to receive documents (Word, Excel, and PDF) and forward them to the City as evidence for the complaint, while maintaining the privacy of the caller.
- Lighthouse has the ability to communicate back and forth with the caller without revealing the identity of the caller.
- Lighthouse will provide notification of and the incident report to the City's internal auditors.
- Lighthouse will provide case management of calls received, including archiving and data retention.
- Lighthouse will provide a summary of the calls received, including call type, disposition (open or closed), etc.

C. METHODS FOR CAPTURING COMPLAINTS

The City is providing employees and members of the public a variety of methods for reporting suspected inappropriate activity and behavior. These methods include:

- Hotline (anonymous reporting mechanism, internal vs. external) all incident reports are forwarded to the City's Internal Auditors.
- Phone call if received by the City's Internal Auditors, the caller will be encouraged to call the FWA hotline or the City's Internal Auditors will handle the call by obtaining necessary information to determine if an investigation is necessary. If a call is received by City personnel, then the incident/complaint will be forward to the City's Internal Auditors, as appropriate.

- Face-to-face -City personnel will take appropriate notes of the meeting and encourage the complainant to report the matter through the FWA hotline.
- Mail -mail will be forwarded to the City's Internal Auditor for investigation, as appropriate.

D. PROGRAM REVIEW

The Board of Supervisors will periodically, at least annually, review the program to validate that the Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program is meeting Board of Supervisors and management objectives and providing useful information. The review will include confirmation of individual roles and responsibilities, policies and procedures, and the results of investigations conducted. Statistical information will also be reported, such as the following:

- Number of complaints received
 - o Referred non-city, information requests, etc.
 - Under investigation
 - Open pending additional information
 - Closed
- Sources of complaints
 - Hotline
 - On-line
 - Phone
 - Face-to-face
 - Mail
 - Other
- Types of complaints
 - Employee misconduct
 - Contractor misconduct
 - Fraud misappropriation of assets, false reporting
 - Wasteful spending
 - Abuse of position
 - Ethics
 - Other
- Cases closed and reason for closing
 - Investigated substantiated
 - Investigated not-substantiated
 - Referred
 - Insufficient information no action taken
- Case Highlights Investigations conducted loss substantiated
 - Identified loss and impact to the City
 - o GAGAS finding elements condition, criteria, effect, cause
 - Recommendations in internal controls

E. COMMUNICATION PLAN

The City launched the Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program in November 2013. The program incorporates the City's Code of Ethics by setting an appropriate tone at the top.

Consideration is also being given to the following:

- Message from the Board of Supervisors and City Manager kicking-off the program completed November 2013
- Intranet page link to reporting options completed November 2013
- Whistleblower protection / Nevada law
- Plan for on-going support and communication about the program
- Message on payroll stubs
- Posters
- Newsletters
- New hire training
- Annual training
- Presentations (oral or written) to various entities
 - Board of Supervisors completed January 2014
 - Public meetings
 - Conferences
 - Press

F. REACTING TO COMPLAINTS

Regardless of the mechanism from which the City receives the initial complaint, the following procedures are established for triaging complaints, investigating the complaints, and communicating the investigation results.

Triage Escalation

The City has established escalation for complaints as follows:

- <u>Immediate response</u> call indicates misappropriation of the City's assets, false reporting, misuse of City assets, etc.
- Referral based on the circumstances of the complaint, reports may be referred to other departments or outside the City. In such instances, the caller will be notified of the referral if the caller requests. The call can be closed upon referral but should be reported as such, or it may remain open until the final resolution is communicated to the City. Matters indicating a person emergency will be forwarded to the appropriate party for action. For example, a life threatening situation or child abuse.

- Annual audit plan call indicates the need for a process redesign or modification to internal controls but no financial loss to the City.
- <u>Follow-up</u> call requires additional information before appropriate action can be determined.
- Closed as received including but not limited to:
 - Call is incomplete
 - Caller did not provide sufficient information to determine the appropriate action and caller has not elected for two-way anonymous communication.
 - Matters regarding non-audit issues (i.e. request for the number of a local dump)

Investigating Complaints

Depending on the complaint, the issue(s) needs to be assigned to the appropriate auditor(s) for investigation. The City's Internal Auditor assigned to investigate the complaint will:

- Read the initial hotline report.
- Obtain any supporting documents provided by the caller through Lighthouse.
- Identify additional evidence needed to resolve the complaint, including but not limited to:
 - City policies and procedures
 - Copy of or access to Board meeting minutes
 - o Copies of invoices, receipts, contracts, etc.
 - Other documentation deemed necessary to determine validity of the incident report
- Identify those who will be contacted during the investigation including but not limited to:
 - Suspect
 - o Victim
 - Witnesses
 - Those within the internal control process but who may not have knowledge of the specific complaint
 - Law enforcement
 - Nevada Commission on Ethics may request a written "Request for Opinion" regarding a public employee's or public officer's conduct in relation to NRS 281A based on information received through the hotline.
 - Others as determined necessary
- Communicate to the caller appropriate information regarding the City's whistleblower policy.

- Perform investigative procedures to determine the validity of the complaint and documenting:
 - Steps taken
 - Evidence gathered chain of custody
 - Conclusions reached
 - Quantification of financial loss to the City, if any
 - GAGAS criteria, condition, cause, effect, and recommendations, as appropriate
- Keep the appropriate parties informed of the progress of the investigation.
- Communicate the final results of the investigation.
 - Notification and reporting, as appropriate, including but not limited to:
 - **Board of Supervisors**
 - **Audit Committee**
 - City management
 - **Nevada Commission on Ethics**
- Manage information on a need-to-know basis.
- Maintain case files for an appropriate period. This may be driven by whether or not the case results in civil or criminal charges.

Communication

Within the escalation structure, the City has created a reporting structure, and will continue to modify that structure as appropriate, that includes reporting to the following:

- District Attorney's office potential civil activity
- Sheriff potential criminal activity
- Human Resources Department employee disciplinary action
- Audit Committee consideration of audits performed, status of investigations (care will be taken to ensure the detail provided does not violate privacy laws)
- Board of Supervisors periodic reporting of activity
 - Quarterly statistics of calls received
 - Summaries of completed investigations, as appropriate and dependent upon whether there will be civil or criminal charges filed

VI. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION/POLICY

The risk and fear of retribution can deter many people from reporting allegations of wrongdoing against a colleague, manager, Board member, or a City vendor. The public policy of the State is to encourage State and local officers and employees to disclose improper governmental action and that the Legislature will protect the rights of persons making such disclosures (NRS 281.621).

The State's Fraud policy includes "Whistle-Blower Protection" and prohibits retribution against any employee who may have made a report of suspected inappropriate activity. The City will take each call seriously and conduct an investigation as the issue warrants and evidence is available and has made available an anonymous reporting mechanism.

Nevada whistle-blower statutes define "improper governmental action" as actions taken in the performance of official duties, whether or not the action is within the scope of employment, that are:

- In violation of State law or regulation;
- For local government officers and employees, in violation of local ordinances;
- In abuse of authority;
- A substantial and specific danger to public health or safety; or
- A gross waste of money.

VII. TRAINING

The City is providing initial and ongoing training to all City employees on the Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program.

Initial Training

Initial training includes discussion of the following:

- Program purpose and benefits
- Roles and responsibilities
- Employee responsibilities for reporting suspected inappropriate activity
- How to make a report using all various methods (hotline, web, or face-to-face)
- Investigation considerations
- Reporting of investigation results public vs. private information.

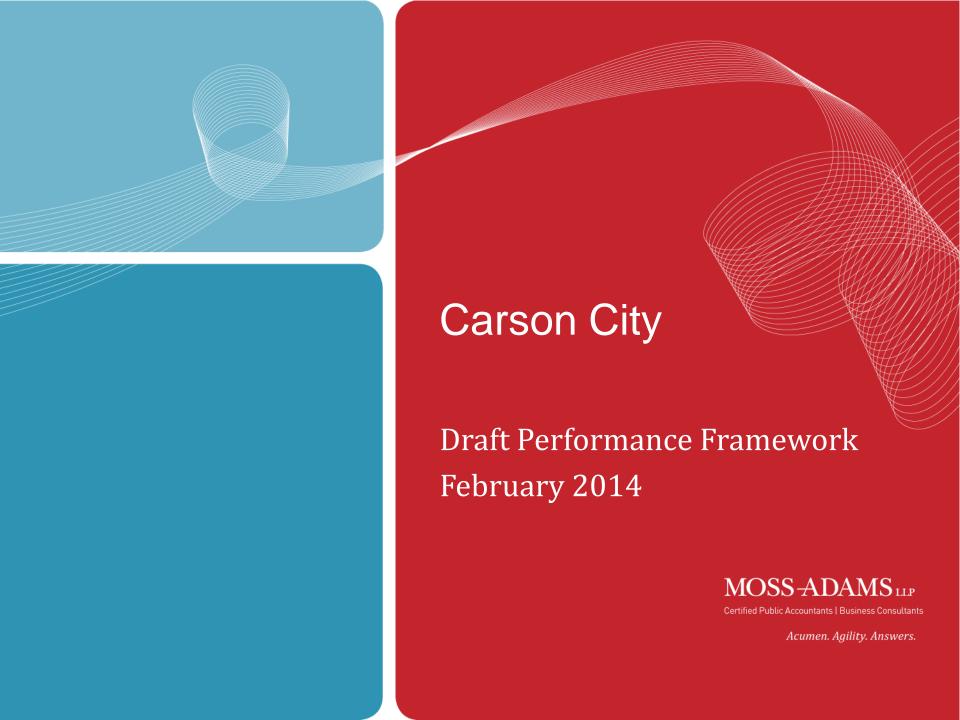
On-going Training

On-going training is important to reinforce management's commitment to reducing loss of resources to the City. The training can be part of the City's annual training program or specific to a Department.

Fraud Awareness Training & Train the Trainer

In order for City employees to understand when and what to report employees need to receive fraud awareness training. Consideration should be given to which employees should receive training (managers, directors, supervisors, line employees, etc.) Such training could include the following topics:

- Definition of fraud, waste, and abuse with examples of each
- Fraud triangle fraud environment answering why fraud happens
- Opportunity points for fraud to occur
- Internal controls intended to prevent and detect fraud
- The importance of corrective controls and the message it sends to employees
- Fraud schemes what does fraud look like, how to identify and understand various schemes
- Characteristics and red flags of perpetrators

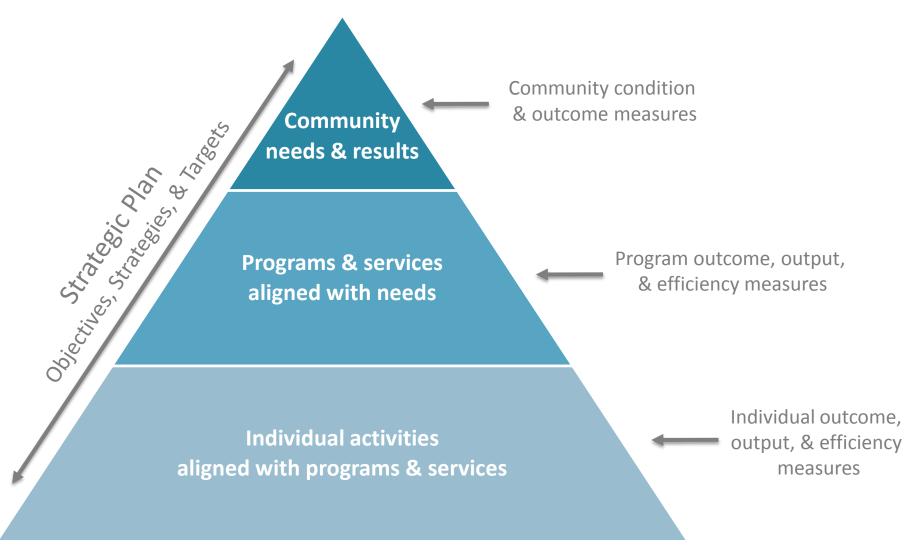


AGENDA

- Overview
- Department Metrics
- Sample Executive Dashboard

Overview

PERFORMANCE DATA & STRATEGIC OUTCOMES



PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT CYCLE



PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK

Department/Function

- Objective
- 2. Outcome Measure
 - Program or service effectiveness
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - Program or service productivity
 - Unit cost
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted

AREAS OF FOCUS

- Finance & Risk Management
- Purchasing & Contracts
- Human Services
- Clinic Services
- Preparedness
- Environmental Health
- Animal Services
- Human Resources
- Information Technology
- Library
- Parks, Recreation, & Open Space
- Facilities Maintenance

- Streets & Transportation
- Water
- Sewer
- Stormwater
- Transit (JAC)
- Fleet Management
- Business Development
- Planning, Building, & Business Licenses
- Sheriff
- Jail
- Fire Department & EMS
- Alternative Sentencing

RESOURCES

- ICMA Center for Performance Measurement
 - Performance Measurement in Practice
 - Comparative Performance Measurement Report
- National Performance Measurement Advisory Commission
- GFOA Performance Management Best Practice
- GASB Service Efforts and Accomplishments Reporting
- Government Finance Review, Linking Performance Measures to Resource Allocation
- County and city performance measures

Department Metrics

FINANCE & RISK MANAGEMENT

- *Objective:* To effectively and efficiently manage City revenues and expenditures.
- Outcome Measure
 - Balanced budget with reserve funds meeting or exceeding target levels
 - Number of worker days lost per claim
- Efficiency Measure 3.
 - Finance O&M expenditures per City FTE
- Strategic Goals Impacted *4.*
 - Open and accessible government
 - Vibrant, diverse, and sustainable economy

PURCHASING & CONTRACTS

- Objective: To assist City departments in the purchasing of appropriate and high quality materials and services from approved vendors at competitive costs in a timely manner.
- Outcome Measure
 - Calendar days from requisition to purchase order
- Efficiency Measure
 - Purchasing & Contracts O&M expenditures per City FTE
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Open and accessible government
 - Vibrant, diverse, and sustainable economy

HUMAN SERVICES

- 1. Objective: To help Carson City residents in need, through service and education.
- 2. Outcome Measures
 - Number of clients seen per FTE
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Percent revenue received vs. program expense
 - Direct service spending per capita (by type of service)
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Healthy community

CLINIC SERVICES

- *Objective:* Through education and service, to promote health and impact the lives of those living in our community.
- Outcome Measures
 - Number of clients seen per FTE
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Percent revenue received vs. program expense
 - Direct service spending per capita (by type of service)
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Healthy community

PREPAREDNESS

- *Objective:* To assure the most effective response possible to outbreaks of disease and other public health threats and emergencies.
- Outcome Measures
 - Number of community partners engaged per FTE
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Direct service spending per capita (by type of service)
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Healthy community
 - Safe and secure community

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- *Objective:* To protect and promote the health and welfare of the community through education, intervention, prevention, and assistance to residents and visitors.
- Outcome Measures
 - Number of routine inspections per FTE, by type
 - Average time to close a complaint, by program
- Efficiency Measures
 - Direct service spending per capita (by type of service)
- Strategic Goals Impacted 4.
 - Healthy community
 - Clean and healthy environment

ANIMAL SERVICES

- *Objective:* To protect and improve the quality of life for our community through disease prevention, education, and support services.
- Outcome Measures
 - Average daily animal population: Dogs, cats, and total
- Efficiency Measure
 - Animal services operations and maintenance expenditures per average daily animal population
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - A safe and secure community

HUMAN RESOURCES

- *Objective:* Focus on employee retention through career development and succession planning to transfer institutional knowledge and skills throughout the organization.
- Outcome Measures
 - o Turnover rates: Total, non-public safety, and public safety employees
- Efficiency Measure
 - HR O&M expenditures per City FTE
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Open and accessible government

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

- *Objective:* To provide residents and employees with efficient access to government.
- Outcome Measures
 - Percent of annually planned projects delivered
 - Annual customer satisfaction rating
 - System up time
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - IT O&M expenditures per City FTE
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Open and accessible government

LIBRARY

- *Objective:* To be a valuable resource to the entire community for information, education and entertainment
- Outcome Measure
 - Visitation rates
- Efficiency Measure
 - O&M expenditures per registered borrower
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - A community dedicated to excellence in education and lifelong learning
 - A community rich in history, culture, and the arts

PARKS, RECREATION, & OPEN SPACE

- 1. Objective: To build a healthy community through parks, programs, and partnerships.
- 2. Outcome Measure
 - Program registration
 - Direct cost recovery
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Parks & Recreation O&M costs per capita
 - Parks maintenance cost per acre (by service)
 - Open space maintenance cost per acre (by service)
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Healthy community
 - Active and engaged community
 - Physically connected community

FACILITIES MAINTENANCE

- *Objective:* To provide City departments and residents with facilities that are safe and meet their needs.
- Outcome Measures
 - Sq. feet maintained per FTE
 - Monthly average job orders completed per FTE
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - Facilities Maintenance O&M expenditures per sq. feet maintained
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community

STREETS & TRANSPORTATION

- *Objective:* To plan and provide for the safe, efficient, and convenient movement of people and goods.
- Outcome Measure
 - Street pavement overall condition ratings
- Efficiency Measures
 - O&M cost per lane-mile of street maintained
 - Percent of capital dollars spent to plan
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community
 - Physically connected community
 - Vibrant, diverse, and sustainable economy

WATER

- 1. Objective: To oversee the city's water production, distribution, metering, fire hydrants, and infrastructure.
- 2. Outcome Measure
 - Annual number of water line maintenance tasks completed
 - Total number of permit exceedances
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Water Division O&M expenditures per connection
 - Percent of capital dollars spent to plan
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Clean and healthy environment
 - Healthy community

SEWER

- 1. Objective: To operate and maintain the city's sewer collection system.
- 2. Outcome Measure
 - Treatment plant flow capacity remaining
 - Total number of permit exceedances
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Sewer Division O&M expenditures per connection
 - Percent of capital dollars spent to plan
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Clean and healthy environment
 - Healthy community

STORMWATER

- *Objective:* To operate and maintain the City's stormwater collection system.
- Outcome Measure
 - Curb miles swept
- Efficiency Measures
 - Stormwater O&M expenditures per parcel
 - Percent of capital dollars spent to plan
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Clean and healthy environment
 - Healthy community

TRANSIT (JAC)

- *Objective:* To plan and provide for the safe, efficient, and convenient movement of people and goods.
- Outcome Measure
 - Ridership
 - User and grant fees received as a %of operating costs
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - JAC 0&M costs per rider
 - Passengers per service hour
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community
 - Physically connected community

FLEET MANAGEMENT

- 1. Objective: To maintain the City's vehicle fleet.
- 2. Outcome Measure
 - Percentage of vehicles exceeding replacement criteria
- 3. Efficiency Measures
 - Fleet O&M expenditures per vehicle (by vehicle use)
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community
 - Open and accessible government

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

- *Objective:* To build, revitalize, and sustain a quality community for Carson City businesses and residents.
- Outcome Measures
 - Total jobs created
- Efficiency Measure
 - Business Development O&M expenditures per capita
- Strategic Goals Impacted 4.
 - Vibrant, diverse, and sustainable economy
 - Community rich in history, culture, and the arts

PLANNING, BUILDING, & BUSINESS LICENSES

- *Objective:* To build, revitalize, and sustain a quality community for Carson City businesses and residents.
- Outcome Measures
 - Total number of licenses issued per FTE, business and other
 - Permit fees collected per FTE, by type of permit
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - Percent O&M cost recovery through fees
 - Community Development O&M expenditures per capita
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Vibrant, diverse, and sustainable economy
 - Community rich in history, culture, and the arts

SHERIFF

- *Objective:* To enforce the law and reduce crime in Carson City.
- Outcome Measures
 - o Crime rate: Comstat Part 1 crimes
 - Average incident response time vs. number of calls, by type
- Efficiency Measure
 - Sheriff's Department O&M costs per capita
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community

JAIL

- *Objective:* To enforce the law and reduce crime in Carson City.
- Outcome Measures
 - Average daily inmate population, male and female
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - Jail O&M costs per daily total inmate population
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community

FIRE DEPARTMENT & EMS

- *Objective:* To protect lives and property through fire suppression, prevention, and emergency response.
- Outcome Measures
 - Time of dispatch to on-scene vs. number of calls (by service)
 - Percent of fires contained in structure of origin
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - Fire Department O&M expenditures per capita
- Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community

ALTERNATIVE SENTENCING

- *Objective:* To reduce recidivism in Carson City.
- Outcome Measures
 - Annual number of office and home visits per FTE
 - Number of monthly office visits per FTE
- 3. Efficiency Measure
 - Alternative Sentencing costs per average monthly population served
 - Alternative Sentencing O&M costs per capita
- 4. Strategic Goals Impacted
 - Safe and secure community

Executive Dashboard

SAMPLE DASHBOARD

Performance Measure	FY 10-11	FY 11-12	FY 12-13	Goal	Desired Trend	Three Year Trend	On Track
Parks, Recreation, & Open Space							
Program registration	28,532	17,046	14,431	,	↑	†	
Direct cost recovery	69%	92%	92%	100%	↑	-	0
Parks & Recreation O&M costs per capita	\$11.77	\$16.38	\$26.71	,	\leftrightarrow		
Parks maintenance cost per acre	\$1,249	\$1,540	\$1,296	1	\leftrightarrow	→	
Open space maintenance cost per acre	\$182	\$158	\$345	,	\leftrightarrow	-	
Facilities Maintenance							
Square feet maintained per FTE	125,288	125,288	125,288	125,288	\leftrightarrow	•	
Monthly average job orders completed per FTE	22.0	24.3	23.3	-	1	-	
Facilities Maintenance O&M expenditures per square foot maintained	\$1.75	\$1.92	\$1.68	-	\leftrightarrow		

SAMPLE DASHBOARD

Performance Measure	FY 10-11	FY 11-12	FY 12-13	Goal	Desired Trend	Three Year Trend	On Track
Human Resources							
Turnover rate	27%	18%	27%	-	4	-	
HR O&M expenditures per City FTE	\$534	\$455	\$516	-	\leftrightarrow	-	
Environmental Health							
Number of routine inspections per FTE	502	516	450	-	\leftrightarrow		
Direct service spending per capita	\$5.01	\$4.46	\$4.15	-	\leftrightarrow		0
Finance and Risk Management							
Balanced budget with reserve funds meeting or exceeding target levels	✓	✓	√	-	-		
Annual number of worker days lost per claim	1.96	3.93	5.10	-	\	-	
Finance O&M expenditures per City FTE	\$1,117	\$1,099	\$1,110	•	\leftrightarrow		

Carson City Audit Committee Agenda Report

Date Submitted: 01/31/2014	Agenda Date Requested: 02/11/2014
To: Chair and Members	
From: Michael Bertrand, Chairman	
•	ussion and possible action regarding monitoring of ort and possible direction to the internal auditor to Board of Supervisors.
Summary: Representatives from Moss Ac Monitoring.	lams and city staff will discuss Audit Findings
Type of Action Requested: (check one)	
() Resolution	() Ordinance
(X) Formal Action/Motion	() Other (Discussion Only)
Does This Action Require A Business Imp	pact Statement: () Yes (X) No
Recommended Committee Action: Will d	epend on the discussion.
Explanation for Recommended Committee	e Action: See Staff Summary
Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule or	Regulation: N/A

Fiscal Impact: N/A

Explanation of Impact: N/A		
Funding Source: N/A		
Alternatives: N/A		
Supporting Material: Internal Audit F	Findings Response Tracking Report	
Prepared By: Nick Providenti, Finan Reviewed By: Mall	^ /	14/14
Board Action Taken:		
Motion:		
	Member	Aye/Nay
	1)	
	2)	_
	3)	
	4)	
	5)	
(Vote Recorded By)		

Carson City - Audit Findings Tracking Report

Reports	Date	Reporting Entity	Findings	Completed	Costs	Savings
Community Facility Cost Recovery Study Eagle Valley Golf Course	10/3/2012	City Auditor	10	4		
Public Defender Cost and Utilization Study	11/28/2012	City Auditor	4			
Community Facility Cost Recovery Study	11/28/2012	City Auditor	15	1		
Fleet Management Efficiency Study	6/22/2013	City Auditor	24	4		
Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program	7/10/2013	City Auditor	5	2		
Total			58	11		

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item			Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
1	Golf	1/17/2013*	No		10 findings provided		City	City	Even though the BOS did not		- Curings	(1)11,1011		24.0	
_	Gon	1/1//2013	110		• .	the report, some for		Manager	provide direction to City staff, the						
						CCMGC action and	office	ivianage.	City Manager and the Director of						
						some for City action.	ornec		Finance negotiated a new lease						
						Some for Gity decions			agreement with CCMGC. The new						
									agreement provides for payment to						
									the City based on a percentage of						
									CCMGC revenue for as long as						
									CCMGC is operating the golf						
									courses.						
2	PD	1/17/2013*	No		4 findings provided	4 recs provided in	City	City	Even though the BOS did not						
					in the report.	the report.	Manager's	Manager	provide direction to City staff, the						
							office		City Manager intends to meet with						
									the Nevada State Public Defender						
									(NSPD) to review costs to Carson						
									City for services provided by NSPD.						
3	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.A.1	The Carson City	Evaluate the cost-	Parks and	Parks and	Staff has evaluated use by both			Υ			
			direction			effectiveness of	Recreation,	Recreation	parties and have found that both						
					major user of many	School District and	City	Director,	parties and the public receive						
					community facilities	other Joint Use	Manager's	City	significant value to this						
					at no cost.	Agreements.	Officer	Manager	arrangement. Probably the greatest						
									savings has been in the reduction of						
									the duplication of facilities by both						
									parties. The Joint Use Agreement						
									has eliminated the need for the						
									building of a school district pool,						
									performance theater and meeting						
									room for School Board meetings.						
									This has been a direct savings to our						
									mutual tax payers.						
4	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.A.2	School District	Consider	Parks and	Parks and	There are some measures that can						
		.,, _013	direction			reprioritizing	Recreation	Recreation	be employed to decrease our costs						
						reservations and		Director	for providing the School District free						
					'	bookings at the			use of our facilities such as the						
						Community Center			implementation of a per ticket						
						and Theater to			surcharge or fee per ticket sold for						
						better			some of the larger School District's						
						accommodate			productions. This has been						
						paying customers.			implemented on a limited basis with						
									success.			<u> </u>			

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item			Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
5	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.A.3	Program and facility	Conduct a cost	Parks and	Parks and	Since there has been no direction by			, , , ,			
			direction			recovery and activity	Recreation	Recreation	the Board regarding this item no						
					· ·	prioritization		Director	action has been taken. The Parks &						
						process with the			Recreation Department is still						
					Parks and	input of the Board of			operating under the direction						
					Recreation activities,	Supervisors to			provided by the Board through the						
					largely driven by	develop an updated			acceptance of the Parks &						
					Board of Supervisors	cost recovery model			Recreation Master Plan that was						
					resolutions.	and mission for the			adopted by the Board in 2006. This						
						Parks and			Master Plan identified the definition						
						Recreation			of cost recovery and approved a						
						Department.			mission statement for the						
						•			Department.						
6	CF	1/17/2013		IV.B.1			Parks and	Parks and	The Parks and Recreation						
			direction			programs with the	Recreation	Recreation	Department strives to cover a						
					,	highest amount of		Director	minimum of 100% cost recovery as						
						cost recovery.			defined and stipulated by the Parks						
					100% or greater cost				& Recreation Master Plan.						
					recovery.										
7	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.B.2	The Community	Pursue	Parks and		The Parks & Recreation Department						
'	Ci	1/1//2013	direction	14.0.2	•	opportunities to	Recreation		is constantly looking for ways to						
			direction			increase revenues,	necreation		increase revenues for the Theater.						
						particularly for the			Our ability to increase revenues is						
					Subsituy.	Theater.			hampered by a very small staffing						
						····cutci··			level that doesn't allow for effective						
									marketing of the facility and by the						
									Board of Supervisor's past action of						
									giving deep discounts to non-profit						
									use of the facility which makes up						
									about 80% of the Theater's use.						
8	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.B.3	Theater operations,	Itemize Community	Parks and	Parks and	The Parks & Recreation Department						
		•	direction		budgeting, and		Recreation,	Recreation	would have to work with the						
					planning are	expenditures to	Finance	Director,	Finance Department to achieve this						
					integrated with the	determine the		Recreation	and it may be problematic since the						
					Community Center.	sources and uses of		Operations	same staff operates the Theater,						
						funds and enable		Manager,	Community Center and gym.						
						more precise		Finance							
						budgeting.		Director							

Item	ı	BOS Acceptance	BOS Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	Finding corrected?	Expected Compl.	Actual Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
9	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.B.4	Question 18 funds	Determine how to	Parks and	Parks and	Revenues through the ¼ cent sales						
			direction		would be available	leverage Question	Recreation,	Recreation	tax is still down compared to						
					to support Theater	18 funds to make	Finance	Director,	revenues of previous years going						
					operations if	capital		Finance	back to 2008 and before. Staff uses						
					planned capital	improvements and		Director	Q18 funds for grant matches						
					improvements were	· ·			whenever possible for leverage.						
					made.	funding.			Q18 funds have been used as						
									leverage and matches for capital						
									improvement projects at the JohnD						
									Winters Centennial Park, the						
									Fairgrounds, the Community Center and in other park projects.						
									and in other park projects.						
10	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.B.5	The Theater does	Investigate the	Parks and	Parks and	The Board of Supervisors would						
			direction		not have dedicated	feasibility of	Recreation	Recreation	have to approve and fund a						
					marketing or	employing a		Director,	dedicated marketing and booking						
					booking support.	dedicated marketing		Recreation	staff. The Theater has been						
						and booking staff		Operations	operating with reduced staff that						
						member to manage		Manager	are an outcome of budget reduction						
						and promote			methods employed since 2007.						
						Theater reservations.									
						reservations.									
11	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.B.6	There are currently	Explore	Parks and	Parks and	As stated in Item 10, the lack of staff						
			direction		no fundraising,	opportunities for	Recreation	Recreation	has made it difficult to explore						
					sponsorship, or	sponsorships,		Director,	opportunities for the above. The						
					advertising	fundraising, and		Recreation	small staffing level has resulted in						
						advertising for the		Operations	the Theater being passively						
					Theater.	Theater.		Manager	promoted. The advent of the digital						
									reader board will provide some						
									assistance in this area.						
12	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.B.7	Marketing,	Evaluate the	Parks and	Parks and	No action has been taken in this						
			direction		coordination,	opportunity for	Recreation	Recreation	area. There may be an opportunity						
					fundraising,	outsourcing		Director,	to outsource the operations. A non-						
					maintenance, and	management and		Recreation	profit may be somewhat more						
					_	operations of the		Operations	immune to political influences in the						
						Theater to a non-		Manager	operations of the facility especially						
					by City budget	profit.			in the setting of fees. However, the						
					constraints.				City would give up some control into						
									the operations. A non-profit would						
									still need to make money. The ability of another entity of being						
									profitable would be compromised if						
									the City insisted that the deep						
									discounts afforded to use by non-						
									profit organizations continue.						

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item			Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
13	CF		Yes, specify	IV.C.1	The Aquatic Facility	Consider raising	Parks and	Parks and	The City has reduced hours and	Loti Coot	Javings	(1)10,1 artial)	Dute	Dute	Comments
13	Ci	1/1//2013	direction	17.0.1	receives a 50%	admissions fees.	Recreation	Recreation	services at the Aquatics Facility						
			direction		General Fund	dumissions rees.	incereation	Director,	making it difficult to rationalize						
					subsidy.			Pool	increasing fees. The existing fees						
					Subsituy.			Manager	are in line with other area aquatics						
								iviariagei	facilities. Staff has felt that are fees						
									are somewhat inelastic since they						
									are in line with other facilities such						
									as the Douglas County Aquatics						
									Facility in Minden which is a newer						
									and more attractive facility.						
									and more detractive identity.						
14	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.C.2	Recreational leisure	Market the outdoor	Parks and	Parks and	Staff strives to strike a balance in						
			direction		use of the Aquatic	pool for recreational	Recreation	Recreation	the use of the pool by lap						
					Facility is limited.	use during the		Director,	swimmers, recreational users and						
						summer.		Pool	competitive swim clubs. Most of						
								Manager	the use of the outdoor pool during						
									the summer is recreational use.						
									Additional marketing would require						
									an increase in the budget for this						
									purpose.						
15	CF	1/17/2013	Yes, specify	IV.C.3	The Aquatic Facility	Collaborate with the	Parks and	Parks and	The Aquatics Facility doesn't have						
			direction		is not promoted on	Convention and	Recreation,	Recreation	many of the modern attractions that						
					the Convention and	Visitors Bureau to	CVB	Director,	many newer leisure pools have such						
					Visitors Bureau	market the Aquatic		CVB	as lazy rivers, large slides, fountains,						
					website.	Facility to residents		Director	sprays and wave devices. The						
						and visitors.			strongest attraction is the 50 meter						
									pool that can host large competitive						
									events.						
16	CF		Yes, specify	IV.D.1	_	Continue to pursue	Parks and	Parks and	Ice Rink advertising revenues did						
			direction		revenues fell 47.6%	advertising and	Recreation	Recreation	increase during the 2011-12 skating						
						sponsorship		Director,	season. Staff is hoping to improve						
					11-12.	opportunities.		Recreation	this season. Sponsorship						
								Manager	opportunities with entities such as						
									the Downtown Business Association						
									and the Chamber of Commerce have						
17	CF	1/17/2013	Vec specify	IV.D.2	The Ice Rink is not	Explore revenue	Parks and	Parks and	been ongoing. The Ice Rink is rented for special						
1/	CF	1/1//2013	direction	14.0.2	available to rent for	generating	Recreation	Recreation	events. The Downtown Business						
			un ecuon		private events.	opportunities for	neci eation	Director,	Association and the Chamber as well						
					private events.	renting the Ice Rink		Recreation	as some private entities have rented						
						for events.		Manager	the Rink for events. In addition,						
						ioi eventa.		ivialiagei	private and public entities are						
									allowed to rent the warming tent for						
									events. This has been very popular						
									for events such as birthday parties.						
									lor events such as birthday parties.						

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item			Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
18	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify	III.A.1		Redesign the main	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet Services is currently in the			, ,			
			direction		-	shop to support		Manager	design process for a small fleet						
					-	better workflow,			building expansion and minor						
					-	provide supervision, and restrict			remodel of the existing facility, these changes will facilitate this						
						customer access to			recommendation.						
						work areas.			recommendation.						
19	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify	III.B.2		Schedule the	Fleet	Fleet	The current software does not allow						
			direction		preventive maintenance	preventive maintenance		Manager	for this function. Fleet Services is are						
					program is	workload for the			evaluating new software programs and plan to proceed with the						
						entire year.			purchase of a new fleet software						
						, , , ,			program that will provide us the						
									ability to perform long range						
									scheduling of preventive						
		= /+ 0 /0 0 + 0							maintenance.						
20	Fleet	//18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.B.3	The preventive maintenance	Redesign preventive maintenance	Fleet	Fleet	The new software program referenced above will have						
			ullection			checklists to reflect		Manager	predesigned check lists that can also						
					•	appropriate			be customized to reflect any special						
					too general.	(manufacturer)			requirements for the vehicle from						
						inspections that are			the equipment manufacture.						
						applicable to various									
						classes of vehicles									
						and equipment, as									
						well as a progressive inspection process.									
						inspection process.									
21	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify	III.B.4	Most scheduled	Base service	Fleet	Fleet	Recommendation has been			Y			
			direction		service intervals are	intervals according		Manager	adopted. A new software program						
					too frequent.	to vehicle			will also help improve the ability to						
						manufacturer			track this information more						
22	Flant	7/10/2012	Vac au:£	111.0.5	The august	recommendations.	Floor	Floor	efficiently in the future.						
22	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.B.5		Develop a dedicated service request form	гіеет	Fleet Manager	Functionality will be added with new software purchase. The new						
			an ecutii		•	that states time		ivialiagei	software has a service request form						
						reported, estimated			and the ability to provide estimated						
						time to repair, and			time to repair and also report on the						
						actual completed			actual time it took to complete the						
						time.			repair. Additionally, you can e-mail						
									that estimate and the final report to						
									the customer to improve reporting.						
		•						i	1			•			

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item			Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.		/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
23	Fleet		Yes, specify direction	III.B.6	Fleet Services does not have a parts person to support the needs of mechanics.	Hire a full-time Storekeeper to perform all parts- related duties.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	This position would be difficult to fund and in reality due to the small size of our shop and the streamlining of our parts operation via the remodel the mechanics will spend far less time retrieving parts than they have in the past. We feel efficiencies will certainly be gained through the remodel and expansion and the use of the new software. We suggest holding off for a year or more to determine if this is feasible or necessary.			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
24	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.B.7	Parts are procured through ongoing purchase orders with several local vendors, and expenditures are expected to exceed budget by 22% this year.	Issue a request for proposals and award contracts with vendors to provide fleet parts with set prices and delivery criteria.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	Through the use of the new software we will produce an accurate parts inventory and this coupled with a year of parts use data should allow us to bid these parts with a high degree of accuracy.						
25	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.B.8	Parts tracking and inventory are manual processes.	Include parts tracking and inventory in the requirements for the planned enhanced fleet management system.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	This recommendation will be easily accommodated with the use of the new software.						
26	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.B.9	Repair services are procured on a case-by-case basis with local vendors, and expenditures are expected to exceed the budget by 66% this year.	Issue an RFP and award a contract to provide fleet repair services with local vendors with set prices, delivery criteria, and warranties.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	Fleet services is currently researching information in order to facilitate this recommendation. Several of the specific repair types could be contracted under this concept however other unique repairs will still require fleet to obtain repair quotes and go with the best price such as body damage repairs.						

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item		Acceptance	Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
27	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.B.10	being captured.	Integrate fuel data from CFN reports into the planned enhanced fleet management system in order to compute average fuel consumption (mpg) by vehicle and by class, fuel cost per mile, and average total fuel	Fleet	Fleet Manager	The new software will allow the integration of the fuel data report directly into the program and will track average fuel consumption by vehicle and by class; fuel cost and will allow reporting of the data in several different formats.						
28			Yes, specify direction		Mechanic staffing levels are not sufficient to support the number and type of vehicles that Fleet Services maintains.	wrenching hours, and establish a 70% performance productivity goal for mechanics.		Fleet Manager	Unfortunately at this time we are unable to fund 3 additional staff, however we recognize the need for additional mechanics and we are working toward possibly adding 1 additional mechanic for bus repair. This position would be funded through the transit fund and will only be possible after the fleet expansion as we currently have no room for another mechanic within current facilities. To add more mechanics would require adding even more service bays to the facility which is not possible under current funding.						
29	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.C.12	operates only one shift per day.	Add a swing shift or overlapping shift to better accommodate the schedules of fleet customers.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	The current fleet facility will not accommodate the additional mechanics we would need to run an overlapping shift and changing to a swing shift for just a mechanic or two would not be efficient.						

ltem															
item		BOS	BOS Direction to	Finalina					Damadistica Dian (Course of Asticus		Est.	Finding	Expected	Actual	Chahua
		•	Direction to	Finding No.	Finding	Danaman datian	Dept.	Owner	Remediation Plan (Course of Action	Fat Cast		corrected?	Compl. Date	Compl.	Status
No.		/Approval	Implement		Finding	Recommendation	•		& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
30	Fleet		Yes, specify direction	III.C.13	The fleet	Create a full-time	Fleet	Fleet	We have adjusted the			Υ			
			direction		management	Fleet Manager		Manager	responsibilities of our current fleet						
					•	position.			manager who has many years of						
					performed on a part-				supervisory and managerial						
					time basis.				experience in the city. He is						
									currently enrolled in the Rocky						
									Mountain Fleet Managers						
									associations "Fleet Manager"						
									certification program and we are						
									confident that with his skills and						
									experience and the introduction of						
									new software we will achieve						
									improved efficiencies in managing						
31	Fleet	7/18/2013	Ves specify	III D 14	The Fleet CIP may	Incorporate more	Fleet,	Fleet	our fleet. We fully support the idea of realistic						
31	ricct		direction	111.11.14		realistic	Finance	Manager,	replacement intervals. We will work						
			direction		for vehicle	replacement	inance	Finance	with finance to attempt to find						
					replacement.	intervals, as well as		Director	funding to accommodate this						
					геріасеттетт.	salvage values,		Director	recommendation.						
						auction fees, and			recommendation.						
						make-ready costs,									
						into the City's long-									
						range replacement									
						plan.									
32	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify	III.D.15	Vehicle replacement	Adopt a	Fleet,	Fleet	We fully support the idea of realistic						
			direction		intervals are not	methodology to	Finance	Manager,	replacement intervals. We will work						
					optimized.	support the		Finance	with finance to attempt to find						
						replacement of		Director	funding to accommodate this						
						vehicles and			recommendation.						
						equipment based on									
						the "optimum									
						economic life point"									
						of a unit.									
33	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify	III.D.16	The decision to	Establish a	Fleet,	Fleet	We will explore this idea and						
			direction		retain a fleet unit	vehicle/equipment	Finance	Manager,	evaluate all the mechanisms of						
					beyond its optimal	replacement fund to		Finance	funding available to the						
					replacement point	which customers		Director	departments. And again, we will						
					has historically been	contribute to the			work with finance to attempt to find						
					a City department	replacement cost of			funding to accommodate this						
					decision, not the	their units over			recommendation.						
					decision of Fleet	time.									
					Services.										

Item No. 34		-	BOS Direction to Implement Yes, specify direction	No.	be too large and underutilized.	Recommendation Conduct a basic utilization review of the entire fleet, requiring departments to justify the need for each assignment, whether it be individually assigned	Dept. Fleet	Owner Fleet Manager	Remediation Plan (Course of Action & Expected Benefits) Moss Adams recently completed a utilization study that accomplished this recommendation. We will continue to evaluate utilization of each unit into the future.	Est. Cost	Est. Savings	Finding corrected? (Y, N, Partial) Y	Expected Compl. Date	Actual Compl. Date	Status Comments
35	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.E.18	The City uses two separate accounts to budget for fleet maintenance and repair and does not use a chargeback	or assigned as a sub- pool vehicle to the department. Develop a comprehensive and accountable chargeback system that incorporates fleet replacement, overhead, and all operational costs.	Fleet, Finance	Fleet Manager, Finance Director	We will explore this idea and work with finance in order to account for these costs in the most efficient manner.						
36	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction		hourly rate is low, and no markups are applied to parts, fuel, or commercial repair work.	rates and	Fleet	Fleet Manager	The shop labor rate will be adjusted in accordance with the most recent data and the new software will allow a very accurate tracking of all labor and will facilitate the appropriate distribution of cost for all associated functions. This will ensure proper allocation of charges for all work performed.						
37	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.E.20	performs some non- fleet work for other	Discontinue the	Fleet	Fleet Manager	This is a reference to the fabrication work performed by the fleet shop. We have actually changed our practices to a degree and we are contracting with outside vendors for certain fabricating tasks, but fleet still pays for these costs. The ability of the departments to fully absorb this cost is questionable and we will work with finance to determine if costs can be transferred to the department requiring the work.			Y			

		BOS	BOS									Finding	Expected	Actual	
Item			Direction to	Finding					Remediation Plan (Course of Action		Est.	corrected?	Compl.	Compl.	Status
No.	Report	/Approval	Implement	No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	& Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Savings	(Y, N, Partial)	Date	Date	Comments
38	Fleet		Yes, specify direction	III.F.21	Comprehensive fleet management policies are not in place.		Fleet	Fleet Manager	We will take this recommendation forward to the city manager.	23.1 003.1	3441193	(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	Succ	Jute	Comments
39	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.F.22	Regular customer feedback is solicited; however, service level agreements with customers are not in place.	Develop service level agreements between Fleet Services and each of its City department customers.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	We are planning to study the feasibility of providing variable levels of services to our customers and will explore with them their desire to enter in to such an agreement and determine if it is cost effective for the city overall.						
40	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.F.23	Fleet Services performance metrics are not currently in place.	Establish performance measures and monitor them with the goal of measuring performance against industry and shop standards.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	We support this recommendation and will move forward to begin to establish appropriate performance standards that are industry based.						
41	Fleet	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	III.F.24	Fleet Services does not generate any reports to management or its fleet customers.	Develop monthly management reports for Public Works Department, the City Manager, and all fleet customer departments.	Fleet	Fleet Manager	The new software provides a myriad of reporting and tracking capability that will prove invaluable for providing this information.						
42	FWA	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	V.A	It is prudent business practice to have a FWA program.	Design FWA program, including roles responsibilities, and resources.	City Manager's office	City Manager	Direct the City Auditor to define an FWA program for the City.			Y			
43	FWA	7/18/2013	Yes, specify direction	V.B	FWA programs require a fraud hotline.	Establish a fraud hotline.	City Manager's office	City Manager	Direct the City Auditor to identify and evaluate internal and external hotline options.			Y			

Item		BOS Direction to Implement	Finding No.	Finding	Recommendation	Dept.	Owner	Remediation Plan (Course of Action & Expected Benefits)	Est. Cost	Est. Savings	Finding corrected? (Y, N, Partial)	Expected Compl. Date	Actual Compl. Date	Status Comments
44	FWA	Yes, specify direction		FWA policies and procedures are needed to guide ongoing program management and operations.	Establish policies and procedures for managing a FWA program	City Manager's office	City Manager	Direct the City Auditor to develop policies and procedures.						
45	FWA	Yes, specify direction		program	Provide training to elected officials, appointed officials, and staff.	City Manager's office		Direct the City Auditor to provide training to the BOS, City management, and City staff.						
46	FWA	 Yes, specify direction		Committee and BOS need regular	for updating the Audit Committee	City Manager's office	City Manager	Incorporate into the City Auditor's work program regular reporting to the Audit Committee and BOS on FWA program activity.						
47														

Reports:	
Golf	Carson City Community Facility Cost Recovery Study Eagle Valley Golf Course Final Report
PD	Carson City Public Defender Cost and Utilization Study Final Report
CF	Carson City Community Facility Cost Recovery Study Final Report
Fleet	Carson City Fleet Management Efficiency Study Final Report
FWA	Carson City Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Program Final Report

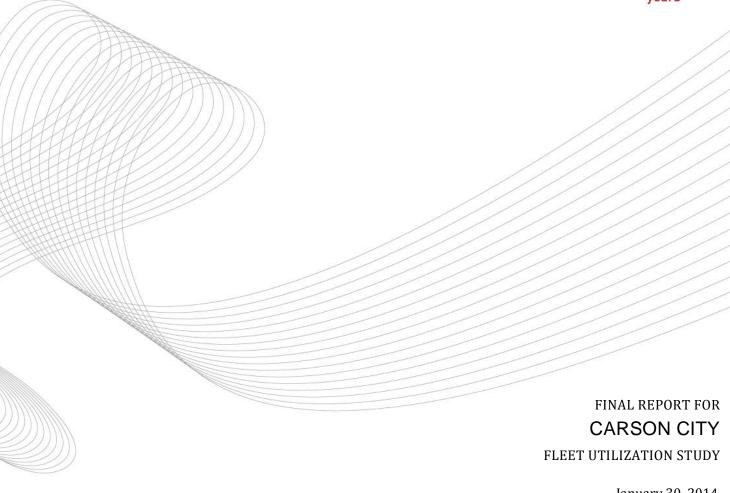
Carson City Audit Committee Agenda Report

Date Submitted: 01/31/2014	Agenda Date Requested: 02/11/2014
To: Chair and Members	
From: Michael Bertrand, Chairman	
•	ion and possible action regarding the presentation, the Board of Supervisors on the Fleet Management
•	ed the Fleet Management Utilization Study at their July present a draft of the study to the Audit Committee for the Board of Supervisors.
Type of Action Requested: (check one) () Resolution (X) Formal Action/Motion	() Ordinance () Other (Specify)
Does This Action Require A Business Impac	t Statement: () Yes (X) No
Recommended Committee Action: Will depe	end on discussion and possible recommendations.
Explanation for Recommended Committee A	ction: See Staff Summary
Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule or Re	gulation:
Fiscal Impact: N/A.	

Explanation of Impact: N/A

Funding Sour	ce: N/A			
Alternatives:	N/A			
Supporting M	aterial: Draft Fleet M	anagement Utilization St	udy provided by Mos	s Adams
Prepared By:	Nick Providenti			
Reviewed By:	Mulil p	(Finance Director)	Date: 2 141	14
Board Action Motion:				
			Member	Aye/Nay
		1)		
		2)		
		3)	 	· ····································
		4)		
		5)		
(Vote Re	corded By)			





January 30, 2014

Prepared by:

Moss Adams LLP

999 Third Avenue Suite 2800 Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 302-6500

MOSS-ADAMS LLP

Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

Acumen. Agility. Answers.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

l.	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
	A. APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY	1
	B. RECOMMENDATIONS	1
II.	BACKGROUND, APPROACH, AND METHODOLOGY	
	A. BACKGROUND	3
	B. STUDY APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY	3
III.	FLEET UTILIZATION ANALYSIS	5
	A. VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES	5
	B. UTILIZATION CRITERIA	7
	C. VEHICLE COST ANALYSIS	10
IV.	FLEET REDUCTIONS, POOLING, AND	
	REASSIGNMENTS	14
	A. FLEET REDUCTIONS	14
	B. VEHICLE POOL: CITY HALL	14
	C. VEHICLE POOL: SHOP LOANER POOL	16
	D. VEHICLE POOL: CENTRAL HEAVY EQUIPMENT	17
V.	VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT POLICIES	20
	A. DAILY TAKE-HOME AND STANDBY UNITS	20
	B. CAR ALLOWANCES	21
VI.	ESTIMATED COST SAVINGS	22
APPE	ENDICES	23

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

Carson City's municipal vehicle fleet consists of 489 units, ranging from sedans to construction equipment, that support a City staff of 669 employees. The current value of the fleet is estimated at approximately \$32 million. An efficiency study of Carson City's Fleet Services Division, completed in July 2013, recommended the City conduct a utilization study to maximize the efficiency of the municipal fleet.

The objectives of this utilization study are to quantify underutilization of units, identify opportunities for efficiency gains, and offer alternative means of transportation where appropriate. To accomplish these objectives, a utilization methodology was employed that 1) segregated vehicle and equipment classes into functional categories and 2) calculated the average miles/hours for each category, to which a formula was applied to arrive at a high, medium, and low use for each vehicle and piece of equipment in the fleet. Underutilized units were identified and became potential candidates for reassignment or disposal. These units were further evaluated in discussions with department representatives, during which suitable alternative means of transportation were explored. These include pooling, renting, leasing, or replacing with other more efficient and economical units.

B. RECOMMENDATIONS

The City's fleet management approach should be both efficient and customer-driven. While it is important that the fleet size remain in line with the best industry standards, it is equally important that the City's operating services are not adversely impacted by any reductions to the fleet. City departments provided input to assure that this balance would be achieved. By reducing the fleet, Carson City will achieve cost savings and benefits from both the one-time sale of surplus vehicles and equipment, as well as from eliminating ongoing operating, maintenance, and depreciation costs that are no longer necessary.

Implementing these recommendations translates to a potential savings of \$156,500 in the first year and \$915,000 over 10 years. Recommendations are presented below.

- 1. Align the City's fleet classification and description labeling system with industry best practice.
- 2. Update the utilization analysis in six months after initial recommendations have been implemented to reestablish a baseline and every two years thereafter.
- 3. Update guidelines and policies that support the most cost-effective means of transportation, and periodically update the cost analyses.
- 4. Reduce the fleet based on results of the utilization analysis.
- 5. Expand the central motor pool at City Hall by utilizing existing City vehicles and/or rental cars to provide access to vehicles that may be needed due to the surplusing of underutilized vehicles.

- 6. Calculate rental rates to recover all ownership and operational costs of all motor pool units.
- 7. Train employees on the guidelines and policies regarding when to use a City vehicle, mileage reimbursement, or a rental vehicle.
- 8. Utilize the State of Nevada's rental car contract for rental vehicles to supplement the City pool when units are out of service due to extensive repair work or periods of peak demand.
- 9. Expand the shop loaner pool.
- 10. Establish a new heavy equipment pool, supplemented with rentals, to provide access to equipment that may be needed due to the surplusing of underutilized equipment, and require all requests for heavy equipment rentals to be processed and approved through a single City source.
- 11. Develop rental rates to recoup all ownership and operational costs of each unit in the heavy equipment pool.
- 12. Revise the current vehicle take-home policy to add specific criteria relating to take-home and standby vehicle assignments. Review all vehicle take-home and current standby authorizations and justify approvals based on the new vehicle take-home policy.

A number of recommendations focus on more accurate tracking and distribution of fleet costs supported by the establishment of rental rates. We recognize that Carson City may choose to continue to utilize its current vehicle equivalent unit (VEU) methodology instead of instituting the additional administrative rigor required to achieve more accurate cost allocation.

11_ BACKGROUND, APPROACH, AND **METHODOLOGY**

A. BACKGROUND

Carson City's municipal vehicle fleet consists of 489 units, ranging from sedans to construction equipment, that support a City staff of 669 employees. The current value of the fleet is estimated at approximately \$32 million. An efficiency study of Carson City's fleet, completed in July 2013, recommended the City conduct a utilization study to maximize the efficiency of the municipal fleet.

Over time, municipalities inevitably end up with vehicles that are not essential to their operations, causing the fleet to expand. This "fleet creep" typically goes undetected as years pass. There are typically multiple contributing factors, including keeping vehicles and equipment that have been replaced by newer units, adding "free" surplus equipment or grant-obtained vehicles to the fleet, and reassigning high-use units to low-use applications. A lack of economic incentives and policy guidelines for acquisition and usage of vehicles can further contribute to excess and underutilized vehicles.

B. STUDY APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

The purpose of this study is to identify underutilized vehicles and equipment, recommend alternative methods for City transportation needs, and develop a citywide fleet utilization policy. There are two main components of a fleet utilization study, 1) utilization analysis and 2) vehicle cost analysis. Utilization analysis determines how much and how often vehicles and equipment are used. Vehicle cost analysis determines the most economical means of transportation by comparing the costs of an assigned City vehicle or piece of equipment with alternative means of transportation. Alternatives include departmental and centralized light-duty pooling, heavy equipment pooling, commercially available rental vehicles and equipment, and reimbursing employees to use their personal vehicles to conduct City business.

Each department's permanently assigned and temporary vehicle requirements were analyzed to determine how best to accomplish the City's business objectives utilizing one of the following means of transportation:

- Permanently assigned City vehicles
- Departmental pooling
- City-wide pooling
- Renting/leasing

Vehicle utilization is typically measured by miles driven on an annual basis. However, mileage alone is not always the best indicator of usage, since annual mileage varies by the type of vehicle. Functional categories have been defined to be used in conjunction with metered and non-metered units to develop utilization criteria that are unique to each functional category and the City. Additionally, the City's use of pooled vehicles and personal mileage reimbursement were evaluated.

In this study, vehicles and equipment are separated into the following eight functional categories (described in detail later in this report):

- General Use Vehicles
- Mobile Work-Station Vehicles
- Project or Short-term Fixed Duration Vehicles
- Specially Designed/Modified Emergency Vehicles
- Specially Designed/Modified Vehicles
- Construction/Allied Equipment
- Miscellaneous Equipment—Metered
- Miscellaneous Equipment—Non-Metered

The City's fleet inventory was then reconciled to the extent possible. Key objectives of this analysis were to identify underutilized units and units not being used as intended, and offer alternative, more economical means of transportation. To accomplish this, fleet usage criteria were established for new vehicle and equipment requests and annual usage standards for retaining units.

There were a few cases in which vehicles and equipment were either missing from Fleet Services' inventory listings or had been placed on the surplus list but appeared as active units. Several departments had transferred units to other departments without Fleet Services' knowledge. In many cases, mileage and hour usage is not tracked on a consistent basis, and, in some cases, it is not tracked at all. As a result, it is difficult to schedule maintenance and properly monitor usage.

Vehicle Utilization Data Collection and Analysis

Data on vehicle and equipment usage was obtained from the City's fleet information system and fueling reports. Fleet Services provided data that included each unit's make, model, year, current odometer and/or hour meter reading (as of October 2012), total months in service, total life-to-date miles/hours, and miles/hours utilization during the last 12 months.

Each department was asked to complete a questionnaire for each unit within their jurisdiction. The questionnaire was designed to determine each the intended use of each unit, the equipment and loads it transports, destinations, and frequency of use. A number of incomplete fleet questionnaires were returned, which resulted in follow-up phone calls and in-person interviews to obtain the information.

After reviewing the questionnaires, each unit was assigned to one of the eight functional categories. Usage data (hours or miles) were analyzed and minimum usage standards for each functional category were developed. Each unit was then classified as having high, medium, or low usage. Underutilized units were identified and interviews were conducted with key managers and supervisors to discuss their transportation requirements and explore alternative means of transportation. Based on the usage analyses and interviews, recommendations for reductions in the City's fleet were developed along with an estimate of the associated salvage value, annual maintenance and repair cost savings, and replacement cost savings.

III. FLEET UTILIZATION ANALYSIS

A. VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES

Fleet management systems have classifications for the types of vehicles and equipment in the fleet. These are typically two, three, or four-digit alpha or numeric characters. Carson City's Fleet Services Division uses a four-digit classification system with the first two digits corresponding to the American Public Works Association (APWA) Vehicle and Equipment Classification System. A three-digit classification system is used for the Sheriff's units. Data collection for this study revealed several instances in which units were not appropriately classified, which impacted the ability to group like vehicles and equipment.

Many vehicle and equipment descriptions were found to be miss-labeled. For example, Unit 8301, a street sweeper belonging to Public Works, was labeled "ST Sweeper John's" denoting that the sweeper belonged to the Streets Maintenance Division and was operated by a City employee named John.

Most of the unit descriptions were not organized properly. For example, the City's typical description for a dump truck with a plow is 5 YD Dump Plow. Industry best practice is that the unit description start with the general classification (Truck) followed by a more detailed description of the type of truck (Dump) followed by the size (5-YD) followed by a description of the any components/equipment that is attached to the truck (Plow). The entire description should read Truck, Dump-5YD-Plow.

1. Recommendation: Align the City's fleet classification and description labeling system with industry best practice.

The City should explore a more standardized classification and descriptive system such as those provided by APWA or the National Association of Fleet Administrators (NAFA). Improper vehicle classification impacts the ability to analyze the fleet. Due to improper classification, some units could be left out of the analysis or skew results. Linking the proper descriptions to appropriate classifications is vital to perform vehicle and equipment trend analysis, as well as for billing and benchmarking.

For the purposes of this study, the City's vehicle and equipment fleet was divided into eight functional categories under two broad classifications, General Use and Special Use. General Use contains three functional categories and Special Use contains five functional categories. Special Use vehicles are specially designed, outfitted, or configured for a single activity or are used solely in support of a single activity. Each of the functional categories is described below.

General Use Vehicles

General use vehicles are those without special equipment that transport personnel and material. These vehicles are readily subject to rotation between high and low mileage assignments. Specific examples in the City's fleet include sedans, vans, SUVs, and light trucks.

Mobile Workstation Vehicles

Mobile workstation vehicles transport craft workers, tools and equipment, which are needed for specialized work, and units that have specialized equipment installed. They normally have mileage criteria and may be rotated with other general use vehicles by transferring any specialized equipment at a minimal cost. Examples of equipment specific to these vehicles include two-way radio(s), cross-boxes, camper shells, utility bodies, mounted equipment, small cranes, hydraulic lift gates, racks, etc. Specific examples in the City's fleet include vans, light and medium trucks, and flatbed trucks.

Project or Short-Term Fixed Duration Vehicles

Vehicles required for a specific project or activity for a fixed, short amount of time. They are typically rented or leased from local commercial rental agencies if they not readily available in the City's light- and heavy-duty equipment pools.

Specially Designed/Modified Emergency Vehicles and Equipment

Some vehicles and equipment are unique to the function of emergency response and are outfitted or configured with radios, light bars, computers, etc. These vehicles support activities required by law or policy to be available at all times (standby) to respond to emergencies or unusual events. Examples include police patrol units, police motorcycles, fire apparatus, and ambulances.

Specially Designed/Modified Vehicles and Equipment

Some vehicles and equipment are uniquely designed or modified for a particular job requirement. These are vehicles that are specially outfitted or configured for a single activity or used solely in support of a single activity. They have the following characteristics:

- Permanently installed features that cannot be economically used for any purpose other than the one for which they were designed; or
- Transfer of equipment to permit rotation with other vehicles would require extensive modification of the unit and/or adversely impact safety.

Examples include utility trucks, digger derricks, boom trucks, sewer cleaners, and street sweepers.

Construction/Allied Equipment

Mobile equipment or other construction equipment that is designed for a specific use and has unique design features fall into this category. This equipment is typically measured in hourly usage rather than in mileage. This category of equipment normally cannot be utilized for general use. Examples include backhoes, loaders, tractors, graders, rollers, and auxiliary engines.

Miscellaneous Equipment - Metered

Metered miscellaneous equipment has hour meters. Examples include generators, compressors, forklifts, gang mowers, and golf carts.

Miscellaneous Equipment - Non-Metered

Non-metered miscellaneous equipment has no meters, but may include gas- or electric-powered riding and non-riding equipment. Examples include trailers and sprayers.

The City's 489-unit fleet is broken down in Table 1 by the eight functional categories:

Table 1: Carson City Fleet Units by Functional Category

No.	Functional Category	Units	
	General Use		
1	General Use Vehicles	14	
2	Mobile Work Station Vehicles	131	
3	Project or Short-term Fixed Duration Vehicles	0	
	Special Use		
4	Specially Designed/Modified Emergency Vehicles*	141	
5	Specially Designed/Modified Vehicles	57	
6	Construction/Allied Equipment	53	
7	7 Miscellaneous Equipment - Metered		
8	8 Miscellaneous Equipment - Non-Metered*		
	Total	489	

^{*}Note: Utilization standards were not computed for miscellaneous, non-metered equipment or six pieces of fire apparatus. Utilization criteria for fire apparatus (pumpers) would require additional analysis of factors such as response times and other safety issues, which are beyond the scope of this study.

B. UTILIZATION CRITERIA

Utilization criteria are developed in two steps. First, we developed an average use per vehicle and equipment for each class within each functional category. Second, we determine the minimum utilization standard required to justify the retention of each in the fleet. Recommended utilization criteria for each vehicle and equipment class are presented below.

Several factors impacted the ability to develop averages for some vehicle and equipment classifications. For example, "like year units" within the same functional category had odometer readings that varied considerably. This is partially as result of units are not being salvaged when they are due for replacement and being kept in the fleet as spares or pool units or are reassigned to other departments. As a result, it is difficult to compute the average miles and hours that these units are used.

Units Measured in Miles

The Fleet Services Division supplied mileage figures based on fueling reports generated by CFN Thomas Fuels. The data used as the basis for evaluating the mileage usage of each unit is presented in Appendix A.

All mileage type classes were assigned to one of five functional categories. Similar classes were grouped together, and average monthly miles were computed based on the last 12 months of usage. These figures were cross-checked with the average monthly usage over the life of each unit to identify any large variations. The usage criteria were then applied to the monthly miles to arrive at "Low-Use", "Medium-Use", and "High-Use" ranges for class groupings, as described in Table 2. These criteria became the basis for the justification range for all units that have mileage as their utilization criteria.

Table 2: Usage Criteria, Units Measured in Miles

Category	Description
High-Use	Use exceeds 80% of monthly average mileage
Medium-Use	Use falls between 50% and 80% of monthly average mileage
Low-Use	Use less than 50% of monthly average mileage

For example, the annual average mileage for all "general purpose units" (sedans, light trucks) within the General Use Vehicle and Equipment Category was computed at 247 miles per month. By applying the usage criteria above, average high, medium, and low mileage usage ranges were developed by which to justify a unit. As a result, any unit averaging more than 197 miles per month (80% of 247 miles) would be considered "High-Use," units averaging between 123 and 197 miles per month (between 50% and 80% of 247 miles) would be considered "Medium-Use," and units averaging less than 123 miles per month (50% of 247 miles) would fall into the "Low-Use" category.

Units Measured by Hour Meters

Average vehicle usage based on hours was computed using the City's manual fuel and Commercial Fuel Network (CFN) sites. Appendix B presents the data used as the basis for evaluating the hourly usage of each unit.

All units measured by hours were assigned to one of two functional categories: Construction/Allied Equipment or Miscellaneous Equipment - Metered. Similar classes were grouped together and their average monthly hours were computed based on the last 12 months of usage. These averages were crossed-checked with the average monthly usage over the life of the unit to identify any large variations. The usage criteria were applied to the monthly hours to arrive at "Low-Use," Medium-Use" and "High-Use" ranges for class groupings, presented in Table 3. These criteria became the basis for the justification range for all units that have hours as their utilization criteria.

Table 3: Usage Criteria, Units Measured by Hour Meters

Category	Description
High-Use	Use exceeds 80% of monthly average hours
Medium-Use	Use falls between 50% and 80% of monthly average hours
Low-Use	Use averages less than 50% of monthly average hours

For example, the annual average hours for all seven backhoes within the Construction/Allied Equipment category was calculated at 17.18 hours per month. By applying the usage criteria below to this average, the high, medium, and low ranges were developed. As a result, any unit that utilized more than 13.74 hours per month (17.18 hours x 80%) would be considered "High-Use," any unit that utilized between 8.59 and 13.74 hours per month (17.18 hours x 50% - 17.18 hours x 80%) would be considered "Medium-Use," and units under 8.59 hours per month (50% of 17.18 hours) would fall into the "Low-Use" category.

Usage Distribution of Current Fleet

The utilization criteria presented above was applied to the City's current fleet, excluding non-metered units, to establish the usage distribution of the fleet. The results of the analysis, shown in Table 4, indicate that a number of vehicles and equipment in the fleet are underutilized.

Table 4: Summary of Carson City Fleet Usage

Usage	Miles Metered	Hour Metered	Total Units
High-Use	226	21	247
Medium-Use	33	8	41
Low-Use	80	22	102
Not Applicable*	20	12	32
Total	359	63	422

^{*}Note: Units not able to be classified due to insufficient or questionable data.

2. Recommendation: Update the utilization analysis in six months after initial recommendations have been implemented to reestablish a baseline and every two years thereafter.

The City should continue to track both miles and hours utilized for all vehicles and equipment in the fleet, and reevaluate the utilization criteria for low, medium, and high usage units on a regular basis. City-wide fleet leveling should occur on an annual basis, with in-depth utilization analysis every two years. The same functional categories outlined in this report are appropriate for all units unless their function has changed. During each update, Fleet Services should review the need for units that are not meeting the established usage criteria with department directors.

The formula for calculating low, medium, and high mileage and hourly utilization is constructed in a manner that allows annual review and adjustment. Elements of the formula, such as downtime and fueling time, can vary with changes in fleet age and maintenance practices, as well as vehicles and equipment that have been removed from service. An annual review of the calculations should be made, as appropriate.

Actual miles and hours per month per class should also be tracked during the next year. The percentage formula will remain the same, but adjustments to the annual miles and hours may be made based on the average for each vehicle and equipment classification.

C. VEHICLE COST ANALYSIS

Cities may provide necessary transportation by assigning city-owned vehicles, making pooled vehicles available, renting or leasing from commercial agencies, or reimbursing employees for the use of their vehicles. The costs of these alternatives were evaluated using two methods, including 1) breakeven analysis and 2) mileage reimbursement analysis, to help determine which alternative to use depending on the miles driven.

Breakeven analysis is utilized to determine the point at which an enterprise moves from a loss to a profit position. In fleet management, this is the point at which a fleet can own, operate, and maintain a vehicle more economically than reimbursing a City employee to drive a personally owned vehicle, use a City motor pool unit, or provide a commercial rental vehicle.

Mileage reimbursement for use of a personal vehicle on City business is tied to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) rate. A city's vehicle use policy is a formal policy that establishes procedures for the assignment of city vehicles. It also addresses take home vehicles and mileage reimbursement for employees using their personal vehicles for city business.

In fiscal year 2012–13, a total of \$12,614 was paid in mileage reimbursement, according to the Finance Department records. This represents a total of approximately 23,000 miles based on the City's mileage reimbursement rate, which ranged between \$0.555/mile and \$0.565/mile during this period. Finance records did not show how the number of trips or destinations City employees traveled correlated to using personal vehicles.

Breakeven Analysis: Monthly Cost Comparison

Vehicles assigned to City administration currently average about 247 miles per month. A sedan that averages 247 miles per month costs the City approximately \$186 per month to own and operate or about \$0.75 per mile. By reimbursing an employee to use their personal vehicle at the rate of \$0.565 per mile, the City's cost would be approximately \$140 per month would for a savings of approximately \$46 per month at this mileage threshold. Using those assumptions, it is less expensive to pay personal mileage than provide an assigned vehicle until usage reaches 499 miles per month, at which time it becomes more economical to drive a City-assigned vehicle.

A full breakeven analysis is presented in Appendix H, which shows the costs for the City to own and operate a Ford Fusion compared with the cost of reimbursing employees using their own personal vehicle. Maintenance, repair, fuel, and acquisition costs were based on actual historical operating costs incurred, according to fleet management records.

Using recent fuel costs and the latest IRS reimbursement rates, costs per month using the mileage thresholds are presented in Exhibit 1 of Appendix I. The analysis shows that it is more economical for the City to reimburse employee personal car usage up to 499 miles per month. This approach is appropriate for City passenger vehicles that are not equipped for first-responder activities.

Table 5: Monthly Breakeven Point for a City-Owned Vehicle Compared to Personal Car Reimbursement

Miles per Month	City Assigned Vehicle-Ford Fusion Ownership and Operational Costs	Cost to Reimburse For Use of Personal Car at \$0.565/mile		
100	\$129.42	\$56.50		
200	\$167.62	\$113.00		
247	\$185.57	\$139.56		
300	\$205.82	\$169.50		
400	\$244.02	\$226.00		
499	\$281.83	\$281.94		
500	\$282.22	\$282.50		
600	\$320.42	\$339.00		
700	\$358.62	\$395.50		

Note: Figures in BLUE reflect the average monthly miles traveled by Carson administrative vehicles and their corresponding costs. Figures in RED reflect breakeven miles at which reimbursement costs begin to exceed Carson's costs.

Breakeven Analysis: Single Trip Cost Comparison

The cost comparison for single trips is shown in Table 6, using the mileage thresholds presented in Appendix I and recent fuel costs and the latest IRS reimbursement rates. The analysis demonstrates that for a single roundtrip of less than ten miles it is more economical for the City to reimburse an employee for mileage (see figures highlighted in blue). For roundtrips of more than 419 miles, it is more economical for the City to rent a commercially available vehicle (see figures highlighted in red). Between ten and 419 miles (roundtrip), it is more economical to use a City vehicle. For example, trips to Las Vegas would qualify as a destination where it would be more economical to rent a car than use a City vehicle or pay mileage reimbursement.

Table 6: Single Trip Breakeven Point for a City-Owned Vehicle Compared to Personal Car Reimbursement

Roundtrip Miles Traveled Daily	City Pool Vehicle-Chevrolet Impala Ownership and Operational Costs	Cost to Reimburse For Use of Personal Car at \$0.565/mile	Enterprise Daily Rental Costs For Full Size Sedan (includes fuel)	
5	\$4.37	\$2.83	\$35.01	
10	\$5.44	\$5.65	\$35.71	
20	\$7.58	\$11.30	\$37.11	
30	\$9.72	\$16.95	\$38.51	
40	\$11.86	\$22.60	\$39.91	
50	\$14.00	\$28.25	\$41.31	
100	\$24.70	\$56.50	\$48.31	
200	\$46.10	\$113.00	\$62.31	
300	\$67.50	\$169.50	\$76.31	
400	\$88.90	\$226.00	\$90.31	
419	\$92.97	\$236.74	\$92.97	
500	\$110.30	\$282.50	\$104.31	

3. Recommendation: Update guidelines and policies that support the most cost-effective means of transportation, and periodically update the cost analyses.

The City should update vehicle use and mileage reimbursement policies to more effectively manage travel-related costs. Depending on the situation, it may be to the City's advantage for employees to use their private vehicles, use City motor pool units (which would increase the average monthly pool vehicle mileage), or make better use of existing permanently-assigned department vehicles as opposed to retaining low use City vehicles identified in this report. Given increasing fuel costs and the impact on vehicle costs, annually updating the breakeven analysis is appropriate.

With direct mileage reimbursement, the City only pays for transportation when a private vehicle is driven compared to the total costs associated with owning a vehicle that may not be utilized consistently. Motor pools, which are discussed below, are commonly used in government and corporate fleets to minimize the size of the fleet and maximize the use of existing Fleet vehicles. However, in some cases the City may want to have employees identified by driving in vehicles with City markings.

IV. FLEET REDUCTIONS, POOLING, AND REASSIGNMENTS

A. FLEET REDUCTIONS

4. Recommendation: Reduce and reassign the fleet based on results of the utilization analysis.

Fleet reductions can be accomplished by selling or reassigning underutilized units to a vehicle or equipment pool. A total of 27 vehicles and equipment were identified as candidates for reduction, reassignment, or pooling based on a review of utilization data, information obtained from the fleet survey, and interviews with the various City departments. Of the 27 units:

- Thirteen (13) units are recommended for disposal.
- Five (5) units are recommended for reassignment to a new central heavy equipment pool at the Corporation Yard.
- Four (4) units are recommended to be reassigned and added to the existing vehicle pool at
- Five (5) units are recommended for designation as shop loaner vehicles, adding to the two existing shop loaner pool.

The specific vehicles and equipment to be disposed, pooled, and reassigned are listed in Appendix J. Before any surplus vehicles and equipment are sold, the City should evaluate whether they are in better condition than comparable higher-use units and make replacements accordingly. Please note in Appendix J comments provided by the City indicating a contrary viewpoint to our recommendations regarding disposition of some of the vehicles. These comments were provided subsequent to the review of vehicle disposition recommendations with the City, completion of our analysis, and preparation of the draft report. City management will need to decide what course of action they want to take regarding each vehicle.

B. VEHICLE POOL: CITY HALL

Carson City operates a small, centralized motor pool consisting of one sedan located in the parking garage at City Hall. Additionally, there are several department pools that employees draw from at various other sites. No one is responsible for dispatching the pool vehicle. Rather, City employees access the keys to the vehicle on a self-serve basis, and they are responsible for recording their name, department, and the date and time the vehicle was checked out and returned. Mileage and destinations are not recorded. Based on the limited amount of data available, this vehicle was checked out a total of 63 times during one year (July 2012–July 2013) for an average of five times per month. During that time, a total of 1,202 miles were recorded, an average of 19 miles per trip.

It is unclear why this vehicle is not utilized more frequently. City employees may prefer being reimbursed for using their own personal cars rather than drive the seven-year-old Impala. Sometimes an improperly maintained, cleaned, and/or fueled vehicle can deter ridership.

City employees who use the pool car are not charged for its use. Consequently, Fleet Services bears the ownership and operating costs associated with this vehicle. In fiscal year 2012–13, it cost Fleet Services approximately \$1,157 to own and operate this car. This is not a best practice, as it adds to the Fleet Services Division's overhead, which in turn drives up the shop labor rate.

5. Recommendation: Expand the central motor pool at City Hall, utilizing existing City vehicles and/or rental cars to provide access to vehicles that may be needed due to the surplusing of underutilized vehicles.

Based on discussions with City departments during this study, some expressed a willingness to give up their assigned vehicle and use a pool vehicle if they could be assured that the pool vehicle was always available and convenient to access. Carson City has several options to consider in expanding the centralized motor pool at City Hall, including:

Transfer some newer model units from those assigned units being given up by City departments to the central pool. Based on limited usage data from the current City Hall pool log and interviews with fleet customers, it is estimated that a total of five vehicles will be required. However, the pool can be supplemented with rental vehicles if the need arises. Specific vehicles recommended for reassignment are identified in Table 7.

Unit Number	Year/Type	Department		
2223	2006/SUV	Community Development		
2213	2005/SUV	Community Development		
5322	2003/Pickup	Parks and Recreation		
1107	2006/Sedan	Assessor		
1229	2006/Sedan	Existing Pool Vehicle		

Table 7: Proposed Central Motor Pool Units

- Purchase a variety of new or lightly used vehicles to place in the pool. It is important to keep in mind that most of the pool vehicles recommended in the first option are somewhat older units with low mileage. Fleet customers are reluctant to use a pool with older units, especially if they are not kept clean and fueled, and they may revert to using assigned units, which is clearly a more expensive option.
- Utilize a local commercial rental car agency to supply pool vehicles on demand. The practice of utilizing commercial rental vehicles has become increasingly popular among public agencies. Advantages to this option include:
 - Broad choice of vehicle classes (compact, intermediate, standard, full-size, cargo vans, SUVs, 4x4 pickups, and passenger vans).
 - Delivery and pickup of vehicles by the rental agency.
 - Access to new, low-mileage vehicles.

- Vehicles are always clean and fully fueled.
- 24-hour road service.
- Choice of daily, weekly, or monthly rates.

6. Recommendation: Calculate rental rates to recover ownership and operational costs of all pool units.

Regardless of the method chosen, City employees who use a pool vehicle should be required to pay a fee. This fee should include all vehicle ownership and operating costs, as well as the administrative and dispatching costs of running a pool along with shuttling, fueling, and cleaning costs associated with the pool program. Furthermore, Fleet Services should consider developing a graduated rental scale that incorporates half-day, weekly, and monthly rates.

7. Recommendation: Train employees on guidelines and policies covering when to use a City vehicle, mileage reimbursement, or a rental vehicle.

It is important to note that expanding the motor pool will require the City to appoint someone at City Hall to check vehicles in and out and be responsible for keeping detailed records about usage, which will need to be analyzed on a regular basis. Pool utilization should be monitored for six to 12 months to determine the appropriate number and type of units required to meet City employee needs. Daily use statistics should be tracked, including but not limited to:

- Department and name of person checking out unit
- Date and time of check out, and return date and time
- Miles driven
- Reason for loaning out unit
- Number of times a pool unit is requested but not available

Mileage use criteria can be used to determine when it is most economical for the City to have an employee use a pool vehicle, receive mileage reimbursement, or use a commercial rental vehicle. Automated pooling technologies are also available.

8. Recommendation: Utilize the State of Nevada's rental car contract for rental vehicles to supplement the City pool when units are out of service due to extensive repair work or for peak needs.

The State of Nevada has contracts with Enterprise, Hertz, and National to provide a variety of sedans, pickup trucks, SUVs, and vans. If this method is chosen, the City could piggyback on this contract to secure the best rates with a local rental car agency. Doing so would eliminate many of the costs associated with setting up an in-house central motor pool.

C. VEHICLE POOL: SHOP LOANER POOL

Currently, Fleet Services owns two vehicles that it loans to Fleet customers who have their city vehicles in for maintenance and repair work. A third unit (Unit 5125) is used as a shop truck for various tasks (meetings, parts pickup, and training). Best fleet management practices emphasize that the size and

makeup of shop loaner pools have a direct correlation to the productivity and efficiency of a fleet's operation. For example, an excess number of pool vehicles might suggest that maintenance and repair work is not being accomplished in a timely manner. Consequently, the costs associated with keeping a large number of pool units on hand will ultimately add to the costs of the Fleet operation and drive up overhead.

9. Recommendation: Expand the shop loaner pool.

Based on the number of vehicles that are recommended for elimination from departments located at the Corporation Yard, the shop loaner pool should be increased from two to seven units, including Unit 5125. Specific vehicles recommended for reassignment are listed in Table 8.

Unit Number	Year/Type	Department
5321	2002/Pickup	Sewer
2208	1998/SUV	Public Works
5512	2001/Pickup	Health and Human Services
5104	1990/Pickup	Parks and Recreation
2211	1998/SUV	Fleet (existing loaner)
1101	2004/Sedan	Fleet (existing loaner)
5125	2007/Pickup	Fleet (existing parts truck)

Table 8: Proposed Shop Motor Pool Units

Fleet customers should not be expected to pay for shop loaner vehicles unless their vehicles are being repaired as a result of operator negligence or abuse. The operational costs associated with these types of pool cars would then become part of Fleet Services' overhead.

D. VEHICLE POOL: CENTRAL HEAVY EQUIPMENT

Carson City does not operate a heavy equipment pool. Some departments at the City's Corporation Yard will occasionally share construction-type equipment with one another. City departments rarely share equipment with other public agencies, and there is very little need to rent equipment from local equipment rental firms.

10. Recommendation: Establish a new heavy equipment pool, supplemented with rentals, to provide access to equipment that may be needed due to the surplusing of underutilized equipment, and require all requests for heavy equipment rentals to be processed and approved through a single City source.

The recommended surplus of seven pieces of heavy equipment (see Appendix J) may necessitate the sharing of vehicles to meet the needs of those departments which lost vehicles. Departments could either develop a system for sharing vehicles or establish a heavy equipment pool, which is a best

practice. The advantage of a heavy equipment pool is the ability to track usage and allocate costs based on usage.

One of the drawbacks of the City's current practice is that the entire cost for maintaining and replacing the equipment is absorbed by the department/division to which the unit is assigned. One way to spread the ownership and maintenance costs fairly among the user divisions is to place the equipment in a pool that is administered by a central fleet operation. In this way, City departments can draw from this pool on an as-needed basis and pay only for the time they use the equipment.

An opportunity exists to establish a central heavy equipment pool at the Corporation Yard. Some equipment is specialized and does not lend itself to various applications. However, a number of heavy-duty units are not specialized and qualify to be placed into an equipment pool. Units recommended to be assigned to the central heavy equipment pool are identified in Table 9. Each department agreed that the units shown in Table 9 could be moved to a heavy equipment pool.

Unit Number	Year/Type	Department
6424	1994 Dump Truck	Parks & Recreation
7801	1993 Loader	Parks Maintenance
8113	2000 Backhoe	Public Works-Water
8501	1999 Air Compressor	Public Works-Water
6016	1996 Flatbed Truck	Public Works-Streets

Table 9: Proposed Heavy Equipment Pool Units

The City should monitor pool utilization during the next six months to determine the best type and number of units required to meet the needs of customers. This can be accomplished by tracking daily use, including:

- Department and name of person checking out unit
- Date and time of check out, and return date and time
- Miles driven
- Reason for loaning unit
- Number of times a pool unit is requested but not available

Renting equipment on an as-needed basis makes sense when compared with purchasing equipment that might otherwise sit idle for a good part of the year. This is considered a best fleet management practice. The City should establish contracts with local equipment rental firms in order to fulfill requests for equipment not available from the heavy equipment pool.

All requests for rental equipment should be approved through a single source such as the Fleet Manager, rather than each department making their own decision. Designating one person with

responsibility for renting equipment will ensure that all requests can be met from the heavy equipment pool or through a commercial vendor with whom Fleet Services has a contract.

11. Recommendation: Develop rental rates to recoup all ownership and operational costs of each unit in the heavy equipment pool.

Regardless of the method chosen, City employees who use a pool vehicle should be required to pay a fee. This fee should include all vehicle ownership and operating costs, as well as the administrative and dispatching costs of running a pool along with shuttling, fueling, and cleaning costs associated with the pool program. Furthermore, Fleet Services should consider developing a graduated rental scale that incorporates half-day, weekly, and monthly rates.



V. VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT POLICIES

A. DAILY TAKE-HOME AND STANDBY UNITS

Carson City's vehicle use policy contains general guidelines regarding permanently assigned take home units and use of standby units. However, it does not provide specific criteria by which to justify a City vehicle to be taken home.

Fourteen (14) City vehicles are currently designated as "permanently-assigned take-home units." Questionnaires revealed that one unit, vehicle number 5502, a pickup belonging to the Landfill Supervisor, exceeds the primary duty station-to-home criteria (20 miles radius) set forth in the City's vehicle use policy. It travels 23 miles and is used for a small number of callouts at only one to two per month.

There are also 14 vehicles that are designated as "standby take-home units" that are driven by City employees who are "on-call" on a rotational basis. One of these units, vehicle number 6600, a bucket truck belonging to a Signal Technician assigned to Streets Maintenance, exceeds the 20-mile radius (station-to-home). According to data contained in the Fleet Utilization Questionnaire, it travels 25 miles to home.

The number of monthly callouts for "standby take home units" ranges from 0 to 12 instances per month. Half of these units are called out less than three times per month, which calls into question whether these units should be taken home at all.

12. Recommendation: Revise the current vehicle take-home policy to add specific criteria relating to take-home and standby vehicle assignments. Review all vehicle take-home and current standby authorizations, and justify approvals based on the new vehicle take-home policy.

A good vehicle take-home policy should stipulate that all requests be economically justified in terms of typical performance indicators, including miles traveled (total and work specific), usage (actual hours of use), and downtime, standby, and utilization percentages. To economically justify a unit, each request should be evaluated in terms of comparing the costs of taking a City vehicle home with reimbursing an employee for using their own vehicle, drawing a vehicle from the pool, or renting a vehicle. The costs of these alternatives have been identified in this report.

Part of the justification for taking City vehicles home on a regular or standby basis should be based on a minimum number of callouts over a period of time. Appendix F lists all City permanently-assigned take-home units and standby take-home units in the City fleet (excluding Police and Fire) and the daily station-to-home miles and number of estimated callouts per month for each unit.

City departments should be responsible for tracking the number, type, and miles traveled on callouts, and Fleet Services should be responsible for reviewing and monitoring this usage on a quarterly basis in order to assure that it complies with the City's vehicle take-home policy.

B. CAR ALLOWANCES

The City's Vehicle Use Policy states that: The City Manager may authorize a vehicle allowance in place of an assigned vehicle, when it is judged to be in the best interest of the City. Currently, 27 City employees receive a car allowance. Except for the Sheriff, all employees receive \$300 per month.

Many cities offer upper management a choice between a monthly car allowance and a city vehicle. Typically, car allowances range between \$250 and \$500 per month.



VI. ESTIMATED COST SAVINGS

By disposing of 13 of the 27 vehicles and equipment that were identified as potential candidates for reduction, pooling, and/or reassignment, the City can leverage the proceeds and achieve ongoing cost avoidance. Initial revenues are derived from the sale of the surplus vehicles and cost avoidance comes from not being charged for annual maintenance and fuel costs.

Estimated one-year and 10-year cost savings associated with the recommendations in this report are presented in Table 10. Replacement costs are based on recommended replacement intervals, which the City may not be adhering to.

Table 10: Summary of Surplus Cost Savings

Savings and Cost Avoidance	First Year	Over 10 Years
Operational costs (includes fuel)	\$38,000	\$380,000
Replacement	\$53,500	\$535,000
One-time income from disposal of 13 units	\$65,000	N/A
TOTAL	\$156,500	\$915,000

As noted previously, additional savings will be realized by those fleet customers that have given up their vehicles and equipment to be placed in the heavy equipment pool, shop loaner pool, and central City Hall pool. Some of these savings could be offset by charges imposed for renting out units. If the disposal of any of these units is deferred, the City should not replace them or similar units until the department concludes its review of the recommendations contained in this report.



APPENDICES



APPENDIX A, ALL DEPARTMENTS METERED UNITS

(Excluding Police, Fire, Take-Home, Standby and Pool Units)

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
2219	2003	GMC	BLAZER	DA BLAZER	22	District Attorney	District Attorney	38,516	1	L
1228	2001	GMC	LUMINA	DA LUMINA	12	District Attorney	District Attorney	72,440	1	L
5512	2001	GMC	CK2500	HE PICKUP 4X4	55	Health	Health Administration	64,267	1	L
2216	2001	GMC	815	PA S15 BLAZER	22	Parks and Recreation	Administration: Parks	38,368	1	м
1140	2008	FMC	FUSION	HE FUSION	11	Health	Health Administration	16,953	1	н
1107	2006	GMC	MALIBU	AS MALIBU	11	Assessor	Assessor	26,400	1	н
1108	2007	FMC	TAURUS	HE TAURUS	11	Health	Health Administration	21,908	1	н
4206	1992	FMC	F350	SD TV VAN	42	Public Works	Stormwater	24,794	2	L
4012	1997	FMC	G8	LB MERCURY VILLAGER	40	Library	Library	39,245	2	L
4200	2005	FMC	MARATHON VAN	SM CAMERA VAN	42	Public Works	Sewer	2,021	2	L
4104	1995	FMC		JV VAN	41	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	73,759	2	L
4001	2004	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	BM VAN	40	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	35,453	2	м
4108	2000	GMC	C2500	BM CHEV VAN	41	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	96,379	2	н
4003	2004	GMC	VENTURE	IS VENTURE VAN	40	Administrative Services	Automation	17.642	2	н
4005	2007	GMC	UPLANDER	JAC MINNI VAN	40	Public Works	Transportation	45,537	2	н
4100	2005	GMC	CG23406	REC VAN	42	Parks and Recreation	Recreation	35,186	2	н
4109	2007	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	REC VAN	41	Parks and Recreation	Recreation	31,002	2	н
4011	2000	GMC	EXPRESS	BM CHEV VAN 1/2 TON	40	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	67.838	2	н
4106	1997	FMC	CLUB WAGON	VAN @ PARKS	41	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	104,157	2	н
	2000	GMC							2	L
1139			MALIBU	JV CHEV MALIBU	11	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	93,974		L
2218	2003	GMC	BLAZER	JV BLAZER	22	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	69,879	2	L
1227	2000	GMC	IMPALA	JV IMPALA	12	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	90,634	2	L
1200	2005	FMC	CROWN VICTORIA	JV CROWN VICTORIA	12	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	36,373	2	L
1201	2006	GMC	IMPALA	JV IMPALA	12	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	29,547	2	
1202	2006	GMC	IMPALA	JV IMPALA	12	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	43,835	2	м
2229	2007	GMC	CT15506	JV TRAIL BLAZER	22	Juvenile	Juvenile Probation	89,163	2	L
2235	2006	CHR	XLT	ALT SENT DURANGO XLT	22	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	0	2	L
402	2004	GMC	IMPALA	ALT SENT IMPALA	12	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	81,315	2	_
926	1999	FMC	CROWN VICTORIA	ALT SENT CROWN VIC	13	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	92,172	2	н
2236	2006	CHR	XLT	ALT SENT DUNANGO XLT	22	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	96,318	2	н .
5601	1992	CHR	D350	WM P/UP UT HYD TRUCK	56	Public Works	Water	26,182	2	
6303	2006	FMC	F550	PW FAST ATTACK CREW CAB	63	Public Works	Water	8,710	2	L
5307	1994	GMC	CK1500	ST PICKUP ON CALL	53	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	116,600	2	L
2208	1998	GMC	BLAZER	ST BLAZER AT EN	22	Public Works	Street	62,471	2	L
5322	2003	GMC	SILVERADO 1500	BM PICKUP 4X4	53	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	18,596	2	L
5530	2011	FMC	F250 XLT 4X4 8C	SIGNAL MAINT PICKUP	55	Public Works	Street	4,439	2	L
5320	2002	FMC	F150	HE PICKUP 4X4	53	Health	Health Administration	42.822	2	L

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	LM/H
5702	1998	GMC	CK-3500	SM 1TON 4X4 UTILITY BODY	57	Public Works	Sewer	85,919	2	L
5316	2000	FMC	F150	LF PICKUP 4X4	53	Public Works	Landfill	141,001	2	L
5025	1996	FMC	RANGER	CE PICK-UP	50	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	59,726	2	L
2233	2008	FMC	XLT 4X4	JAC EXPLORER @PW	22	Public Works	Transportation	17,550	2	L
5419	1997	GMC	CK2500	BM PICKUP WITH SHELL	54	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	62,711	2	L
5301	2004	GMC	CK1500	WM PICKUP THICKE MIKE	53	Public Works	Water	65,016	2	L
5218	1989	CHR	D100	BM PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	54,349	2	м
5100	2006	GMC	COLORADO	PE PICKUP FRANKS	50	Public Worls	Parking Enforcement	27,309	2	м
5011	1990	FMC	RANGER	PA FORD PICKUP	50	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	74,580	2	м
2228	2007	GMC	BLAZER	ST BLAZER @ EN	22	Public Worles	Street	37,260	2	м
5020	1991	FMC	RANGER	CE PICKUP	50	Parks and Recreation	Cernetery	100,585	2	м
5231	1994	GMC	CK1500	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	100,778	2	м
5232	1996	FMC	F150	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	87,451	2	м
5233	2000	FMC	SUPER CAB	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	115,845	2	м
5120	1999	GMC	8-15	ST PICKUP 4X4 AT EN	51	Public Works	Street	93,245	2	м
5704	2000	GMC	3500	PA 1TON 4X4 UTILITY BODY	57	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	78,555	2	м
5302	2005	GMC	K1500	PA PICKUP SCOTTS	53	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	30,625	2	м
5401	2004	GMC	CK2500	PA PICKUP UTILITY BODY	54	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	47,125	2	м
5313	1998	GMC	CK1500	ST PICKUP TOMASCO	53	Public Works	Street Maintenance	69,350	2	м
5238	2002	FMC	F150	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	58,024	2	м
5015	1990	FMC	RANGER	PA PICKUP	50	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	49,832	2	м
5501	2004	GMC	CK2500	SM PICKUP URIAH WISE	55	Public Works	Sewer	60,868	2	м
5403	2006	GMC	C2500	PA PICKUP	54	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	25,758	2	м
5109	1995	GMC	8-10	PA PICKUP	51	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	59,813	2	м
5703	1999	GMC	K3500	SM 1TON 4X4 UTILITY BODY	57	Public Works	Sewer	91,954	2	м
2205	2006	GMC	TAHOE	OPEN SPACE TAHOE	22	Parks and Recreation	Open Space	38,222	2	м
5026	1997	GMC	SONOMA	PA PICKUP	50	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	81,799	2	м
5511	2001	FMC	F250	WWTP PICKUPUTILITY BODY	55	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	68,373	2	н
5315	1998	GMC	CK1500	ST SIGN SHOP PICKUP	53	Public Works	Street	107,861	2	н
5423	2008	FMC	SUPER DUTY XLT	BM PICKUP UTILITY BODY	54	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	26,640	2	н
5230	1992	GMC	CK1500	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	9,833	2	н
5234	2000	GMC	SILVERADO	PA CHEV PICKUP 1/2 TON	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	112,761	2	н
5420	1998	GMC	C-20	ST PICKUP	54	Public Works	Street	97,801	2	н
5510	2000	GMC	CK2500	ST PICKUP 4X4 CHARLES	55	Public Works	Street	108,165	2	н
2228	2006	GMC	CT15506	WM TRAIL BLAZER ENGEN	22	Public Works	Water	34,413	2	н
5304	2007	FMC	F150-XLT 4X4	WM PICKUP ARGELLA	53	Public Worles	Water	29,810	2	н
5121	2000	FMC	RANGER	WM PICKUP 4X4 GORDON TOM	51	Public Works	Water	73,486	2	н
6103	2008	FMC	F350XL	WM P/UP EXT CAB UT REYNA	61	Public Works	Water	35,945	2	н
5404	2006	GMC	C2500	BM PICKUP	54	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	31,158	2	н
5305	2007	FMC	XLT	ST PICKUP CREW CAB	53	Public Works	Street	58,814	2	н
5127	2008	FMC	RANGER	SM RANGER	51	Public Works	Sewer	39,921	2	н
5710	2011	FMC	F350 XL SUPCAB	SD PICKUP KEVIN	57	Public Works	Somwater	12.573	2	н

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	LM/H
5418	1990	GMC	CK2500	BM PICKUP	54	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	116.160	2	н
5318	2001	GMC	CK1500	PA PICKUP 4X4	53	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	89,088	2	н
5507	1998	FMC	F250	BM PICKUP 4X4	55	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	88,649	2	н
5422	2000	GMC	C2500	BM CHEV PICKUP	54	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	70,488	2	н
5122	2000	FMC	RANGER	BS PICKUP KEVIN MCCOY	51	Community Development	Code Enforcement	132,824	2	н
5524	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	EC PU EXTGAB KEN PECK	55	Public Works	Sewer	38,370	2	н
5421	1998	GMC	CK2500	ST PICKUP	54	Public Works	Street	115.883	2	н
2203	2004	GMC	BLAZER	PU BLAZER PURCHASING	22	Administrative Services	Purchasing	54,968	2	н
5235	2000	GMC	1500	PA CHEV PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	54,787	2	н
6105	2008	FMC	F350 XL	WM P/UPEXT CAB SHINE	61	Public Works	Water	26,997	2	н
		FMC	XLT						2	
5206	2007			PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	34,731		н
5201	2006	GMC	C1500	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	49,213	2	н
5125	2007	GMC	YC3	FS PICKUP	51	Public Works	Fleet Management	39.420	2	н
5236	2001	GMC	C15903	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	79,154	2	н
5124	2007	GMC	YC3	WM PICKUP MTR RDR TRUELL	51	Public Works	Water	60,366	2	н
5515	2008	FMC	SUPER DUTY XLT	PA PICKUP CREW CAB	55	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	34,900	2	н
5402	2005	GMC	2500	BM PICKUP UTITY DICK'S	54	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	57,457	2	н
6104	2008	FMC	F350 XL	WM P/UP EXTCAB UT REID	61	Public Works	Water	33,270	2	н
5521	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	WM PICKUP EXT CAB JOST	55	Public Works	Water	44.283	2	н
5200	2008	GMC	C1500	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	59,650	2	н
2217	2002	GMC	BLAZER LS	WM BLAZER MTR UNIT RUIZ	22	Public Works	Water	93,780	2	н
5522	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	WM PICKUP EXT CAB CROW	55	Public Works	Water	58,102	2	н
5126	2007	GMC	YC3	WM PICKUP MTR RDR TRUELL	51	Public Works	Water	70,495	2	н
2227	2008	GMC	CT15506	ST BLAZER @ PW PLATT	22	Public Works	Street Maintenance	62,548	2	н
5300	2004	GMC	CK1500	WM PICKUP CATLETT	53	Public Works	Water	55,549	2	н
5317	2001	GMC	CK1500	WM PICKUP 4X4 MATHIESEN	53	Public Works	Water	124,821	2	н
5319	2002	FMC	F150	WM PU EXT CAB VOELTZ	53	Public Works	Water	115,526	2	н
5513	2002	GMC	WITH LIFT GATE	WM PICKUP COLLIER	55	Public Works	Water	142,492	2	н
5237	2001	GMC	C15903	PA PICKUP	52	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	90,011	2	н
6016	1996	FMC	F350	ST FLATBED	60	Public Works	Street	43.750	2	м
6418	1993	GMC		ST FLAT BED TRUCK	64	Public Works	Street	44,359	2	н
6204	2002	GMC	C-30	ST FLATBED PICKUP	62	Public Works	Street	52,587	2	н
6018	1999	GMC	C3500	ST DUMP TRUCK	60	Public Works	Street	75,765	5	м
6301	2003	FOR	F450	WM 1.5 TON DUMP& PLOW	63	Public Works	Water	52,247	5	м
6101	2002	GMC	K3500	PA DUMP TRUCK 4X4	61	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	37,688	5	н
6302	2003	FOR	F450		63			52,634	5	н
				WM 1.5 TON DUMP& PLOW		Public Works	Water			
6307	2008	FMC	RUGBY DUMP BODY	SM 1.5 TON DUMP TRUCK	63	Public Works	Sewer	32,157	5	н
6304	2007	FMC	F450	ST 1.5 TON DUMP TRUCK	63	Public Works	Street	30,896	5	н
6306	2008	FMC	RUGBY DUMP BODY	ST 1.5 TON DUMP TRUCK	63	Public Works	Street	39,760	5	L
6411	1984	FMC	F700	LF TRUCK	64	Public Works	Landfil	56,835	5	L
6430	1997	IHC	2574	LF DUMP TRUCK	64	Public Works	Landfil	71,682	5	
6419	1993	HC	4700	ST FLAT BED DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	48.449	5	H L
6424	1994	GMC		PAIDUMP TRUCK PLOW	64	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	41.811	5	

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	LM/H
6414	1991	IHC	4900	PA DUMP TRUCK	64	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	4,923	5	L
8428	1997	IHC	4900	WM 5 YD DUMP / PLOW	64	Public Worls	Water	41,139	5	L
6405	2008	IHC	7500 HT570 H&K	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	28,783	5	L
6403	2008	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	31,408	5	L
8408	2008	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Worles	Street	26,065	5	L
6409	2008	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	20,414	5	L
8408	2008	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	21,182	5	L
8407	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Worle	Street	28,225	5	L
8402	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	33,104	5	м
8404	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	24,481	5	м
8401	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public World	Street	38,985	5	н
8434	2009	IHC	7600	ST DUMP SANDER PLOW	64	Public World		17,160	5	н
8433	2009	IHC	7600	ST DUMP SANDER PLOW	64	Public World	Street Street	19,298	5	н
6431	2004	IHC	7300 DT468	WM 5 YARD DUMP PLOW	64	Public World	Water	39,290	5	н
6413	2000	KEN	7300 B1466	ST KENWORTH T800 TRACTOR	64	Public World	Street	116,120	5	N/A
6432	2007	PET	367	UF 367 PETERBILT TRACTOR	64	Public Works		33,762	5	NA
6817	2007	VO	A40D		- 66		Street	0	5	L
			ANDU	LF VOLVO HAULTRUCK A40D		Public World	Landfill			L
6807	1992	FMC	ALTEC BUCKET	BM BUCKET TRUCK	- 66	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	77,507	5	L
6603	2004	FL	ALTEC BUCKET	ST TREE BUCKET TRUCK	- 66	Public Worles	Street	5,326		
8088	1994	GMC	CK-3500	ST TRASH COMPACTOR	- 66	Public Works	Street	98,121	5	н
6814	2001	IHC	2674	ST PATCH TRUCK	- 66	Public World	Street	48,081	5	н
6613	2001	GMC	W4500	ST STAKE BED PAINT TRUCK	66	Public Works	Street	83,745	5	н
6601	2005	GMC	HEIL 4000	PA HEL GARBAGE COMPACTOR	66	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	112,113	5	н
6804	2007	PET	340	LF ROLL OFF TRUCK	66	Public Works	Landfill	100,500	5	H L
6704	2001	KEN	T800	LF WATER TRUCK	67	Public Worls	Landfill	50,740	5	L
6014	1995	GMC	CK-3500	LF LUBE TRUCK	60	Public World	Landfill	60,114	5	
6701	1982	FMC	F700	PA WATER TRUCK	67	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	80,816	5	н
6705	2006	IHC	3600 GALLON	ST WATER TRUCK	67	Public Works	Street Maintenance	14,789	5	L
4230	2009	FMC	F450 SUPER DUTY	JAC BUS	42	Public Works	Transportation	71,532	5	
4229	2009	FMC	F450 SUPER DUTY	JAC BUS	42	Public Works	Transportation	79,777	5	М
4233	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Works	Transportation	77,446	5	M
4235	2010	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public World	Transportation	86,162	5	н
4234	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public World	Transportation	97,098	5	н
4231	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Works	Transportation	106,778	5	н
4232	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Worles	Transportation	98,337	5	н
4219	2003	FMC	SUPERDUTY CL100	REC TRANSIT BUS	45	Parks and Recreation	Recreation	180,690	5	L
4238	2012	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	JAC TRANSIT BUS	45	Public Worls	Transportation	9,750	5	М
4228	2007	FMC	STARCRAFT	JAC BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	108,278	5	н
4237	2012	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	JAC TRANSIT BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	11,127	5	н
4226	2007	FMC	STARCRAFT	JAC BUS	45	Public Worls	Transportation	108,938	5	н
4239	2012	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	JAC TRANSIT BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	12,263	5	н
4238	2011	IHC	MAX FORCE 7	JAC BUS INTERNATIONAL	45	Public Works	Transportation	39.781	5	н

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	LIMIH
8414	1991	IHC	4900	PA DUMP TRUCK	64	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	4,923	5	L
6428	1997	IHC	4900	WM 5 YD DUMP / PLOW	64	Public Worles	Water	41,139	5	L
8405	2006	IHC	7500 HT570 H&K	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Worles	Street	28,783	5	L
6403	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Worle	Street	31,408	5	L
6406	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Worles	Street	26,065	5	L
8409	2008	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	20,414	5	L
8408	2008	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	21,182	5	L
8407	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	28,225	5	L
8402	2006	IHC	7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public Works	Street	33,104	5	м
	2006	IHC	7500 HT570		8			24,481	5	м
6404 6401	2006	IHC		ST SANDER PLOW DUMP	64	Public World	Street	38,985	5	н
			7500 HT570	ST SANDER PLOW DUMP		Public World	Street			
8434	2009	IHC	7600	ST DUMP SANDER PLOW	64	Public Works	Street	17,160	5	н
6433	2009	IHC	7600	ST DUMP SANDER PLOW	64	Public World	Street	19,208		н
6431	2004	IHC	7300 DT466	WM 5 YARD DUMP PLOW	64	Public Works	Water	39,290	5	N/A
6413	2000	KEN	T800B	ST KENWORTH T800 TRACTOR	64	Public World	Street	116,120	5	NA
6432	2007	PET	367	UF 387 PETERBILT TRACTOR	64	Public Worls	Street	33,762	5	L
6617	2007	VO	A40D	LF VOLVO HAULTRUCK A40D	66	Public Works	Landfill	0	5	L
6807	1992	FMC		BM BUCKETTRUCK	66	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	77,507	5	L
6603	2004	FL	ALTEC BUCKET	ST TREE BUCKET TRUCK	66	Public Works	Street	5,326	5	
8088	1994	GMC	CK-3500	ST TRASH COMPACTOR	66	Public Worla	Street	98,121	5	н
6814	2001	IHC	2674	ST PATCH TRUCK	66	Public Worls	Street	48,081	5	н
6613	2001	GMC	W4500	ST STAKE BED PAINT TRUCK	66	Public Works	Street	83,745	5	н
6601	2005	GMC	HEIL 4000	PA HEL GARBAGE COMPACTOR	66	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	112,113	5	н
6804	2007	PET	340	LF ROLL OFF TRUCK	66	Public Works	Landfill	100,500	5	н
6704	2001	KEN	T800	LF WATER TRUCK	67	Public Works	Landfill	50,740	5	L
6014	1995	GMC	CK-3500	LF LUBE TRUCK	60	Public Worla	Landfill	60,114	5	L
6701	1982	FMC	F700	PA WATER TRUCK	67	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	80,816	5	н
6705	2006	IHC	3600 GALLON	ST WATER TRUCK	67	Public Works	Street Maintenance	14,789	5	н
4230	2009	FMC	F450 SUPER DUTY	JAC BUS	42	Public Works	Transportation	71,532	5	L
4229	2009	FMC	F450 SUPER DUTY	JAC BUS	42	Public Works	Transportation	79,777	5	м
4233	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Works	Transportation	77,448	5	м
4235	2010	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Works	Transportation	88,162	5	н
4234	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Works	Transportation	97,098	5	н
4231	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Worle	Transportation	108,778	5	н
4232	2009	GMC	ELDORADO NATION	JAC BUS KODIAK	42	Public Worles	Transportation	98,337	5	н
4219	2003	FMC	SUPERDUTY CL100	REC TRANSIT BUS	45	Parks and Recreation	Recreation	180,690	5	L
4238	2012	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	JAC TRANSIT BUS	45	Public Worla	Transportation	9,750	5	м
4228	2007	FMC	STARCRAFT	JAC BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	108,278	5	н
4237	2012	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	JAC TRANSIT BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	11,127	5	н
4226	2007	FMC	STARCRAFT	JAC BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	108,938	5	н
4239	2012	GMC	EXPRESS VAN	JAC TRANSIT BUS	45	Public Works	Transportation	12,263	5	н
4238	2011	IHC	MAX FORCE 7	JAC BUS INTERNATIONAL	45	Public Works	Transportation	39.781	5	н

APPENDIX B

ALL DEPARTMENTS HOUR METERED UNITS

Excluding Police and Fire

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
7703	1980	FMC	1600	PA TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	2,881	6	L
7709	2000	NEW	TN65S	PA TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	1,917	6	L
7706	1991	JOH	2355	PA TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	1,633	6	L
7704	1974	FMC	3400	PA TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	3,969	6	L
7711	2004	NEW	TN60DA	PA NEW HOLLAND TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	713	6	М
7708	1996	NEW	DA5PWX	PA TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	1,556	6	н
7707	1991	FMC	1520	PA TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	3,263	6	н
7713	2009	NEW	T5060	PA NEW HOLLAND TRACTOR	77	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	315	6	н
7801	1993	MEL	743-B	PA BOBCAT LOADER 743-B	78	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	1,391	6	N/A
7803	2007	ING	531115593	ST SKID STEER LOADER \$300	78	Public Works	Street Maintenance	1,209	6	N/A
7905	2006	CAT	826G	LF COMPACTOR 826G	79	Health	Landfill Administration	13,803	6	N/A
7907	2012	ALJ	ALJON ADVANTAGE	LF ALJON COMPACTOR	79	Health	Landfill Administration	1,190	6	N/A
7901	2007	VO	EC290B-LC	ST EXCAVATOR EC290B-LC	79	Public Works	Street Maintenance	1,544	6	N/A
7902	1999	JOH	230LC	LF EXCAVATOR 230LC	79	Health	Landfill Administration	7,915	6	N/A
7903	2001	CAT	D8R 11	LANDFILL DOZER D8R11	79	Health	Landfill Administration	11,000	6	N/A
7906	2007	КОМ	D275 WITH/LF	LF DOZER D275	77	Health	Landfill Administration	3,826	6	N/A
8005	2007	VO	G946	ST MOTOR GRADER G946	80	Public Works	Street Maintenance	2,371	6	N/A
8000	2006	CAT	143H ALL WHEEL DRIVE	LF MOTOR GRADER 143H	80	Health	Landfill Administration	2,269	6	N/A
8110	1996	CAS	SUPER L SER 1	PA BACKHOE 580 SUP L	81	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	4,224	6	L
8113	2000	JOH	410E	WM 410E BACKHOE	81	Water	Maintenance	1,779	6	L
8107	1992	CAS	TURBO 4X4	LF BACKHOE 590 TURBO	81	Health	Landfill Administration	5,010	6	м
8112	1997	CAS	SUPER L	CE BACKHOE SUP L	81	Parks and Recreation	Cemetery	3,010	6	м
8114	2007	CAS	590SM SER 2	WM 590 BACKHOE W/THUMB	81	Water	Maintenance	2,163	6	н
8116	2007	CAS	590 SUPERM SER2	WM 590 BACKHOE W/THUMB	81	Water	Maintenance	1,908	6	н
8115	2007	CAS	590 SUPERM SER2	ST 590 BACKHOE W/THUMB	81	Public Works	Street Maintenance	2,396	6	н
7702	1991	CAS	580 SUPER K	PA LOADER	82	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	5,439	6	L
7712	2003	CAS	570MXT TURBO	WWTP LOADER WITH DRAG	82	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	1,251	6	L
8200	2004	JOH	644J LOADER	ST 644J LOADER 3.75YRD	82	Public Works	Street Maintenance	5,490	6	L
8202	2007	VO	L70E	ST L70E LOADER 2.9 YRD	82	Public Works	Street Maintenance	3,450	6	м
8203	2007	VO	L150E	LF L150 LOADER	82	Health	Landfill Administration	7,913	6	н
8201	2004	CAT	966G	LE 966G WASTE HANDLER	82	Health	Landfill Administration	19.204	6	н
8300	2005	FL	A8000	SD SWEEPER	83	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	2,969	6	L
8301	2005	FL		ST SWEEPER JOHN'S	83	Public Works	Street Maintenance	6,936	6	н
8304	2008	INT	4300M7 500X	ST TYMCO SWEEPER RICHARD	83	Public Works	Street Maintenance	1,413	6	н
8303	2010	IHC	TYMCO 500X	ST TYMCO SWEEPER ROBERT	83	Public Works	Street Maintenance	2,166	6	н
8411	2010	INT	SUPER PRODUCTS	SM JET RODDER RED CAMEL	84	Sewer	Maintenance	1,025	6	L

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
8408	2001	SP	LT7500	SM JET RODDER CAMEL	84	Sewer	Maintenance	5,280	6	L
8410	2006	INT	VAC-CON	SD JETRODDER	84	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	2,933	6	М
8406	1996	GMC	CK-3500	SM SEWER RODDER	84	Sewer	Maintenance	7,744	6	н
8409	2006	IHC	2U2080736	WM VACUUM EXCAVATOR	84	Water	Maintenance	3,617	6	н
8402	2005	FMC	F450	SM SEWER RODDER	84	Sewer	Maintenance	8,186	6	н
8502	1990	SUL	185Q	SM AIR COMMPRESSOR	85	Sewer	Maintenance	793	6	L
8508	2007	ING	P185WJT	WM AIR COMPRESSOR P185	85	Water	Maintenance	650	6	L
8501	1999	нок	PDS185S	WM AIR COMPRESSOR	85	Water	Maintenance	871	6	М
8505	1999	SU	D210Q6JD	LF AIR COMPRESSOR	85	Health	Landfill Administration	1,878	6	М
8507	2007	ING	P250WJD	ST AIR COMPRESSOR P250	85	Public Works	Street Maintenance	11,124	6	н
8603	1990	CLK	4000-LB LIFT	WM FORKLIFT	86	Water	Maintenance	1,075	6	L
8606	1993	CLK	GPX20	PA FORKLIFT	86	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	1,630	6	М
8600	2006	CAS	588	FS FORK LIFT	86	Public Works	Fleet Management	563	6	н
8605	1986	NA		WWTP FORKLIFT	86	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	5,440	6	н
8607	2003	DAE	G20E-3	WM DAEWOO FORKLIFT	86	Water	Maintenance	614	6	н
8700	2010	vo	SD70D	ST VIBRATORY ROLLER	87	Public Works	Street Maintenance	181	6	N/A
8705	1997	ING	DD22	ST ROLLER	87	Public Works	Street Maintenance	2,332	6	N/A
9017	1996	LIN		LF WELDER	90	Health	Landfill Administration	305	7	L
9009	1990	PER	200+	PA BRUSH CHIPPER	90	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	1,833	7	L
8812	1999	AL	ML4HAOMXRV	WM MAXI-LITE 4 LAMP TRAIL	88	Water	Maintenance	1,676	7	L
8816	1999	PT	PV200T	WM TRAILER MOUNTED VACUUM	88	Water	Maintenance	39	7	L
8823	2002	PT	PV350	WM TRAILER MOUNTED VACUUM	88	Water	Maintenance	295	7	L
9010	2008	VER	BC1800XL	ST CHIPPER VERMEER	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	1,084	7	Н
8862	2011	СР	CRACK PRO 260	ST CRACK SEALER	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	1,388	7	н
9021	1999	HON	TRX450SX	HE HONDA ATV	90	Health	Health Administration	1,597	7	L
9022	2000	HON	TRX450SX	HE HONDA ATV	90	Health	Health Administration	186	7	L
9024	2007	KUB	RTV900	WWTP KUBOTA	35	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	1,490	7	н

APPENDIX C

ALL DEPARTMENTS NON-METERED UNITS

Excluding Police and Fire

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category
8819	2001	ww		AC HORSE TRAILER	88	Animal Services	Animal Services	0	8
8830	2005	CAR	XP85242	AC ADOPTION TRAILER	88	Animal Services	Animal Services	0	8
8839	2005	INT	10' CARGO	AC COVERED TRAILER	88	Animal Services	Animal Services	0	8
8844	2006	CHA	SIGN TRAILER	CD CHEAP SIGN TRAILER	88	Community Development	Planning	0	8
8817	2006	FR	8.5X20 FT	HE TRAILER CLINIC	88	Health	Health Administration	0	8
8832	2006	INT	CARGO	HE TRAILER HOMELESS	88	Health	Health Administration	0	8
8840	2008	FR	ORBL716TA2	HE TRAILER SILVER	88	Health	Health Administration	0	8
8843	2006	PC		HE TRAILER HOSPITAL	88	Health	Health Administration	0	8
8847	2008	FR	CN2C612SA3	HE TRAILER PORT SHOWERS	88	Health	Health Administration	0	8
8853	2009	INT	CARGO 1716TA2	HE TRAILER PHP GENERATOR	88	Health	Health Administration	0	8
8801	1980	ABC		PA ELE COVERED TRAILER	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8802	2003	DIT		PA DITCH WITCH TRAILER	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8807	2005	DAR	16FT. BY 4FT.	PA EQUIPMENT TRAILER	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8810	1991	SPM	CF14	PA VENDING TRAILER	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8822	2002	СП		PA 2AXLE COVERED TRAILER	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8835	2007	INT	COVERED UTILITY	PA COVERED UTILITY TRL	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8837	2007	HYD	3000 PSI	PA PREASURE WASHER TRL	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8865	2007	FAB	HD20-10K	PA TRAILER STAGE	88	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8842	2008	INT	1CC10216TA2	FS TRAILER SILVER	88	Public Works	Fleet Management	0	8
8815	2000	CIR	SS422	ST SIDEDUMP TRAILER 42"	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8833	2007	DAR	8FT TRAILER	ST DARGO TRAILER	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8838	2007	TK		ST SIDE DUMP TRAILER	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8845	2008	INT	1CC10217TA2	ST TRAILER BOOTHS	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8848	2009	DOO	FLATBED	ST PORTA POTTY	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8849	2007	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8850	2007	AME			88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8851	2007	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8852	2007	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8858	2009	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8859	2009	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8860	2009	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8861	2011	IRN	PAN 2 W	ST PORTA POTTY TRAILER	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8863	2011	AME		ST MESSAGE BOARD	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8846	2009	INT	1CC10216TA2	SM TRAILER MCANDREWS	88	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8808	1991	SHL		WWTP BOAT TRAILER	88	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	0	8

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category
8825	2005	TBL	2 HOPPER BAGGER	SD SAND BAGGER	88	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8826	2005	WAN	WSLCR5-4MH	SD LIGHT TOWER	88	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8827	2005	WAN	WSLCR5-4MH	SD LIGHT TOWER	88	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8857	2010	INT	LOAD RUNNER	SD CARGO TRAILER	88	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8803	2003	LT		WM BORE MACHINE TRAILER	88	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8809	1991	MNM		WM CONE TRAILER	88	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8820	2001	NA	6700 GALLONS	WM WATER TANK TRAILER	88	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8831	2006	DAR	10FT TRAILER	WM DARGO TRAILER	88	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8836	2006	TRA	5' X 8' NO GATE	WM CHLORINE TRAILER	88	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8841	2008	INT	1LRD10216TA2	WM TRAILER TRENCH	88	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8938	2003	KRO		HE ATV TRAILER	89	Animal Services	Animal Services	0	8
8947	2009	UNK	CARGO MATE	ALT SENT TRAILER	89	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	0	8
8904	1970	НМ		PA TRAILER 1AXLE W/RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8908	1991	CAC		PA TRAILER WITH RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8909	1991	HMD		PA TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8910	1985	NA	STAGE,MOBIL	PA STAGE TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8918	1995	NA NA	o into E, into bie	PA BLEACHER TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8919	1995	A-Z		PA TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8927	2000	JAC	DFT-B-165	PA UTILITY TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8929	2000	BUB	51 7 5 100	PA UTILITY TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8930	2000	BUB		PA UTILITY TRAILER	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8932	1970	HM		PA UTILITY 2 WHEEL 2 RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8933	1970	HM		PA TRAILER 2WHEEL W/RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8934	1970	HM		PA UTILITY 2 WHEEL W/RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
8935	2002	C+B	5'X 8'	PA UTILITY TRAILER W/RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	0	8
					89			0	8
8936	1997	C+B TOW	6'X10'	PA UTILITY TRAILER W/RAMP	89	Parks and Recreation Public Works	Park Maintenance	0	8
8922 8923	1998	WLS	T-12DDT EW-122	ST TRAILER ST TRAILER	89		Street Maintenance Street Maintenance	0	8
				ST TRAILER		Public Works Public Works	Street Maintenance		
8925 8926	1999	BIG KAL	30SV-8 VANGUARD KSHRG-35T		89		Street Maintenance	0	8
				ST LOWBOY TRAILER		Public Works			
8937	2003	ECO	MP1229DE	ST ECONOLINE TRAILER	89	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8945	2007	EN	TRAK 6' X 10	ST TRAILER BARACADE	89	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8946	2007	TK	TK110HDG	ST LOWBOY TRAILER 55TON	89	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
8901	2003	IW		SD TRAILER 2AXLE W/RAMP	89	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8902	2004	BST		SD TRAILER 1 AXLE	89	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8911	2005	HOL	HCC40KT	SD TRANSPORT TRAILER	89	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8912	2005	HOL	HCC40KT	SD TRANSPORT TRAILER	89	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8913	2005	HOL	HCC40KT	SD TRANSPORT TRAILER	89	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8914	2005	HOL	HCC40KT	SD TRANSPORT TRAILER	89	Storm Water Drainage	Maintenance	0	8
8814	1987	NU		WM BOBCAT TRENCH TRAILER	89	Water	Maintenance	0	8
8916	1993	PAL	T-40	WM TOWMASTER TRAILER	89	Water	Maintenance	0	8

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category
8921	1997	TOW	T-40	WM TOWMASTER TRAILER	89	Water	Maintenance	0	8
9019	1999	PBM	PBMDTRHYD5210CH	ST SPRAY RIG	90	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
9025	2010	WAU	WK800 W/CUMMINS	ST SNOW BLOWER	90	Public Works	Street Maintenance	0	8
9016	1976	LIN	250 KW	WM WELDER	90	Water	Maintenance	0	8
9115	1999	KRO		BM WATER TRAILER	91	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	0	8
9116	1999	KRO		BM WATER TRAILER	91	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	0	8
9117	1999	KRO		BM WATER TRAILER	91	Parks and Recreation	Facilities Maintenance	0	8



APPENDIX D

FIRE DEPARTMENT METERED AND NON-METERED UNITS

Unit#	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
5311	1996	GMC	CK1500	FD PICKUP	53	Fire	Operations	81,263	4	L
2221	2006	GMC	ТАНОЕ	FD BCTAHOE	21	Fire	Operations	50,357	4	L
2215	1997	GMC	CK1500	AMB SURBURBAN	22	Fire	Ambulance	100,290	4	н
2212	2000	FMC	EXPEDITION	FD FORD EXPEDITION	22	Fire	Prevention	77,495	4	н
5520	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	FD PICKUP EXTENDED CAB	55	Fire	Training	32,837	4	Н
2230	2007	GMC	CK1500	FD TAHOE STACY	22	Fire	Administration	28,077	4	Н
5514	2002	GMC	2500HD	FD PICKUP 4X4	55	Fire	Operations	47,520	4	Н
5517	2008	FMC	SUPER CAB XLT	FD PICKUP SUPER CAB	55	Fire	Prevention	36,655	4	Н
2225	2006	GMC	CT15506	FD TRAIL BLAZER	22	Fire	Prevention	20,936	4	н
2224	2007	GMC	SUBURBAN	FD SURBURBAN	22	Fire	Operations	42,919	4	н
2222	2006	GMC	CK1500	FD TAHOE	22	Fire	Operations	63,183	4	Н
3011	2002	FMC	F366ROADRANGER	AMB AMBULANCE F366	30	Fire	Ambulance	125,134	4	L
3004	2005	FOR	ROAD RESCUE	AMB AMBULANCE	30	Fire	Ambulance	121,927	4	L
3003	2005	FOR	ROAD RESCUE	AMB AMBULANCE	30	Fire	Ambulance	131,083	4	L
3016	2012	FMC	F450 XLT AEV	AMB AMBULANCE F450	30	Fire	Ambulance	7,421	4	М
3013	2007	FMC	F363	AMB AMBULANCE	30	Fire	Ambulance	91,558	4	н
3012	2007	FMC	F363	AMB AMBULANCE			н			
3015	2012	FMC	F350	AMB AMBULANCE F350	30	Fire Ambulance 95,396 4 Fire Ambulance 25,583 4			н	
9023	2005	POL	RANGER		AMB AMBULANCE F350 30 Fire Ambulance 25,583 4 FD POLARIS RANGER 35 Fire Operations 145 4		N/A			
4202	2012	FMC	E350	FD VAN W/WHEEL CHAIR LIFT			4	L		
4201	2012	FMC	E350	FD VAN W/WHEEL CHAIR LIFT	42	Fire	Wheel Chair Program	21,371	4	М
4203	2007	GMC	UPLANDER	FD VAN /WHEEL CHAIR RAMP	42	Fire	Wheel Chair Program	44,470	4	н
5528	2008	GMC	SILVERADO	FD PICKUP CREW CAB	55	Fire	Operations	12,818	4	L
5518	2008	FMC	SUPER CAB XLT	FD PICKUP SUPER CAB	55	Fire	Training	21,607	4	L
5712	2006	FMC	F350	FD FAST ATTACK PU	57	Fire	Operations	64,701	4	н
5707	2000	FMC	F350	FD PICKUP 1TON 4X4	57	Fire	Prevention	220,000	4	н
7009	1998	FL	H-1189	FD FERRAHA FIRE TRUCK PUM	70	Fire	Operations	3,687	4	N/A
7008	1996	3D	IMPERIAL T-964	FD PEM FAB FIRE TRUCK PUM	70	Fire	Operations	4,159	4	N/A
7007	1993	HI	INTERCED T 701	FD FIRE TRUCK PUMPER	70	Fire	Operations	10,951	4	N/A
7010	2002	PRC	QUANTUM	FD FIRE TRUCK PUMPER	70	Fire	Operations	8,497	4	N/A
7010	2002	PRC	QUANTUM TAK4	FD FIRE TRUCK PUMPER	70	Fire	Operations	6,200	4	N/A
7012	2007	PRC	QUANTUM TAK4	FD FIRE TRUCK PUMPER	70	Fire	Operations	5,966	4	N/A
6706	2007	INT	5600	FD WATER TENDER	71	Fire	Operations	2,012	4	L
7105	2000	IHC	4800	FD BRUSH TRUCK 4X4	71	Fire	Operations	1,822	4	L
7107	2002	IHC	480	FD BRUSH TRUCK 4X4	71	Fire	Operations	1,312	4	L
7106	2002	IHC	4800 4X4	FD BRUSH TRUCK 4X4	71	Fire	Operations	1,651	4	L
7109	1994	INT	4800 434	FD BRUSH TRUCK	71	Fire	Operations	4,614	4	М

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
7108	1996	IHC	MASTER B 113502	FD BRUSH TRUCK	71	Fire	Operations	80,862	4	Н
3001	2005	PRC	PIERCE SABER	FD HAZE MAT COMMAND	73	Fire	Operations	598	4	N/A
7300	2004	PRC	T300 ENCORE	FD AIR LIGHT GEN TRUCK	73	Fire	Operations	1,373	4	N/A
3000	2004	PRC	SABER	FD RESCUE SQUAD PIERCE	73	Fire	Operations	8,496	4	N/A
7303	2004	LDV	MCC24LLS260-03	FD MOBILE COMMAND CENTER	73	Fire	Operations	4,557	4	N/A
NON-MET										
8854	2009	INT	VICT610SAFS	FD TRAILER EMER MANAG	88	Fire	Administration	0	4	
8855	2009	INT	VICT610SAFS	FD TRAILER EMER MANAG	88	Fire	Administration	0	4	
8866	2013	СО	7X14 COVER W/RA	FD RANGER TRAILER	88	Fire	Operations	0	4	
8834	2007	SC		FIRE SAFETY TRAILER	88	Fire	Prevention	0	4	
8920	1994	CUT		FD HM TRAILER	89	Fire	Operations	0	4	
8928	1999	NUC	181UHY 7000GVWR	FD TRENCH TRAILER	89	Fire	Operations	0	4	
8931	2000	INT	8X24 FEET	FD CAR HAULER TRAILER	89	Fire	Operations	0	4	
8940	2006	FAB	UALT PEET	FD DUMP TRAILER C1	89	Fire	Prevention	0	4	
8941	2006	FAB		FD DUMP TRAILER C2	89	Fire	Prevention	0	4	
8942	2006	FAB			89	Fire	Prevention		4	
8944	2006	FAB	PT712	FD DUMP TRAILER C3 FD DUMP TRAILER C4	89	Fire	Prevention	0	4	



APPENDIX E

SHERIFF DEPARTMENT METERED AND NON-METERED UNITS

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
400	1994	HON	ACCORD	SO UNDER COVER CAR	11	Sheriff	Investigations	128,603	4	L
201	2002	GMC	CAVALIER	SO DARE ADMIN CAVALIER	10	Sheriff	Administration	76,155	4	L
15	2000	FMC	F150	SO DARE PICKUP	52	Sheriff	Administration	131,825	4	L
808	1998	FMC	CROWN VICTORIA	SO CORONER CROWN VIC	13	Sheriff	Investigations	59,495	4	L
700	2007	GMC	SUBURBAN	SO LAB SURBURBAN	22	Sheriff	Investigations	16,309	4	L
5711	2006	GMC	SILVERADO K3500	SO TRANSPORT FOR JAIL	57	Sheriff	Detention	134,150	4	L
208	2002	GMC	IMPALA	SO ADMIN IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Administration	85,200	4	L
310	2003	GMC	IMPALA	SO IMPALA PATROL	12	Sheriff	Investigations	82,342	4	М
525	2005	GMC	IMPALA	SO CIVIL IMPALA	12	Sheriff	General Services	53,582	4	н
314	2003	FMC	TAURUS	SO DET TAURUS	11	Sheriff	Investigations	69,678	4	н
212	2002	FMC	TAURUS	SO DET TAURUS	11	Sheriff	Investigations	88,617	4	н
122	2001	GMC	LUMINA	SO LUMINA CIVIL	11	Sheriff	General Services	76,617	4	н
220	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE DET	13	Sheriff	Investigations	7,272	4	н
111	2011	GMC	CK1500	SO TAHOE SUV	21	Sheriff	Administration	15,753	4	н
800	2008	FMC	FUSION	SO ADMIN FUSION	11	Sheriff	Administration	46,660	4	н
221	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE DET	13	Sheriff	Investigations	9,396	4	н
801	2008	FMC	FUSION	SO DETENTION FUSION	11	Sheriff	Detention	30,418	4	н
606	2006	FMC	TAURUS	SO TAURUS DET	11	Sheriff	Investigations	70,686	4	н
607	2006	FMC	TAURUS	SO TAURUS DET	11	Sheriff	Investigations	80,413	4	н
720	2007	FMC	TAURUS	SO INVEST TAURUS	11	Sheriff	Investigations	43,021	4	н
313	2003	FMC	TAURUS	SO DET TAURUS	11	Sheriff	Investigations	71,367	4	н
500	2005	GMC	CK2500	SO INVEST SURBURBAN	22	Sheriff	Investigations	104,368	4	н
2234	1997	FMC	EXPEDITION	SO S@R EXPEDITION	22	Sheriff	Operations	81,600	4	L
5529	2001	FMC	F250	SO PICKUP SEARCH&RESCUE	55	Sheriff	Operations	103,723	4	L
301	1993	JEP	CHEROKEE	SEARCH & RESCUE JEEP	11	Sheriff	Operations	135,202	4	L
202	1992	JEP	CHEROKEE	SEARCH & RESCUE JEEP	11	Sheriff	Operations	147,771	4	L
302	1993	JEP	CHEROKEE	SEARCH AND RESCUE JEEP	20	Sheriff	Operations	145,998	4	L
115	2001	AMC	CHEROKEE	SO VIP JEEP	13	Sheriff	Operations	87,537	4	н
118	2001	FMC	TAURUS	S0 TAURUS	13	Sheriff	Operations	79,883	4	н
807	1998	AMC	CHEROKEE	SO VIP 4X4	22	Sheriff	Operations	94,419	4	н
901	1999	DOD	DURANGO	VIP DODGE DURANGO	22	Sheriff	Operations	123,822	4	н
503	2005	GMC	CK2500	SO VIP TAHOE	22	Sheriff	Operations	143,316	4	н
406	2004	GMC	TAHOE	SO PATROL TAHOE	22	Sheriff	Patrol	106,672	4	L
603	2006	GMC	TAHOE	SO PATROL TAHOE	22	Sheriff	Patrol	72,019	4	L
403	2004	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Patrol	102,809	4	L
621	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	42,880	4	L
721	2007	FMC	EXPEDITION XLT	SO EXPEDITION PATROL DOG	22	Sheriff	Patrol	47,950	4	М
817	2008	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA SLICKTOP	13	Sheriff	Patrol	45,042	4	M
516	2005	GMC	IMPALA	SO JAIL IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Patrol	82,212	4	м

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
517	2005	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Patrol	110,396	4	М
627	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO SLICK TOP IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	48,492	4	М
522	2005	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Patrol	104,590	4	М
219	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE PATROL	13	Sheriff	Patrol	8,796	4	М
626	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	128,118	4	М
222	2012	GMC	IMPALA	SO IMPALA SLICK TOP	13	Sheriff	Patrol	11,035	4	н
812	2008	GMC	CK1500	SO TAHOE PATROL SUV	21	Sheriff	Patrol	69,231	4	н
625	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	104,593	4	н
620	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	108,985	4	н
624	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	131,638	4	Н
506	2005	GMC	TAHOE	SO DET TAHOE	22	Sheriff	Patrol	86,182	4	Н
622	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	132,742	4	Н
623	2006	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	127,150	4	Н
518	2005	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Patrol	108,752	4	Н
813	2008	GMC	CK1500	SO TAHOE PATROL SUV	21	Sheriff	Patrol	58,957	4	н
214	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE PATROL	13	Sheriff	Patrol	14,814	4	Н
815	2008	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	94,689	4	н
405	2004	GMC	IMPALA	SO OPERATIONS IMPALA	12	Sheriff	Patrol	106,565	4	н
814	2008	GMC	CK1500	SO TAHOE PATROL SUV	21	Sheriff	Patrol	85,679	4	н
604	2006	GMC	CK1500	SO PATROL TAHOE	13	Sheriff	Patrol	127,824	4	н
11	2010	GMC	CK1500	SO TAHOE PATROL SUV	21	Sheriff	Patrol	41,986	4	н
722	2007	FMC	EXPEDITION XLT	SO EXPEDITION PATROL DOG	22	Sheriff	Patrol	104,906	4	н
501	2005	GMC	CK2500	SO PATROL TAHOE	22	Sheriff	Patrol	143,677	4	н
502	2005	GMC	CK2500	SO PATROL TAHOE DOG	22	Sheriff	Patrol	149,232	4	н
218	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE PATROL	13	Sheriff	Patrol	23,312	4	н
216	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE PATROL	13	Sheriff	Patrol	22,502	4	н
217	2012	GMC	K1500	SO TAHOE PATROL	13	Sheriff	Patrol	23,751	4	н
816	2008	GMC	IMPALA	SO PATROL IMPALA	13	Sheriff	Patrol	83,858	4	Н
611	2006	HD	FLHTPI	SO HARLEY DAVIDSON MC	35	Sheriff	Motor Patrol	30,201	4	M
612	2006	HD	FLHTPI	SO HARLEY DAVIDSON MC	35	Sheriff	Motor Patrol	24,590	4	M
613	2006	HD	FLHTPI	SO HARLEY DAVIDSON MC	35	Sheriff	Motor Patrol	21,761	4	М
614	2006	HD	FLHTPI	SO HARLEY DAVIDSON MC	35	Sheriff	Motor Patrol	32,081	4	Н
615	2006	HD	FLHTPI	SO HARLEY DAVIDSON MC	35	Sheriff	Motor Patrol	40,551	4	Н
616	2006	HD	FLHTPI	SO HARLEY DAVIDSON MC	35	Sheriff	Motor Patrol	39,398	4	H
315	2013	KTM	500 XCW	SO KTM	35	Sheriff	Operations	13	4	N/A
531	2005	POL	RANGER	SO POLARIS RANGER	35	Sheriff	Operations	286	4	N/A
532	2005	POL	RANGER	SO POLARIS RANGER	35	Sheriff	Operations	86,185	4	N/A
410	2004	GMC	GRAND PRIX	TRI NET GRAND PRIX	13	Sheriff	Trinet Grant	129,646	4	N/A
213	2002	DOD	DAKOTA	TRINET DAKOTA	51	Sheriff	Trinet Grant	115,857	4	N/A
401	1954	GMC		SO PARADE CAR ADMIN	13	Sheriff	Administration	291	4	N/A
101	1991	IHC		SO SORT VAN INT. (armored truck)	90	Sheriff	Operations	76,818	4	N/A
NON-MET	ERED									
8813	2005	FLE		SO TRAILER OFFICE	89	Sheriff	Investigations	0	4	
8828	2006	INT	12FT2AXLECARGO	S0 TRAILER DUI	88	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
					~~	201111		, ,		

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
8824	2005	ZIE	F-816	SO ZIEMAN ATV TRAILER	88	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
8856	2000	FTH	8550-7621	SO HORSE TRAILER	88	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
8864	2012	PSC		SO MRU SPEED MONITOR	88	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
8805	2004	FTH		SO SWAT TRAILER	88	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
8943	2007	INT	16 FT CARGO	SO CARGO TRAILER	89	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
8905	1993	EXC		SO RANGE TRAILER	89	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	
8906	2005	INT	5FT. X15FT	SO TRAILER EQUIPMENT	89	Sheriff	Operations	0	4	



APPENDIX F

PERMANENTLY ASSIGNED TAKE-HOME UNITS AND STANDBY UNITS

Excluding Police and Fire

PERMANENTLY ASSIGNED TAKE-HOME UNITS

Unit#	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	Daily Commuter Mileage To/From Work Site (one way)	Frequency of Callouts/Month	L/M/H
2209	2005	GMC	CT15506	DA BLAZER	22	District Attorney	District Attorney	61,620	1	1.0	0	М
5502	2006	GMC	SILVERADO	LF PICKUP ALLEN	55	Health	Landfill Administration	61,145	2	23.0	2	н
2202	2002	GMC	K1500	LF TAHOE COOLEY	22	Health	Landfill Administration	97,106	2	4.0	5	н
2231	2007	GMC	CK1500	WM TAHOE SCHULZ	22	Water	Maintenance	62,426	2	4.5	5	н
5123	2001	GMC	SONOMA 3DR	ACPU W/SHELL TONY BAKER	51	Animal Services	Animal Services	70,229	2	4.0	7	М
5504	2006	FMC	F250	AC TRANSPORT PICKUP	55	Animal Services	Animal Services	76,459	2	3.5	7	н
5519	2008	FMC	SUPER DUTY XLT	AC PICKUP STANDARD CAB	55	Animal Services	Animal Services	80,482	2	1.0	7	н
5526	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	SM PU EXTENDED CAB ROYAL	55	Sewer	Maintenance	39,533	2	2.0	8	н
5527	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	ST PU EXTENDED CAB JUSTIN	55	Public Works	Street Maintenance	49,495	2	2.2	8	н
2204	2004	GMC	TAHOE	WM TAHOE RITS	22	Water	Maintenance	62,854	2	2.0	12	L
5516	2008	FMC	SUPER DUTY XLT	ST PICKUP CREW CAB RICKS	55	Public Works	Fleet Maintenance	85,455	2	1.5	12	н
5708	2008	FMC	F350 XLT	WM PICKUP CREWCAB NICKS	57	Water	Maintenance	84,298	2	4.0	14	н
5523	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	WM PICKUP EXT CAB BRANDON	55	Water	Maintenance	40,409	2	4.0	15	М
2232	2008	GMC	CK1500	ST TAHOE CURTIS	22	Public Works	Street Maintenance	67,293	2	1.3	18	н

STANDBY TAKE-HOME UNITS

Unit#	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	Daily Commuter Mileage To/From Work Site (one way)	Frequency of Callouts/Month	L/M/H
5116	1999	CHR	AN5L61	WWTP PICKUP ON CALL	51	Sewer	Maintenance	88,580	2	10.0	2	М
5323	2007	FMC	XLT	WM PICKUP KELLYS HALE	53	Water	Maintenance	46,746	2	5.0	2	н
6600	2004	FMC	AT37G 772690757	ST SIGNAL BUCKET TRUCK	66	Public Works	Street Maintenance	52,004	5	25.0	2	н
6605	2001	FMC	ARM LIFT BUCKET	ST SIGNAL BUCKET TRUCK	66	Public Works	Street Maintenance	121,321	5	14.6	2	н
5709	2010	FMC	F350	FS PICKUP TONY'S	57	Public Works	Fleet Management	14,720	2	2.0	3	м
5321	2002	FMC	F150	WWTP PICKUP 4X4	53	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	37,080	2	10.0	3	м
505	2005	GMC	CK2500	ALT SENT TAHOE	22	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	98.049	2	3.0	5	н
409	2004	GMC	TAHOE	ALT SENTENCING TAHOE	22	Justice Court	Alternative Sentencing	108.594	2	3.0	5	н
5508	2000	GMC	CK2500	WWTP PICKUP 4X4 KOTSULL	55	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	68.676	2	3.5	6	н
6106	2008	FMC	F350 XL	WWTP PU EXTENDED CAB UTIL	61	Sewer	Wastewater Plant	27.273	2	10.0	6	н
5705	2001	GMC	SILVERADO K3500	WM UT 4X4 PU JAY ALLISON	57	Water	Maintenance	66,600	2	15.0	6	н
5706	2002	GMC	SILVERADO K3500	FS PICKUP 4X4	57	Public Works	Fleet Management	33.361	2	5.0	10	L
5309	1995	FMC	F150	ST SIGNAL MAINT PICKUP	53	Public Works	Street Maintenance	69.117	2	2.0	12	L
5525	2008	FMC	F250 XLT	EC PU EXTCAB MARK IRWIN	55	Health	Landfill Administration	35,038	2	6.0	0-4	н

STANDBY UNITS

Unit#	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	Daily Commuter Mileage To/From Work Site (one way)	Frequency of Callouts/Month	L/M/H
5112	1998	GMC	SONOMA	LF PICKUP	51	Health	Landfill Administration	74,534	2	N/A	N/A	П
2223	2006	GMC	CT15506	BS BLAZER	22	Community Development	Building & Safety	51,363	1	N/A	N/A	L
2213	2005	GMC	CT15506	BS TRAIL BLAZER	22	Community Development	Building & Safety	43,199	1	N/A	N/A	н
2207	2006	GMC	TRAIL BLAZER LS	PA BLAZER PARK RANGER	20	Parks and Recreation	Park Maintenance	120,883	2	N/A	N/A	н



APPENDIX G

FLEET SERVICES POOL UNITS

Unit #	Model Year	Make	Model	Unit Description	Class	Department	Division	Odometer (miles/hours)	Functional Category	L/M/H
5104	1990	GMC	S-15	AC PICKUP	51	Public Works	Fleet Management	97,887	1	L
1101	2004	GMC	MALIBU	MALIBU	11	Public Works	Fleet Management	52,241	1	М
1229	2006	GMC	IMPALA	FS IMPALA @ CITY HALL	12	Public Works	Fleet Management	55,910	1	н
2211	1998	GMC	BLAZER	WATER WATCH BLAZER	22	Public Works	Fleet Management	62,990	1	н



APPENDIX H

BREAKEVEN POINT ANALYSIS

COMPARISON: CITY ASSIGNED VEHICLE VERSUS PERSONAL MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT

Miles per Month	City Assigned Vehicle-Ford Fusion Ownership and Operational Costs*	Cost to Reimburse For Use of Personal Car at \$0.565/mile		
100	\$129.42	\$56.50		
200	\$167.62	\$113.00		
247	\$185.57	\$139.56		
300	\$205.82	\$169.50		
400	\$244.02	\$226.00		
499	\$281.83	\$281.94		
500	\$282.22	\$282.50		
600	\$320.42	\$339.00		
700	\$358.62	\$395.50		

Figures in BLUE reflect the average monthly miles traveled by Carson administrative vehicles and their corresponding costs.

Figures in RED reflect breakeven miles at which reimbursement costs begin to exceed Carson's costs.

CARSON COSTS*

Ownership Costs					
Cost of 2008 Ford Fusion	\$18,243				
Less Salvage Value (10%)	(\$1,824)				
Total	\$16,419				
Divide by Life of Vehicle (Months)	180				
Replacement Cost/Month	\$91				
Operational Costs (Maintenance, Repair, and Fuel)					
Cost Per Mile for Maintenance, Repair, and Fuel	\$0.382				

APPENDIX I

DAILY COST COMPARISON

POOL VEHICLE VERSUS MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT VERSUS RENTAL (Exhibit 1)

Roundtrip Miles Traveled Daily	City Pool Vehicle-Chevrolet Impala Ownership and Operational Costs*	Cost to Reimburse For Use of Personal Car at \$0.565/mile	Enterprise Daily Rental Costs For Full Size Sedan (includes fuel)	
5	\$4.37	\$2.83	\$35.01	
10	\$5.44	\$5.65	\$35.71	
20	\$7.58	\$11.30	\$37.11	
30	\$9.72	\$16.95	\$38.51	
40	\$11.86	\$22.60	\$39.91	
50	\$14.00	\$28.25	\$41.31	
100	\$24.70	\$56.50	\$48.31	
200	\$46.10	\$113.00	\$62.31	
300	\$67.50	\$169.50	\$76.31	
400	\$88.90	\$226.00	\$90.31	
419	\$92.97	\$236.74	\$92.97	
500	\$110.30	\$282.50	\$104.31	

Figures in BLUE reflect mileage point in which reimbursement costs begin to exceed Carson pool costs. Figures in RED reflect mileage point at which Carson pool costs begin to exceed cost of renting a vehicle.

CARSON COSTS* (Exhibit 2)

Ownership Costs						
Cost of 2006 Chevrolet Impala		\$14,982				
Less Salvage Value (10%)		<u>(\$1,498)</u>				
Total		\$13,484				
Divide by Life of Vehicle (Months)		180				
Ownership Cost/Month		\$75				
Ownership Cost/Day		\$3.30				
Operational Costs (Maintenance, Repair, and Fuel)						
Maintenance & Repairs	Cost Per Mile	\$0.074				
Fuel	Cost per mile	\$0.140				
Total Cost Per Mile for Maintenance,	\$0.214					

APPENDIX J

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT REDUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

No.	Department	Division	Unit Numb er	Description	Disposition
1	PUBLIC WORKS	FLEET SERVICES	5125	PICKUP	Re-assign to Shop Loaner Pool
2	PUBLIC WORKS	STREET MAINTENANCE	5321	SUV	Re-assign to Shop Loaner Pool
3	PUBLIC WORKS	STREET MAINTENANCE	2208	SUV	Re-assign to Shop Loaner Pool
4	HEALTH	HEALTH ADMIN	5512	PICKUP	Re-assign to Shop Loaner Pool
5	PARKS & REC	PARKS	5104	PICKUP	Re-assign to Shop Loaner Pool
6	COMM DEVELOP	BUILDING & SAFETY	2213	SUV	Re-assign to City Hall Central Pool
7	COMM DEVELOP	BUILDING & SAFETY	2223	SUV	Re-assign to City Hall Central Pool
8	PARKS & REC	FACILITIES MAINT	5322	PICKUP	Re-assign to City Hall Central Pool
9	ASSESSOR		1107	SEDAN	Re-assign to City Hall Central Pool
10	PUBLIC WORKS	STREET MAINTENANCE	6016	FLATBED TRUCK	Re-assign to Heavy Equipment Pool
11	WATER	MAINTENANCE	8501	AIR COMPRESSOR	Re-assign to Heavy Equipment Pool
12	WATER	MAINTENANCE	8113	ВАСКНОЕ	Re-assign to Heavy Equipment Pool
13	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	6424	DUMP TRUCK/PLOW	Re-assign to Heavy Equipment Pool
14	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	7801	LOADER	Re-assign to Heavy Equipment Pool
15	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	8110	BACKHOE	Surplus
16	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	7702	LOADER	Surplus
17	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	9009	BRUSH CHIPPER	Surplus
18	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	8606	FORKLIFT	Surplus
19	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	7708	TRACTOR	Surplus
20	PARKS & REC	PARK MAINTENANCE	7704	TRACTOR	Surplus
21	ANIMAL SERVICES	ANIMAL SERVICES	8938	ATV TRAILER	Surplus
22	PUBLIC WORKS	STREET MAINTENANCE	5120	PICKUP	Surplus
23	DISTRICT ATTORNEY	DISTRICT ATTORNEY	1228	SEDAN	Surplus
24	HEALTH	HEALTH ADMIN	9021	ATV	Surplus
25	HEALTH	LANDFILL	5112	PICKUP	Surplus
26	WATER	MAINTENANCE	8816	TRAILER MOUNTED VACUUM	Surplus
27	STORM WATER DRAINAGE	MAINTENANCE	4206	VAN	Surplus

City Comments:

- Item #8, vehicle needs to remain assigned to the Facilities Maintenance Supervisor
- Item #13, vehicle needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance for projects and snow removal
- Item #14, equipment needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance for special projects and use at the fairgrounds
- Item #15, equipment needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance to load trucks in the Corporate Yard and for off-site projects
- Item #16, equipment needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance to load trucks in the Corporate Yard and for special projects
- Item #17, should go to equipment pool
- Item #18, equipment needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance for daily operational needs
- Item #19, equipment needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance for repair and maintenance projects
- Item #20, equipment needs to remain assigned to Park Maintenance for use at the fairgrounds when the other tractor is being used for special projects





Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

Acumen. Agility. Answers.